

Municipality of Lakeshore Drainage Board Meeting Agenda

Monday, April 7, 2025, 5:00 PM

Council Chambers, 419 Notre Dame Street, Belle River

Pages

1. Call to Order
2. Land Acknowledgement
3. Disclosures of Pecuniary Interest
4. Completion of Unfinished Business
5. Approval of Previous Meeting Minutes

Recommendation:

Approve minutes of the previous meeting as listed on the agenda.

- a. February 3 , 2025 Meeting Minutes

3

6. Consideration of Reports under the Drainage Act

- a. Bridge Over the McCann Drain

6

Recommendation:

The Engineer's considered report prepared by N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. dated March 10, 2025, in the Municipality of Lakeshore, in the County of Essex be adopted and By-Law 29-2025 be recommended for the first and second reading.

- b. Bridge Over the Hostine Drain

88

Recommendation:

The Engineer's considered report prepared by N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. dated March 21, 2025, in the Municipality of Lakeshore, in the County of Essex be adopted and By-Law 31-2025 be recommended for the first and second reading.

- c. Webbwood Drain Analysis for Town & Country Communities Ltd. and Updated Maintenance Schedules

Recommendation:

The Engineer's considered report prepared by N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. dated March 19, 2025, in the Municipality of Lakeshore, in the County of Essex be adopted and By-Law 32-2025 be recommended for the first and second reading.

7. Court of Revision

8. Adjournment

Recommendation:

Adjourn the meeting at ____ PM.



Municipality of Lakeshore

Minutes of the Drainage Board Meeting

Monday, February 3, 2025, 5:00 PM

Online/In person at 304 Rourke Line

Members Present: Member Ron Barrette, Member Maurice Janisse, Member Norbert Poggio, Member Blaise Chevalier, Member Horst Schmidt

Members Absent:

Staff Present: Division Leader – Capital Projects (Acting Drainage Superintendent), Wayne Ormshaw, Assistant Drainage Superintendent, Spencer Westerberg Drainage Superintendent, Brigian Barlow

Drainage Engineers Present: Tony Peralta, P.Eng.

1. Call to Order

Chair Janisse called the meeting to order at 5:00 PM.

2. Singing of O Canada and Land Acknowledgement – Skipped due to being online

3. Disclosures of Pecuniary Interest

4. Completion of Unfinished Business

5. Approval of Previous Meeting Minutes

13-01-2024

Moved By Member Chevalier

Seconded By Member Schmidt

Approve minutes of the previous meeting as listed on the agenda.

- a. January 13, 2025, Meeting Minutes

Carried Unanimously

6. Court of Revision

- a. **Opening the Court of Revision**

03-02-2025

Moved By Member Barrette

Seconded By Member Chevalier

Move into the Court of Revision to consider appeals respecting By-law 11-2025, in the Municipality of Lakeshore, in the County of Essex.

- b. **Bridge Over the Bernard Tellier Drain**

- Jackie was present to answer questions

- Tony Peralta not present

03-02-2025

Moved By Member Chevalier

Seconded By Member Poggio

Adopt the Schedule of Assessment to provide a new access bridge in the Municipality of Lakeshore, in the County of Essex, as prepared by N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. dated November 27, 2024; and

Recommend that Council adopt By-Law 11-2025.

- c. **Closing the Court of Revision**

03-02-2025

Moved By Member Chevalier

Seconded By Member Poggio

Closing the Court of Revision at 5:06 PM.

8. Adjournment

03-02-2025

Moved By Member Barrette

Seconded By Member Schmidt

Adjourn the meeting at 5:08 PM.

Carried Unanimously

Maurice Janisse

Chair

Wayne Ormshaw

Municipal Liaison



ENGINEER'S REPORT

(Drainage Act, RSO 1990, c. D.17)

PROJECT

Bridge Over the McCann Drain

For Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900)

Part of Lot 289 & 290, NTR Concession

(Geographic Township of Maidstone)

Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex

Project No. D24-113

March 10, 2025

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

45 Division Street North

Kingsville, ON N9Y 1E1

519-733-6587

peraltaengineering.com

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MUNICIPAL DRAINS AND THE DRAINAGE ACT

The "Drainage Act" is one of the oldest pieces of legislation in Ontario, passed in 1859. It provides a democratic procedure for the construction, improvement and maintenance of drainage works. A procedure whereby the Municipality may assist in providing a legal drainage outlet for surface and subsurface waters not attainable under common law. Accordingly, provides much-needed assistance to facilitate the problems of obtaining a legal drainage outlet, engineering and cost distribution.

The Drainage Act provides a legal procedure by which an "area requiring drainage" may receive an outlet drain constructed to dispose of excess stormwater runoff to a sufficient outlet. This drainage infrastructure is otherwise known as a "Municipal Drain". Municipal Drains are identified by Municipal By-Law that adopts an Engineer's Report. The drainage engineer has the obligation to prepare an unbiased Engineer's Report based on information presented in written form, orally, and from visual inspection; in accordance with currently accepted design criteria. These reports form the legal basis for construction and management of the Municipal Drain. As such, an Engineer's Report shall contain specific details such as plans, profiles, and specifications that define the location, size and depth of the drainage infrastructure, together with establishing how costs are shared amongst all stakeholders.

Through the democratic procedure, the Engineer's Report is presented to all Stakeholders in front of Municipal Council (or a Drainage Board appointed by Council) for consideration. The Drainage Act provides an appeal process to address various aspects of Municipal Drains. These appeal bodies are the Court of Revision, the Ontario Drainage Tribunal and the Drainage Referee.

For additional information, Fact Sheets, and reference materials regarding the Drainage Act and Municipal Drains, please visit: <https://www.ontario.ca/page/agricultural-drainage>

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Introduction.....	2
II.	Background and Drain History	2
III.	Preliminary Investigations and On-Site Meeting	3
IV.	Field Survey	5
V.	Findings and Recommendations	6
VI.	Allowances and Compensation	7
VII.	Estimate of Cost.....	8
VIII.	Drawings and Specifications.....	9
IX.	Construction Schedule of Assessment Rationale	9
X.	Future Maintenance.....	11
	Construction Schedule of Assessment	13
	Standard Specifications – General	SSG-1 to SSG-8
	Standard Specifications – New Access Bridge Installation	SSB-1 to SSB-17
	Special Provisions	SP-1 to SP-7

APPENDICES

Appendix “A” – Environmental Considerations

Appendix A-1 – ERCA Correspondence

Appendix A-2 – DFO Best Management Practices

Appendix “B” – Design Drawings - Sheets 1 to 2

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PROJECT | **Bridge Over the McCann Drain**
For Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900)
Part of Lots 289 & 290, NTR Concession
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D24-113

March 10, 2025

Mayor and Municipal Council

Corporation of the Municipality of Lakeshore
419 Notre Dame Street
Belle River, ON N0R 1A0

I. INTRODUCTION

In accordance with the instructions received by email on October 3, 2024, from the Municipality of Lakeshore's Drainage Department, we have completed the necessary survey, examinations, investigations, etc. and have prepared the following report to provide for the replacement access bridge installation in the McCann Drain, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. These investigations were initiated by a resolution passed by Council for our firm to undertake the preparation of an Engineer's Report for the works within this drain, in accordance with the Drainage Act. The McCann Drain is generally an open drain with a number of access structures, which were constructed under the auspices of the Drainage Act. A plan showing the McCann Drain alignment, the general location of the subject access bridge, and the lands affected within the general watershed area of the drain, are included herein as part of this report.

The initial request, submitted by Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900), was to provide an Engineer's Report for the replacement of the existing access bridge.

Our appointment and the works relative to the general improvements of the McCann Drain, proposed under this report, is in accordance with Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended in 2021". We have performed all of the necessary surveys, investigations, etc., for the McCann Drain, and we report thereon as follows.

II. BACKGROUND AND DRAIN HISTORY

A review of the Municipality of Lakeshore's drainage records indicates that the McCann Drain is an existing open Municipal Drain that has been repaired and improved on a number of previous occasions through the auspices of the Drainage Act.

The McCann Drain is an existing Municipal Drain that serves as one of the primary drainage outlets for the lands within Lots 288 through 293, NTR Concession, within the Municipality of Lakeshore (Geographic Township of Maidstone). This Municipal Drain commences at the intersection of North Talbot Road and

Wilson Sideroad and flows downstream along the southwest side of North Talbot Road to its outlet into West Townline Drain at the intersection of North Talbot Road and Manning Road.

From our review, we have found several Engineer's Reports prepared through the provisions of the Drainage Act for the McCann Drain. However, we have outlined the following relevant Engineer's Report that we utilized as a reference for carrying out this project:

- a) **February 17, 1984** Engineer's Report for the "McCann Drain" prepared by E.O. Lafontaine, P.Eng., was carried out under Lakeshore By-Law No. 3379D (By-Law to amend By-Law No. 3294). The works conducted under this report generally consisted of a bottom clean-out, tile outlet repairs, erosion protection, re-alignment and improvement of the outlet portion, brushing and grubbing, and access bridge repairs and improvements along the entire length of the drain.

From our detailed research of the above-listed Engineer's Report, we have determined that, generally speaking, the access bridge requested to be replaced under this report within the McCann Drain, has been identified and/or referred to under the previous By-Laws. Therefore, the existing access bridge shall be considered a legal entity with respect to the Municipal Drain. As a result, it is eligible to have the cost for the replacement of the access bridge shared with the lands and roads within the drain's watershed that contribute their runoff into the drain, upstream of the subject access bridge.

We have utilized the 1984 report to establish the size, parameters and grades for the drain, together with the necessary details to be utilized in establishing the proposed access bridge installation. Additionally, we have also reviewed other governing Engineer's Reports for the abutting watersheds to confirm whether any changes have been made to the McCann Drain watershed.

III. PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATIONS AND ON-SITE MEETING

After reviewing all the available drainage information and documentation provided by the Drainage Superintendent, an On-Site Meeting was scheduled for November 28, 2024. The following stakeholders attended said meeting:

Name	Affiliation
Wayne Ormshaw	Municipality of Lakeshore Division Leader – Capital Works
Spencer Westerberg	Municipality of Lakeshore Assistant Drainage Superintendent
Wayne Hyland	Landowner – 335 North Talbot Road
Ethan Rumbles	Landowner – 335 North Talbot Road
Craig Cowan	Landowner – 1811 Wilson Sideroad
Tony Peralta	N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
Hannah Waldt	N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

At the onset of this meeting, Wayne Ormshaw made introductions and generally advised that a written notice had been submitted by Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-129900) for the replacement of the existing access bridge over the McCann Drain. Wayne Ormshaw introduced N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. as the appointed engineering firm for the project.

Hannah Waldt provided a brief history of the drainage system and outlined its status as a Municipal Drain, through the provisions of the Drainage Act. Hannah further explained that a Municipal Drain is a communally accepted drain and that all landowners within the watershed are considered stakeholders. Hannah outlined that the purpose of this "On-Site Meeting" is to provide a general introduction to the project while initiating dialogue with the affected stakeholders to establish and confirm the general scope of work for the project. Hannah encouraged those in attendance to provide as much input as possible to ensure that all applicable details are included within the investigations.

Hannah provided a general overview of the project details and process and generally reviewed the condition of the existing access bridge. It was evident that the existing access was in very poor condition and needed to be replaced. Furthermore, the existing concrete structure was very narrow and presented as a safety concern for the travelling public.

It was observed that the current access bridge was a concrete span bridge. However, all of the other access bridges along the McCann Drain were corrugated steel or plastic culverts. Hannah advised that our office would conduct a hydraulic analysis of the drain at this location to determine if the replacement access bridge would need to be a concrete span bridge, or if a culvert bridge would be acceptable.

Based on the information in the governing By-Law, the existing access bridge was previously identified as the primary access to the agricultural property, within the McCann Drain. Therefore, the existing access bridge shall be considered a legal entity with respect to the Municipal Drain. As a result, it is eligible to have the cost for the replacement of a standard access bridge shared with the lands and roads within the drain's watershed that contribute their runoff into the drain, upstream of the subject access bridge.

Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles were advised that the minimum standard top width of the driveway access is 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.). Furthermore, if the Owners wish to provide a top width wider than the standard 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), the additional cost shall be assessed 100% to the abutting Owner for both the initial construction and future maintenance. The Owners were provided with the options of sloped quarried limestone end treatments versus vertical concrete headwall options. The representatives confirmed that they would prefer that the structure be installed with sloped quarried limestone end treatments and would prefer a driveway top width of approximately 9.10 meters (30.00 ft.) to facilitate large farming equipment. Although they preferred sloped quarried limestone end treatments, they were further advised that based on the potential length, the final headwall option may be governed by the fish migration requirements of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO).

It was noted that a Bell pedestal and hydro pole were located close to the northwest side of the existing access bridge. Hannah advised that our design would try to limit the interference with these utilities. However, in the event that that was not possible, the coordination of their relocation would be done as part of the project construction.

Hannah advised that the new access bridge installation would be subject to the approvals and mitigation measures of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA), Ministry Natural Resources (MNR), and the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP).

Hannah reviewed the general process through the Drainage Act for the new bridge installation. The overall drainage report and future maintenance processes, general timelines, and grant eligibility were generally

reviewed. We also discussed general timelines for construction. The Owners were also advised that it would be likely that the works in this drain were not to be undertaken between March 15 and July 15, unless otherwise permitted by DFO, ERCA, MNRF, and the MECP.

On this note, the On-Site Meeting had concluded.

IV. FIELD SURVEY

Following the On-Site Meeting, we arranged for our Survey Crew to attend the site and perform a topographic survey, including taking the necessary levels and details of the McCann Drain to establish the design parameters for the replacement access bridge.

Benchmarks were looped from previous work carried out on the drain and were utilized in establishing a relative site Benchmark near the location of the access structure site. We also surveyed the drain for a considerable distance both upstream and downstream of the existing access bridge in order to establish a design grade profile for the installation of same. We also took cross-sections of the McCann Drain at the general location of the existing access bridge, as necessary, for us to complete our design calculations, estimates and specifications.

The Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) currently regulates the Endangered Species Act, 2007. The provisions under Ontario Regulation 242/08, Section 23.9 allows the Town to conduct repairs, maintenance, and improvements, within existing Municipal Drains, under the Drainage Act and these works are exempt from Sections 9 and 10 of the Endangered Species Act, so long as the rules in the regulation are followed. If eligible, the regulatory provision allows Municipalities to give notice to the Ministry by registering their drainage activities through an online registry system.

Prior to our appointment to this project, we understand that the Municipality of Lakeshore provided the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) with a notice advising of the proposed drainage works, as required under Section 78(2) of the Drainage Act. Based on their comments, we engaged in further correspondence with the ERCA, regarding specific requirements for the approval of the proposed bridge design.

For the purpose of establishing the watershed area, we investigated and reviewed all of the past Engineer's Reports on the McCann Drain. Specifically, we utilized the Report prepared by E.O. Lafontaine, P.Eng., dated February 17, 1984, to establish the watershed contributing to the overall drainage system. We also carried out cross-checks of the watershed limits utilizing the most recent reports of the various drains in the vicinity of the McCann Drain. In addition, we utilized current LiDAR information to cross-check the watershed limits upstream of the subject access bridge being improved herein. All of the above investigations not only provided us with the correct watershed area affecting the size of the affected bridge but also provided us with accurate information to assist us with the preparation of our Construction Schedule of Assessment for this project.

V. FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our topographic survey, detailed investigations, information derived from the On-Site Meeting and subsequent discussions and review with affected landowners, together with the review through other environmental government agency processes, we have proceeded to establish the required details to adequately address the specified improvements within the McCann Drain. Our findings and recommendations are outlined in the following paragraphs.

ERCA/DFO and MECP Considerations

During the course of our investigations, this drainage project was discussed and reviewed in detail with Ms. Ashley Gyori, of the ERCA, to deal with any ERCA issues and comments related to this Municipal Drain. The McCann Drain is located within the regulated area and is under the jurisdiction of the ERCA. Therefore, an ERCA Permit is required for the improvements to the McCann Drain. Upon their request, design proposals were submitted to the ERCA for their review and consideration. Further to the above, the ERCA provided us with their comments and concerns through email correspondence, and said email is included herein as **Appendix "A"**.

As outlined in our discussions with the ERCA, and with respect to the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) concerns and comments, the proposed works within this Municipal Drain was "self-assessed" by the Engineer, through the DFO website and the utilization of the "Guidance for Maintaining and Repairing Municipal Drain in Ontario" to determine whether this project shall be reviewed by the DFO. The McCann Drain has been established as a Class 'F' Drain by the DFO from its outlet in the West Townline Drain to the upstream end of the McCann Drain located in Lot 288 through Lot 293, NTR Concession. Based on the DFO Self-Assessment website and the guidance document, we have determined that the project activities would not require a DFO review for the works proposed under this project, so long as standard measures for fish habitat and migration are implemented.

The Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) has transitioned the responsibilities of the Species at Risk Provincial Legislation to the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). Section 23.9 of the Endangered Species Act, 2007 allows the Town to conduct eligible repairs, maintenance, and improvement work under the Drainage Act that exempts these works from Sections 9 and 10 of this Act, so long as they follow the rules within Ontario Regulation 242/08.

In recognition of the impacts that these species may experience as a result of the subject works, the Municipality of Lakeshore has provided comprehensive mitigation measures as well as species identification guides for reference. These references will be provided to the successful tenderer and shall be available for viewing at the Municipal Office for those interested.

Through correspondence with the ERCA, the Self-Assessment through DFO, and the mitigation measures through the Endangered Species Act, we have provided for all of the ERCA, DFO, and MECP concerns and issues in our design and recommend that these drainage works be constructed in total compliance with all of the above.

Replacement Access Bridge Details

Prior to the completion of our Engineer's Report on this project, we had discussions with Wayne Hyland to review the particulars of the access bridge in detail. As part of the bridge details, we further reviewed the associated costs.

Through our discussions, it was established that they would require a minimum driveway top width of 9.10 metres (30.00 ft.) to accommodate farming equipment with sloped quarried limestone end treatments. Based on these details, Wayne Hyland was advised that we have determined that the access bridge would require 17.0 metres (55.77 ft.) of 1600mm diameter, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Corrugated Hel-Cor Pipe with sloped quarried limestone end treatments. As such, the travelled portion of the driveway top width would be 9.70 metres (31.80 ft.). Additionally, the culvert installation shall provide for a minimum of 10% pipe embedment for fish habitat and migration. The location of the new access bridge shall have a similar alignment to the existing access bridge. Specifically, the northwest limit of the driveway was set to 2.00 metres northeast of the hydro pole on the residential portion of the property.

Wayne Hyland was reminded that the cost for a standard access bridge will be cost-shared between the abutting landowner and the lands and roads within the drain's watershed that contribute their runoff into the drain, upstream of the subject access bridge structure. If he wishes to provide a top width wider than the standard 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), the additional cost shall be assessed 100% to the abutting landowner for both the initial construction and future maintenance. Wayne Hyland was also reminded that as the primary access to a registered agricultural property, it is likely that this project will be eligible for the Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Agribusiness (OMAFRA) grant.

Based on all the above, we recommend that the replacement access bridge to be constructed in the McCann Drain is to serve as the primary access for the existing residential lands owned by Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900), in Part of Lots 289 and 290, NTR Concession, in accordance with this report, the attached specifications and the accompanying drawings, and that all works associated with same be carried out in accordance with Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

VI. ALLOWANCES AND COMPENSATION

All of the work carried out under this project is located alongside and within the south limit of North Talbot Road and/or within the subject property. Furthermore, all areas disturbed by this work are specified for full restoration. Therefore, these works shall not require land to be taken, nor result in any loss of production of agricultural property or any indirect damages to the non-agricultural areas. Therefore, no allowances or compensation shall be provided under Sections 29 and 30 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

VII. ESTIMATE OF COST

Our estimate of the total cost of this work, including all incidental expenses, is the sum of **SIXTY THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE DOLLARS (\$60,431.00)** made up as follows:

CONSTRUCTION ITEMS					
Item	Description	Est Qty	Unit	Unit Price	Total
1.	Access Bridge Replacement: Carefully excavate, completely remove and dispose of the existing concrete span bridge in its entirety together with the existing gate; Provide all labour, equipment and materials to construct a new access bridge consisting of 17.00 metres (55.77 ft.) of 1600mm diameter, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Corrugated Hel-Cor pipe including sloped quarried limestone end treatments, granular bedding and backfill, granular approaches and transitions, granular backfill in all gore areas, lateral tile extensions, excavation, compaction, topsoil, seeding and mulching, cleanup and restoration, complete.	1.0	Lump Sum	\$40,000.00	\$40,000.00
2.	Net HST for the above construction items (1.76%)				\$ 704.00
TOTAL FOR CONSTRUCTION =					\$ 40,704.00

INCIDENTALS		
Item	Description	Total
1.	Report, Estimates and Specifications	\$ 6,300.00
2.	Survey, Assistance, Expenses and Drawings	\$ 5,200.00
3.	Duplicating Report and Drawings	\$ 700.00
4.	Estimated Cost for Letting Contract including the preparation of Tender Documents and Tender Review	\$ 1,600.00
5.	Estimated Cost for Full-Time Inspection, Supervision and Project Management during Construction, if required; (approx. 3-day duration)	\$ 4,800.00
6.	Net HST on the above items (1.76%)	\$ 327.00
7.	Estimate Cost for ERCA Permit	\$ 800.00
TOTAL FOR INCIDENTALS =		\$ 19,727.00
TOTAL FOR CONSTRUCTION (brought forward) =		\$ 40,704.00
TOTAL ESTIMATE =		\$ 60,431.00

VIII. DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

As part of this report, we have attached design drawings for the replacement of the existing access bridge in the McCann Drain. The design drawings show the general alignment of the McCann Drain and the approximate location of the replacement access bridge. The plans also illustrate the affected landowners and approximate limits of the drain watershed, together with the details related to the various improvements to the subject access bridge, where applicable. The design drawings are attached to the back of this report and are labelled **Appendix "B"**.

Also attached, we have prepared Standard Specifications and Special Provisions which set out the required construction details for the replacement bridge installation, as set out under this Report.

IX. CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT RATIONALE

We would recommend that all of the costs associated with the construction of the improvements to the McCann Drain, be assessed in accordance with the attached **Construction Schedule of Assessment**. In general terms, the lands and roads included in the Construction Schedule of Assessment are those who benefit from the proposed works and/or that exist upstream of the replacement structure and use the McCann Drain for drainage purposes.

Assessment Components

The total individual assessments within the Schedules of Assessment comprise of three (3) separate assessment components, including:

1. **Benefit:** defined as advantages to any lands, roads, buildings or other structures from the construction, improvement, repair or maintenance of a drainage works such as will result in a higher market value or increased crop production or improved appearance or better control of surface or subsurface water, or any other advantages relating to the betterment of lands, roads, buildings or other structures, as it relates to Section 22 of the Drainage Act.
2. **Special Benefit:** defined as additional work or feature included in the construction, repair or improvement of a drainage works that has no effect on the functioning of the drainage works.
3. **Outlet Liability:** defined as part of the cost of the construction, improvement or maintenance of a drainage works that is required to provide such outlet or improved outlet, as it relates to Section 23 of the Drainage Act.

Access Structure Assessment Rationale

Benefit Assessment – Properties which reside adjacent to the open drain are entitled to access their lands. These lands gain an advantage from any structure constructed within the Municipal Drain for the purposes of accessing and/or protecting the adjacent lands. Therefore, a Benefit Assessment is levied against those who gain an advantage related to the betterment and/or protection of the adjacent lands, based on the definition provided above.

Special Benefit Assessment – Any special feature or additional engineering requested/required for the sole betterment of a single property, that does not affect the functionality of the drainage system shall be assessed as a Special Benefit Assessment. This Special Benefit Assessment would also include any special features to enhance an access bridge structure (such as decorative headwalls, surface pavement, etc.).

Outlet Assessment – According to the parameters set within Section 23 of the Drainage Act, all lands which utilize the Municipal Drain as a drainage outlet may be assessed for Outlet Liability. As further outlined within Section 23(3) of the Drainage Act, the Outlet Assessment is “...based on the volume and rate of flow of the water artificially caused to flow...”. Based on the characteristics of the lands that contribute flow to the drainage system, runoff factors have been applied based on the land use of each property to reflect the actual amount of water that is artificially collected and discharged through the proposed structures. Therefore, developed lands (residential, commercial lots and roads) have an increased run-off factor applied to their assessment. Contrarily, lands which have surface (or subsurface) runoff that exits the watershed or contains woodlots would have a decreased runoff factor applied to their assessment.

As it relates to the subject access bridge, this structure is considered a legal entity with respect to the McCann Drain. Therefore, the estimated construction cost for an access bridge with a standard top width plus incidental costs for the structure shall be shared between the bridge user and all of the lands and roads that exist upstream of the said access bridge site, and use the McCann Drain for drainage purposes. The sharing percentage between the bridge user and the upstream lands and roads affected by said bridge has been established on the basis of where it is located relative to the entire reach of the drain. The bridge user's share is assessed within the **Construction Schedule of Assessment** as a Benefit Assessment, and the affected upstream owners' share for an access bridge with a standard top width is assessed as an Outlet Assessment.

We would, therefore, recommend that all of the costs associated with the access bridge replacement included under this report be charged against the lands and roads affected in accordance with the attached **Construction Schedule of Assessment** included herein. Lands which are used for agricultural purposes have been listed in the Schedule of Assessment under the Subheading “5. *Privately Owned – Agricultural Lands (grantable)*”. In general, the lands and roads included in this Schedule of Assessment are all of those lying upstream of the subject bridge.

It should also be noted that the attached **Construction Schedule of Assessment** is to be utilized only for the sharing of all of the costs related to the works being provided under this report. Therefore, this **Construction Schedule of Assessment** should not be utilized in any way for the sharing of any future maintenance works conducted to any other part of this Municipal Drain.

Agricultural Grants and Grant Eligibility

The Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food, and Agribusiness (OMAFRA) has issued Administrative Policies for the Agricultural Drainage Infrastructure Program (ADIP). This program has re-instated financial assistance for eligible costs and assessed lands pursuant to the Drainage Act. Sections 85 to 90 of the Drainage Act allow the Minister to provide grants for various activities under said Act. Sections 85 and 87 make it clear that grants are provided at the discretion of the Minister. Based on the current ADIP, “lands used for agricultural purposes” may be eligible for a grant in the amount of 1/3 of their total assessment. The new policies define “lands used for agricultural purposes” as those lands eligible for either the “Farm Property

Class Tax Rate", the "Managed Forest Tax Incentive Program", or the "Conservation Land Tax Incentive Program". The Municipal Clerk has provided this information to the Engineer from the current property tax roll and the Engineer has further confirmed this information with the AgMaps Geographic Information Portal services through the OMAFA. Properties that meet the criteria for "lands used for agricultural purposes" are shown in the attached Assessment Schedule under the subheading "*5. Privately Owned – Agricultural Lands (grantable)*" and are expected to be eligible for the 1/3 grant from the OMAFRA. In accordance with this policy, we expect that a portion of this project will qualify for the grant normally available for agricultural lands.

We would therefore recommend that the Municipality make an Application for Grants to the OMAFA in accordance with Section 88 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021" for any grants that may be available for this project. The Ministry is continually reviewing its policy for grants, and even though it is our opinion that certain lands shall likely be eligible for grants, there is no guarantee that these lands will qualify or that grants may be available in the future.

Distribution of Unforeseen Costs (Special Assessments Section 26)

During construction, it may become necessary to temporarily or permanently relocate existing utilities that may conflict with the works outlined within this report. Under these circumstances, the relocation of these utilities shall be assessed for any relocation costs against the public utility having jurisdiction in accordance with Section 26 of the Drainage Act. In accordance with Section 69 of the Drainage Act, the utility company is allowed the option to carry out this work utilizing their own forces and at their own cost. However, should they not exercise this option within a reasonable time, the Municipality may arrange to have this work completed and the costs for such works shall be charged to the appropriate public utility. Furthermore, any unforeseen construction costs directly related to the Section 26 works shall be assessed entirely, as an extra, to the applicable Road Authority or Utility.

X. FUTURE MAINTENANCE

After the completion of all of the works associated with this Engineer's Report, we recommend that the replacement access bridge be maintained in the future by the Municipality of Lakeshore.

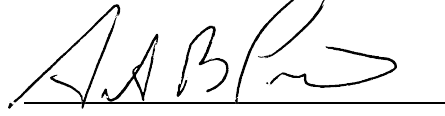
Furthermore, if any maintenance work is required in the future to this access bridge, we wish to establish that **83.7%** of the future maintenance costs be assessed as a Benefit Assessment against the abutting property being served by the access bridge, which is currently owned by Wayne Hyland and Eathan Rumbles (040-12900), in Part of Lots 289 and 290, NTR Concession, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. The remaining **16.3%** of the future maintenance cost shall be assessed as an Outlet Assessment against the lands and roads lying upstream of the bridge site, within the drain's watershed. The percentages above account for the bridge user share of the increased structure length beyond the length available to provide the standard 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.) minimum driveway top width. The assessment to upstream lands and roads shall be assessed in the same proportions as the Outlet assessment charges shown in the most current governing Schedule of Assessment for the "McCann Drain" Engineer's Report prepared by E.O. LaFontaine, P.Eng., dated February 17, 1984, or as per subsequent amendments made thereto under the Drainage Act.

We would also recommend that the replacement access bridge, as identified herein, be maintained in the future as part of the drainage works. We would also recommend that this legal access bridge be reconstructed in the drain, for which the maintenance costs are to be shared with the upstream lands and roads within the watershed, be maintained by the Municipality, and that said maintenance would include works to the bridge culvert, bedding, backfill and end treatment. Should concrete, asphalt, or other decorative driveway surfaces over this bridge culvert require removal as part of the maintenance works, these surfaces should also be repaired or replaced as part of the works. Likewise, if any fencing, gates, decorative walls, guard rails or other special features exist that will be impacted by the maintenance work, they are also to be removed and restored or replaced as part of the bridge maintenance work. However, the cost of the supply and installation of any surface material other than Granular "A" material, and the cost of removal and restoration or replacement, if necessary, of any special features, shall be totally assessed to the benefiting adjoining owner served by said access bridge.

All of the above provisions for the future maintenance of this replacement access bridge, being constructed under this report, shall remain as aforesaid until otherwise determined under the provisions of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

All of which is respectfully submitted,

N.J. PERALTA ENGINEERING LTD.


Antonio B. Peralta, P.Eng.

ABP/kk



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CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT

3. MUNICIPAL LANDS:

Parcel ID Number	Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
	Wilson Sideroad			1.01	0.409		Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 661.00	\$ 661.00
	North Talbot Road			3.15	1.275		Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 2,060.00	\$ 2,060.00
Total on Municipal Lands.....								\$ -	\$ 2,721.00	\$ 2,721.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS:

Parcel ID Number	Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
1	040-05850	NTR	Pt. 288	1.15	0.465		Brian & Kelly Cowan	\$ -	\$ 242.00	\$ 242.00
2	040-05750	NTR	Pt. 288	0.55	0.223		Carol Cowan	\$ -	\$ 108.00	\$ 108.00
Total on Privately Owned - Non-Agricultural Lands.....								\$ -	\$ 350.00	\$ 350.00

5. PRIVATELY OWNED - AGRICULTURAL LANDS (grantable):

Parcel ID Number	Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
3	040-00103	NTR	Pt. 288 & 289	98.29	73.30	29,664	Craig & Dorothy Cowan	\$ -	\$ 5,325.00	\$ 5,325.00
4	040-06000	NTR	Pt. 288	49.85	10.00	4,047	Paul, Tania & Eric Jobin	\$ -	\$ 727.00	\$ 727.00
5	040-12900	NTR	Pt. 289 & 290	100.00	10.00	4,047	Wayne Hyland & Ethan Rumbles	\$ 50,581.00	\$ 727.00	\$ 51,308.00
Total on Privately Owned - Agricultural Lands (grantable).....								\$ 50,581.00	\$ 6,779.00	\$ 57,360.00

TOTAL ASSESSMENT **99.16** **40.130** **\$ 9,850.00** **\$ 60,431.00**

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SPECIFICATIONS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Conditions for Specifications.....	2
II.	Review of Site, Plans, and Specifications	2
III.	Maintenance Period.....	3
IV.	Liability of The Contractor	3
V.	General Coordination	3
VI.	Legal Survey Bars and Monuments	3
VII.	Maintaining Conveyance.....	3
VIII.	Approvals, Permitting, and Inspection	4
IX.	Traffic Control.....	4
X.	Fencing and/or Structures.....	5
XI.	Benchmarks	5
XII.	Environmental Considerations.....	6
XIII.	Final Cleanup and Restoration.....	6
XIV.	General Conditions.....	6

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STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

General
(Revised January 2024)

I. GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications, together with the accompanying drawings and appendices, delineate the furnishing of all labour, equipment, materials, and supplies required for the performance of all operations relating to the construction and/or improvements of a Municipal Drain under the most recent revision of the Drainage Act and/or amendments made thereto. These specifications serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. "Special Provisions" are included as part of the overall document and shall be read in conjunction with these standard specifications. Where a discrepancy occurs between the requirements of the Standard Specifications and the Special Provisions, the Special Provisions shall govern. In the event that the Specifications, Information to Tenderers, or the Form of Agreement do not apply to a specific condition or circumstance with respect to this project, the applicable section or sections from the Canadian Construction Documents Committee (CCDC) shall govern and be used to establish the requirements of the work.

Any reference to "Drainage Superintendent" and/or "Consulting Engineer" within this document shall refer to the person (or persons) appointed by the Council of the Municipality having jurisdiction over the drainage works.

All work shall be done in a first-class and workmanlike manner, complete in all respects and including all items specified herein, or as necessary for the accomplishment of a complete, satisfactory, and approved installation.

II. REVIEW OF SITE, PLANS, AND SPECIFICATIONS

As part of the Tender process, each tenderer shall visit the site(s) and review all documentation associated with the project prior to their tender submission and satisfy themselves with the full extent of the scope of work and conditions to complete the project. The Contractor may request, at any time prior to the closing of the tender, to examine any associated information available from the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. Claims that there are any misunderstandings of the terms and conditions of the Contract related to site conditions will not be permitted.

The quantities identified within the Construction Items, Drawings and/or Specifications are estimates only and are intended for the sole purpose of identifying the general extent of the proposed work. The tenderer shall be responsible to verify the quantities for accuracy prior to submitting their tender.

III. MAINTENANCE PERIOD

The successful tenderer shall guarantee and warrant the work for a period of twelve (12) months from the time that substantial completion is issued. Upon the expiry of the maintenance period, with ordinary wear and tear, the work shall remain in such condition as will meet with the approval of the Consulting Engineer, and it will be responsible for rectification in a manner satisfactory to the Consulting Engineer. The cost thereof, of any imperfect work due to or arising from materials, equipment or plant incorporated into or used in the construction thereof, or due to or arising from workmanship or methods of construction, that is discovered by any means at any time prior to the issuance of the Final Certificate. The Consulting Engineer shall decide as to the nature, extent, cause of, and responsibility for imperfect work and the necessity for and the method of rectification thereof. In the event that the Contractor fails to comply with the above and address any deficiencies, the Municipality may complete these deficiencies, with the guidance of the Consulting Engineer, to make such repairs or complete such works, and the whole costs, charges and/or expenses so incurred may be deducted from any amount due or collected from the Contractor.

IV. LIABILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR

The Contractor, its agents, workforce and/or sub-contractors, shall satisfy itself as to the exact location, nature and extent of any existing structure, utility or other objects that it may encounter during the course of the work. The Contractor will be responsible for any damage caused by it to any person, property, public utilities, and/or municipal infrastructure. The Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless, the Municipality and the Consulting Engineer for any damages which it may cause or sustain during the progress of the work. The Contractor shall not hold the Municipality or the Consulting Engineer liable for any legal action arising out of any claims brought about by such damage caused by it.

V. GENERAL COORDINATION

The Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination with other organizations, agencies, and utility companies in connection with the works. The Contractor shall not take action against the Municipality or the Engineer for delays caused by the site being unavailable to them by the Municipality or Consulting Engineer because of the acts, omissions, conduct or misconduct of other organizations or utility companies engaged in other work.

VI. LEGAL SURVEY BARS AND MONUMENTS

The Contractor is to note that legal survey bars may exist within the work site, and it shall take whatever steps necessary to protect these features. If any iron bar or monument is damaged or removed by the Contractor, it shall arrange for an Ontario Land Surveyor licensed in the Province of Ontario to restore same, all at the Contractor's expense.

VII. MAINTAINING CONVEYANCE

The drainage works shall not be conducted at times when flows in the drain are elevated due to local rain events, storms, or seasonal floods. Work shall be completed during times when the drain is dry or frozen.

When performing excavation work, care should be taken not to interfere with, plug up, or damage any existing surface drains, swales, and lateral or main tile ends. The Contractor shall be responsible to maintain permanent flow at all times. Temporary damming of flow is permitted to conduct the necessary works. However, the Contractor is responsible to monitor and ensure no damage occurs as a result of its actions. Under no circumstances shall temporary damming be permitted for an extended period (ie. overnight, etc.) without a suitable water control plan approved by the Drainage Superintendent, Consulting Engineer and/or the Conservation Authority.

VIII. APPROVALS, PERMITTING, AND INSPECTION

The works proposed under this project is subject to the approval, inspection, regulations, and by-laws of all Municipal, Provincial, and Federal entity, or any other agency having jurisdiction associated with the drainage works established herein. The Contractor shall ensure that all applicable permits and approvals are procured from all affected authorities prior to carrying out any of the prescribed works identified within the Contract, or in the vicinity of any public utility, railway and/or road authority.

The drainage works forming part of this project, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Town Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to its completion. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of any underground feature without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve said installation. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours' notice to the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of the work. All works shall be performed during normal working hours of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer from Monday to Friday unless written authorization is provided by them to amend these working hours.

Upon completion of the works and prior to the demobilization and removal of all equipment and materials from the site, the Contractor shall notify the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer to arrange a final inspection of the works. The final inspection is intended to ensure that all aspects of the drainage work are satisfactorily completed and/or identify any outstanding deficiencies. Any outstanding deficiencies shall be addressed expeditiously as weather permits.

IX. TRAFFIC CONTROL

The Contractor shall ensure that the travelling public is always protected while utilizing the roadway for its access. The Contractor shall be required to carry out all the necessary steps to direct traffic and provide temporary diversion of traffic around work sites, including provision of all lights, signs, flag persons, and barricades required to protect the safety of the travelling public. The Contractor shall be required to submit a Traffic Control Plan to the Consulting Engineer for approval from the governing Road Authorities. The Traffic Control Plan shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Ontario Traffic Manual's Book 7 for Temporary Conditions. Should the Contractor have to close any roads for the proposed works, it shall arrange to obtain the necessary authorizations from the Municipality, County, or Provincial Roads Departments (if applicable) and distribute notification of detours around the site. The Contractor shall also ensure that all emergency services, school bus companies, etc. are contacted about the disruption to access

at least 48 hours in advance of same. All detour routes shall be established in consultation with the Municipality and County Roads Department (if applicable).

Due to the extent of the work and the area for carrying out the work, the Contractor shall be required to carry out all of the necessary steps to direct traffic and provide temporary diversion of traffic around work sites, including the provision of all lights, signs, flag persons, and barricades required to protect the safety of the travelling public. Any accesses or areas used in carrying out the works are to be fully restored to their original conditions by the Contractor, including topsoil placement and lawn restoration as directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. Restoration shall include but not be limited to all necessary levelling, grading, shaping, topsoil, seeding and mulching, and granular placement required to make good any damage caused.

The Contractor shall note that any deviation from the specified access for the construction of the culvert without the explicit approval of the adjacent landowners and the Drainage Superintendent could result in the Contractor being liable for damages sustained. The value for such damage shall be determined by the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer and be subsequently deducted from the Contract Price. Where applicable, the Contractor shall be responsible for any damage caused by them to any portion of the road right-of-way. They shall take whatever precautions are necessary to avoid damage to the roadway. Any damage to the roadway must be restored to its' original condition upon completion of the works.

X. FENCING AND/OR STRUCTURES

Where it is necessary to take down any fence and/or structure to proceed with the work, same shall be done by the Contractor across or along that portion of the work where such fence and/or structure is located. The Contractor shall be required to exercise extreme care in the removal of any fencing and/or structure, to ensure minimum damage to same. The Contractor shall be required to replace any fence and/or structure that is taken down in order to proceed with the work, and the fence and/or structure shall be replaced in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall not be required to procure any new materials for rebuilding the fence and/or structure provided that it has used reasonable care in the removal and replacement of same. When any fence and/or structure is removed by the Contractor, and the Owner thereof deems it advisable and procures new material for replacing the fence and/or structure so removed, the Contractor shall replace the fence and/or structure using new materials and the materials from the present fence and/or structure shall remain the property of the Owner.

XI. BENCHMARKS

For use by the Contractor, Benchmarks have been established along the course of the work. The plans include details illustrating the available Benchmarks and the work to be carried out. Benchmarks have been indicated and the Elevations have been shown and shall be utilized by the Contractor in carrying out its work. The Contractor shall note that specific design elevations and grades have been provided for the proposed works. The plans also set out side slopes, bottom width, and other requirements relative to its installation. In all cases, the Contractor is to utilize the specified Benchmarks to establish the identified elevations and grades. The Contractor shall ensure that it takes note of the direction of flow and sets all grades to match the direction of flow within the drain.

XII. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

Prior to commencing work, the Contractor must familiarize themselves with all associated environmental approvals and mitigations. The Contractor shall review the results of any environmental reviews performed for the project, including documents for the purpose of identification of known Species at Risk within the project area and mitigation measures for species and habitat protection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to make certain that necessary provisions are undertaken to ensure the protection of all Species at Risk and their habitats throughout the course of construction. The Contractor will be responsible for providing the necessary equipment and materials required by any mitigation plans and shall contact the Drainage Superintendent immediately if any Endangered Species are encountered during construction.

XIII. FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION

The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no portion shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken. Following the completion of the work, the Contractor is to trim up any broken or damaged limbs on trees which are to remain standing, and it shall dispose of said branches along with other brush, thus leaving the trees in a neat and tidy condition. The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no work shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken.

Any accesses or areas used in carrying out the works are to be fully restored to their original conditions by the Contractor, including topsoil placement and lawn restoration as directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. Restoration shall include, but not be limited to, all necessary levelling, grading, shaping, topsoil, seeding and mulching, and granular placement required to make good any damage caused. Any damages caused, resulting from non-compliance with the above-noted provisions, shall be restored by the Contractor to its original condition, at the Contractor's expense. All roadways, driveways and access bridges, or any other means of access onto the job site shall be fully restored to their former condition at the Contractor's expense. In the event that the Contractor fails to satisfactorily clean up any portion of these accesses, the Consulting Engineer shall order such cleanup to be carried out by others and the cost of same to be deducted from any monies owing to the Contractor.

XIV. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- a) The Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer shall have the authority to carry out minor changes to the work where such changes do not lessen the efficiency of the work.
- b) The Contractor shall provide a sufficient number of layout stakes and grade points so that the Drainage Superintendent and Consulting Engineer can review same and check that the work will generally conform with the design and project intent.
- c) The Contractor will be responsible for any damage caused by it to any portion of the Municipal Road system, especially to the travelled portion. When excavation work is being carried out and the excavation equipment is placed on the travelled portion of the road, the travelled portion shall be protected by having the excavation equipment placed on satisfactory timber planks or timber pads. If

any part of the travelled portion of the road is damaged by the Contractor, the Municipality shall have the right to have the necessary repair work done by its employees and the cost of all labour and materials used to carry out the repair work shall be deducted from the Contractor's contract and credited to the Municipality. The Contractor, upon completing the works, shall clean all debris and junk, etc., from the roadside of the drain, and leave the site in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping all public roadways utilized for hauling materials free and clear of mud and debris.

- d) The Contractor will be required to submit to the Municipality, a Certificate of Good Standing from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board prior to the commencement of the work and the Contractor will be required to submit to the Municipality, a Certificate of Clearance for the project from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board before Final Payment is made to the Contractor.
- e) The Contractor shall furnish a Performance and Maintenance Bond along with a separate Labour and Material Payment Bond within ten (10) days after notification of the execution of the Agreement by the Owner unless otherwise established within the Tender Documents. One copy of said bonds shall be bound into each of the executed sets of the Contract. Each Performance and Maintenance Bond and Labour and Material Payment Bond shall be in the amount of 100% of the total Tender Price. All Bonds shall be executed under corporate seal by the Contractor and a surety company, authorized by law to carry out business in the Province of Ontario. The Bonds shall be acceptable to the Owner in every way and shall guarantee faithful performance of the contract during the period of the contract, including the period of guaranteed maintenance which will be in effect for twelve (12) months after substantial completion of the works.

The Tenderer shall include the cost of bonds in the unit price of the Tender items as no additional payment will be made in this regard.

- f) The Contractor shall be required, as part of this Contract, to provide Comprehensive Liability Insurance coverage for not less than \$5,000,000.00 on this project unless otherwise established in the Tender Documents, and shall name the Municipality and its' officials, and the Consulting Engineer and its staff as additional insured under the policy. The Contractor must submit a copy of this policy to both the Municipal Clerk and the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of work.
- g) Monthly progress orders for payment shall be furnished the Contractor by the Drainage Superintendent. Said orders shall be for not more than 90% of the value of the work done and the materials furnished on the site. The paying of the full 90% does not imply that any portion of the work has been accepted. The remaining 10% will be paid 60 days after the final acceptance and completion of the work and payment shall not be authorized until the Contractor provides the following:
 - i) a Certificate of Clearance for the project from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board
 - ii) proof of advertising
 - iii) a Statutory Declaration, in a form satisfactory to the Consulting Engineer and the Municipality, that all liabilities incurred by the Contractor and its Sub-Contractors in carrying out the Contract have been discharged and that all liens in respect of the Contract and Sub-Contracts thereunder have expired or have been satisfied, discharged or provided for by payment into Court.

The Contractor shall satisfy the Consulting Engineer or Municipality that there are no liens or claims against the work and that all of the requirements as per the Construction Act, 2018 and its' subsequent amendments have been adhered to by the Contractor.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Information for Specifications.....	2
II.	Removal of Brush, Trees, and Debris.....	2
III.	Utilities.....	3
IV.	Notice of Project Commencement and Hours of Operation.....	3
V.	Excavations, Removals and Disposals.....	4
VI.	Pipe Installation.....	4
VII.	Drainage Structure Installation.....	6
VIII.	Culvert Backfill.....	7
IX.	Bridge End Protection.....	8
X.	Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection for Vertical Headwalls.....	11
XI.	Ancillary Work.....	11
XII.	Topsoil, Seed and Mulch.....	12
XIII.	Final Cleanup and Restoration.....	13

DETAILS

Figure 1 - Flotation Anchor Details.....	14
Figure 2 - Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail.....	15
Figure 3 - Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail.....	15
Figure 4 - Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail.....	16
Figure 5 - Typical Concrete Filled Double Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail.....	16
Figure 6 - Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail.....	17
Figure 7 - Standard Lateral Tile Detail.....	17

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STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW ACCESS BRIDGE INSTALLATIONS

(Revised March 2025)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SPECIFICATIONS

These specifications, together with the accompanying drawings and appendices, delineate the furnishing of all labour, equipment, materials, and supplies required for the performance of all operations relating to the construction and/or improvements of a Municipal Drain under the most recent revision of the Drainage Act and/or amendments made thereto. These specifications serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. "Special Provisions" are included as part of the overall document and shall be read in conjunction with these Standard Specifications. Where a discrepancy occurs between the requirements of the Standard Specifications and the Special Provisions, the Special Provisions shall govern. In the event that the Specifications, Information to Tenderers, or the Form of Agreement do not apply to a specific condition or circumstance with respect to this project, the applicable section, or sections from the Canadian Construction Documents Committee (CCDC) shall govern and be used to establish the requirements of the work.

Any reference to "Drainage Superintendent" and/or "Consulting Engineer" within this document shall refer to the person (or persons) appointed by the Council of the Municipality having jurisdiction over the drainage works.

All work shall be done in a first-class and workmanlike manner, complete in all respects and including all items specified herein, or as necessary for the accomplishment of a complete, satisfactory, and approved installation.

II. REMOVAL OF BRUSH, TREES, AND DEBRIS

Where there is any brush, trees, or debris along the course of the drainage works, including the full width of the access, all such brush, trees or debris shall be close-cut and grubbed out, and the whole shall be chipped up for recycling, burned, hauled away or satisfactorily disposed of by the Contractor at its expense. Prior to and during the course of the burning operations, the Contractor shall comply with the guidelines prepared by the Air Quality Branch of the Ontario Ministry of the Environment and shall ensure that the Environmental Protection Act is not violated. The Contractor will be required to notify the local fire authorities and cooperate with them in the carrying out of any work. The removal of brush and trees shall be carried out in close consultation with the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer to ensure that no decorative trees or shrubs are disturbed by the operations of the Contractor that can be saved. It is the intent of this project to save as many trees and bushes as practical within the roadway allowances and on private lands.

The Contractor shall protect all other trees, bushes, and shrubs located along the length of the drainage works except for those trees that are noted within the accompanying drawings or in consultation with the

Drainage Superintendent, the Consulting Engineer, and the affected Owner(s). The Contractor shall note that protecting and saving the trees may require the Contractor to carry out handwork around the trees, bushes, and shrubs to complete the necessary final site grading and restoration.

Following the completion of the work, the Contractor is to trim up any broken or damaged limbs on trees which are to remain to stand, and it shall dispose of said branches along with other brush, thus leaving the trees in a neat and tidy condition.

The Contractor shall remove all deleterious materials and debris along the course of the open drain and any such materials located in the bridge culverts while carrying out its cleaning of same. All such deleterious materials and debris shall be loaded up and hauled away by the Contractor to a site to be obtained by it at their expense.

If applicable, where identified on the drawings, and to ensure a safe separation distance is maintained, the Contractor shall install tree protection fencing at the projected limit of the excavation and beneath the drip line of the identified tree(s). The fencing shall be comprised of orange vinyl snow fencing secured at 3.00-metre intervals with iron T-posts driven 600mm into the ground and should be in place until construction work is completed. During construction, no equipment, materials, or tools shall be stored beyond the tree protection fencing.

III. UTILITIES

The Contractor will be responsible at all times for complete investigation to determine the location of all such utilities or structures known or unknown, and it shall indemnify and save harmless the Engineer and the Municipality for any responsibility, injury, or liability arising from any damage to such utilities or structures by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall protect all other services located in the vicinity of the proposed drainage works including any sanitary sewers and connections, watermains and connections, telephone and gas services, along with any private systems and services. Any damaged components shall be replaced by the Contractor, totally at its own expense and it shall fully restore the functionality of same.

The Contractor shall further contact or notify such Utility Company or Commission of its intention to carry out work in the area and cooperate with such Utility Company or Commission in the location, maintenance and preservation of all such utilities. The location of the pipes and appurtenances as shown on the drawings is approximate and may be changed by the Engineer if deemed advantageous for the progress of the work.

IV. NOTICE OF PROJECT COMMENCEMENT AND HOURS OF OPERATION

The Contractor shall provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours' notice to the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of the work. The installation of the culvert structure is to be performed during normal working hours of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer from Monday to Friday unless written authorization is provided by them to amend such working hours.

V. EXCAVATIONS, REMOVALS AND DISPOSALS

All excavation shall be made in compliance with the drawings and in such a manner and at such depths and widths as will give ample room for installing the pipe, the bracing, sheeting, or otherwise supporting the sides of the excavation and for the pumping of groundwater if encountered. The Contractor is fully responsible for the safety of all its men and equipment and must conform completely with the provisions of the "Construction Safety Act" and "Regulations for Construction Projects".

Where an existing culvert is being replaced, the Contractor shall be required to excavate and completely remove the existing culvert and headwalls in their entirety, as well as any other deleterious materials that may be encountered in removing such materials, unless otherwise noted. All unsuitable or deleterious materials from the excavation and removal of existing culverts and the drain shall be hauled away and disposed of by the Contractor to a site to be obtained by it at its own expense. In all cases, the disposal of any trucked material will be the responsibility of the Contractor and it shall ensure that any permits required for fill disposal are obtained from the appropriate authority. The Contractor will be responsible for keeping all private and public roadways free and clear of mud and debris resulting from its use of same for access and hauling purposes.

The Contractor is to note that when replacing the existing structures, it shall be required to excavate a trench having a width not less than the new pipe outside diameter plus a 600mm working width on both sides of the new pipe.

During the course of its excavation operations, the Contractor will be required to salvage all available topsoil. Where necessary, this material shall be stockpiled by the Contractor in order to avoid contamination and shall be utilized in carrying out any topsoil placement along all specified or disturbed areas, in preparation for the seeding and mulching operation to be carried out as part of the restoration works.

The bottom of the trenches must be carefully excavated and trimmed to the elevation and shape of the bottom of the pipe. The bottom of the trenches shall be recessed to receive the pipe in order to allow the pipe to be uniformly supported for its entire length. Corrections in the depth of excavation caused by the Contractor excavating to an extent greater than that required for the elevation of the pipe shall be made by bedding the pipe with 20mm (3/4") clear stone granular material is placed at the time that the pipes are being installed, at the Contractors expense.

No extras will be allowed for excavating any hardpan, boulders, rocks, ice or other obstacles found in the excavation or in the line of the trench or for any pumping or baling of water required in the excavation of the work. The trench must be drained or pumped in order to avoid the necessity of making joints under water. The trench must also be drained to avoid any possibility of groundwater entering the pipe in the trench until the installation has been successfully completed.

VI. PIPE INSTALLATION

The new pipe shall be set in the alignment and to the grade elevations established in the accompanying drawings. The same shall not be altered unless otherwise directed by the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer prior to construction of same. Any changes relative to the culvert must be approved by the Consulting Engineer prior to proceeding with construction.

The Contractor shall lay the culvert pipe to the lines, levels, and grades as shown in the accompanying drawings or as may be laid out and established by the Engineer prior to the time of construction. The Contractor shall be held responsible for said lines, levels and grades of the pipe and should the Engineer determine that the Contractor has not satisfactorily adhered to such lines, levels and grades, it may direct the Contractor to take up and re-lay any portion of the drain which does not conform to such lines, levels and grades. In the event that the required pipe length is less than 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), the smaller length must be installed near the centre of the culvert.

Laser control must be provided to maintain drain lines and grades, and the Contractor shall have a qualified Operator to set up and operate the equipment. In some instances, but only at the discretion of the Engineer, an approved system of batter boards may be utilized for this purpose; However, the cost of placing grade stakes and determining the cut information shall be provided by or paid for entirely by the Contractor.

The Contractor should note that, because the pipe is being installed with an excavator, it is expected that they will provide a minimum of 150mm (6") of either compacted MTO Granular "A", Granular "B" (Type II) or 20mm (3/4") clear stone bedding material, as outlined within OPSS Form 1010 The Contractor shall ensure that a good firm base is provided under the drain pipe, and they shall provide for this item as part of their tender price.

HDPE Pipe Installation

When HDPE plastic pipes are specified, they shall be joined together with the use of a water-tight bell and gasket joining system, secured in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations. The minimum length of a continuous pipe section shall be no less than 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.). The HDPE plastic pipe for this installation must be of the length, size, and strength identified in the Drawings, Special Provisions, and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain.

For new smoothwall HDPE culvert pipes that are shown on the Drawings to have sloped quarried limestone erosion protection at their ends, both ends of the pipe shall be securely anchored against floatation utilizing two (2) steel T-bar fence posts having a minimum length of 1.80 metres (6.00 ft.) or approved equal, on each side of the pipe, together with heavy steel galvanized wire secured between them across the top of the pipe. The top of each post shall be set no higher than the top of the proposed culvert. Pipe anchors shall be installed in accordance with the "**Floatation Anchor Details**" outlined herein.

Aluminized Steel Pipe Installation

When Aluminized Steel Corrugated Hel-Cor pipe and/or Aluminized Steel Type II UltraFlo pipe is specified, the culvert shall be installed with a minimum number of couplers and longer pipe sections are to be utilized whenever possible. Under no circumstances shall the culvert sections be less than 4.00 metres in length. All pipe lengths shall be of the size and gauge noted in the drawings and shall be coupled together with Aluminized Steel Type II 10C having a thickness consistent with the culvert pipe material. The overall pipe for this installation must be of the length, size, and thickness as identified in the Drawings, Special Provisions, and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain.

General Pipe Installation

The Contractor shall be required to provide all labour, equipment, and materials to set the pipe to the required design grades. Where couplers are required, the Contractor shall utilize the appropriate coupler provided by

and per the specifications of the Manufacturer. The Contractor shall supply all material and labour to provide a non-woven filter cloth wrap around the full circumference of the coupler joint connection, as part of their tender price. The filter cloth wrap connection shall be a minimum of 250mm (10") wider than the width of the proposed coupler and shall overlap a minimum of 200mm (8"), as available from Underground Specialties Inc., of Windsor, Ontario, or equal. The specific type to be utilized shall be approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement. The installation of all joints must be inspected and approved by the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer prior to any backfilling of same.

The Contractor shall also note that the placement of the culvert is to be performed totally in the dry, and it shall be prepared to take whatever steps are necessary to ensure same, all to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. The installation of the complete length of pipe, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to backfilling any portions of same. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of the pipe without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve said installation.

All pipe materials shall be stored and handled by the Contractor at its own expense. It shall be responsible for the safe storage of all materials, for obtaining storage areas, for the safe transportation and distribution of all the materials at the job site, and for inspection in order to determine defects and breakage. No additional recompense will be allowed to the Contractor for any loss incurred by it in the storage and handling of the materials.

Pipe, fittings, and all accessory appurtenances must be loaded and unloaded by lifting with means of a hoist or a skid to avoid shock or damage. Under no circumstances shall any drain material or materials for drain appurtenances be dropped.

If the culvert is laid in freezing weather, the Contractor shall take all the necessary precautions to prevent damage to the pipe or to any of the materials used in the construction of the work. In addition, the Contractor shall take care that no frozen ground or backfill is placed in the trench backfilling adjacent to the culvert. All pipe and the various other materials used in the placing of said pipe shall be installed in strict compliance with the Manufacturer's recommendations.

The installation of the complete length of the new culvert pipe, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to backfilling any portions of same. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of the culvert pipe without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve the said installation.

VII. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATION

Where required, all materials for the catch basins shall comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSS) and Ontario Provincial Standard Drawings (OPSD) with respect to materials, qualities, and installation details. The catch basins and maintenance holes shall be founded on a good, dry, firm, undisturbed earth base for its entire bottom surface area, or 20mm (3/4") clear stone bedding, if necessary. Corrections in depth of excavation caused by the Contractor excavating to an extent greater than that required for the structures shall

be backfilled to the proper grade elevation by embedding the catch basin maintenance holes floor area with 20mm (3/4") clear stone granular bedding. A sump is to be provided in each structure which shall be a minimum of 450mm deep measured from the proposed invert of the covered drain or connection to the proposed concrete floor elevation of the structure. The structure shall be set to allow for connection of all of the inlet and outlet pipes and shall be installed as shown and detailed on the Drawings. The top elevation of the structure shall be installed to the elevations noted on the Drawings or as further directed by the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. All structure sections and adjustment units shall be joined together with standard gasket material, caulking, or grout as required by the Manufacturer, or as set out in the applicable OPSS and OPSD.

All structures, where applicable, shall include a minimum of two (2) adjustment units in accordance with OPSD 704.011. All work shall be completed as shown and detailed on the Drawings.

The Contractor shall connect all covered drains and connections in the catch basin maintenance holes with the use of a mortar joint or standard rubber boot cast into the units by the Manufacturer. Said mortar joint shall be provided at the internal and exterior of the catch basin maintenance holes wall for the full circumference of the covered drain and be of a sufficient mass to produce a sealed joint, all to be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. Where possible, the Contractor shall employ a standard factory fitting or adapter to connect between the various pipes, tiles, and catch basin maintenance holes, otherwise a mortar joint connection can be utilized.

VIII. CULVERT BACKFILL

Where the new culvert pipe is located under the driveway, the Contractor shall backfill the entire trench for the width of the driveway with Granular "B"(Type II) or Granular "A", or locally approved equivalent compacted in place to a minimum 98% of Standard Proctor Density with the exception of the top 300mm which should be backfilled with Granular "A" material also compacted in place to a Standard Proctor Density of 100%. Where the new culvert pipe is located along the lawn area, the Contractor shall be required to backfill the entire trench with good clean native backfill material with the exception of the top 100mm which shall be good clean black loamy topsoil readied for seeding and mulching. It should be noted that if there is a shortage of native backfill material available, the Contractor shall supply same all at its own expense. The Contractor should also note that prior to commencing its excavation that all existing topsoil should be scavenged for reuse on the project; if there is a shortage, the Contractor shall be required to supply the balance of the topsoil needed, all at its own expense. All of the native backfill material shall be compacted in place to a minimum Standard Proctor Density of 96%.

All backfill material shall be placed in compacted in maximum lifts of approximately 300mm thick. The Contractor is required to provide whatever mechanical equipment necessary, such as jumping jack and/or plate tamper, in order to achieve the necessary compaction levels, especially along the haunches of the new pipe. All areas shall be graded in accordance with the profile and cross-sections shown in the accompanying drawings, including provision of cross-fall on boulevard areas as shown and detailed in accordance with the "**Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail**" outlined herein.

IX. BRIDGE END PROTECTION

Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection

When specified, the Contractor shall install sloped quarried limestone end protection at both ends of the pipe, or where shown, on a slope no steeper than 1.50 horizontal to 1.00 vertical and shall extend from the end of the new pipe to the top elevation shown. The top 305mm (12") of backfill material over the ends of the pipe, from the invert of said pipe to the top of the driveway elevation of the culvert, shall be quarried limestone. The quarried limestone to be placed on the sloped ends of the culvert shall be underlain with a synthetic non-woven geotextile filter fabric. The sloped quarried limestone protection is to be rounded as shown on the plan details and shall also extend along the drain side slopes to a point directly in line with the ends of the culvert pipe. All work shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer.

The quarried limestone shall be provided as shown and detailed and shall vary in size from a minimum of 100mm (4") to a maximum of 250mm (10"). The quarried limestone pieces shall be carefully tamped into place with the use of a shovel bucket so that, when complete, the quarried limestone erosion protection shall be consistent, uniform, and tightly laid in place. Prior to placing the quarried limestone, the Contractor shall place non-woven geotextile filter fabric "MacTex MX140" conforming to OPSS 1860 Class 1 or approved equal, as an underlay underneath all areas to be covered in quarried limestone erosion protection. The Contractor shall take extreme care not to damage the geotextile filter fabric when placing the quarried limestone. The placement of the geotextile filter fabric and the quarried limestone, and the completion of the quarried limestone erosion protection shall be conducted to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. Sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be installed in accordance with the "**Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail**" outlined herein.

Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Headwalls

When precast interlocking concrete block headwalls are specified, the concrete blocks shall be rectangular in shape with square corners and be a minimum size of 600mm x 600mm x 1200mm (2' x 2' x 4'), as available from Underground Specialties Inc./Wolseley Inc. (Canada) or approved equal. Blocks with modified lengths may be utilized to fill in staggered sections of the block wall. All blocks shall be cast in one pour with no cold joints and shall have a minimum compression strength of 20MPa at 28 days. All precast concrete blocks shall be formed with interlocking pockets and tenons and each block shall be assembled in a staggered formation to prevent sliding at the interface between blocks. All precast concrete blocks shall be uniform in size with relatively smooth and consistent joints and shall have a stone exterior finish. Each block shall be fitted with a lifting ring that will not interfere with the assembly of the block wall once they are set in place. Cap blocks shall be utilized on the top course of the wall with the top of the cap blocks having a stone exterior finish. The precast interlocking concrete block headwalls are available from Underground Specialties Inc./Wolseley Inc. (Canada) or approved equal.

Precast interlocking blocks that abut the pipe shall be cast as one solid piece and shall be cut and shaped to fit closely around the perimeter of the pipe. The face of the wall shall not extend beyond the end of the pipe. All minor gaps between the blocks and the pipe shall be sealed with no shrink grout for the full depth of the blocks. At the base of the wall, a base block shall be used at the bottom of the interlocking block wall. The base block shall be founded on a firm solid base. When necessary, the Contractor shall provide a minimum of 200mm thickness of level compacted granular bedding, or a lean concrete footing, as a firm foundation for the blocks. The base block shall be set level and shall convey a vertical projection throughout its full height and shall include

filter cloth behind the wall for the full height of the blocks to prevent soil migration through any joints. Filter cloth fabric shall be non-woven geotextile material and be minimum "MacTex MX140" meeting OPSS Class I. Both headwalls shall be assembled concurrently with a continuous uni-axial geogrid SG350, or equal, installed across the entire structure at every second course of blocks, to tie each headwall to the other. In the event that the distance between headwalls exceeds 10.00 metres (32.81 ft.), the Contractor shall install the uni-axial geogrid for a distance of 3.00 metres (9.84 ft.) inward from each headwall and at every second course. Both the non-woven filter cloth and the uni-axial geogrid are available from Armtex Construction Products or approved equal.

The blocks shall extend up from the pipe invert and cross the full width of the drain and be embedded a minimum of 500mm into the drain banks. Where required for the top of the block wall to match the height of the completed driveway, the Contractor shall embed the bottom course of blocks into the drain bottom at the appropriate depth to achieve the required top elevation of the wall.

The Contractor shall arrange for the Supplier to provide interlocking block layout drawings outlining block assembly of the proposed headwall to the Consulting Engineer for approval prior to proceeding with fabrication and assembly of same. The Contractor shall arrange with the Supplier for technical assistance with the assembly of the structure on-site in full accordance with the requirements of the Supplier. All assembly installation shall be carried out to avoid any damage to the pipe and shall follow the Supplier's recommendation in every respect to ensure a proper and safe installation.

The precast interlocking concrete block headwalls shall be installed vertically and shall extend from the end of the new pipe to the top elevation of the driveway. Under no circumstances shall the interlocking block wall be installed with an outward projection. When complete, the outside face of the headwall shall be installed flush with the end of the proposed culvert. The precast interlocking concrete block headwall shall be installed perpendicular to the drain banks. Headwalls are to be installed so that daylighting is provided off the travelled roadway if required. The daylighting is to be designed to deflect outwardly from approximately the extreme roadside face of the new culvert to a point just beyond the top bank of the drain. The outward projection of the new headwalls shall be deflected at approximately a 45-degree angle, and the maximum outward deflection shall not be greater than shown on the accompanying Drawings, parallel to the projection of the straight portion of the finished wall. The straight portion of the precast interlocking concrete block headwall shall be installed perpendicular to the drain banks. The Contractor shall also be required to backfill the area behind the new headwall with granular fill.

The Contractor shall also be required to satisfactorily backfill the area in behind the new headwall with granular fill as already specified in the preceding paragraphs for backfilling of the bridge culvert. The top elevation of the headwalls, opposite the travelled roadway, are to be set no less than 75mm (3"), below the existing ground elevation unless shown on the drawings. The alignment of these headwalls shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. Block Headwalls shall be installed in accordance with the "**Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Headwall End Protection Details**" outlined herein.

Provided that the proposed headwall design complies with the provisions outlined under this heading, together with "Figure 4 – Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail," the submission of the headwall shop drawings will not require a third-party Engineer's seal. However, if an alternative headwall design is proposed that deviates from the established specifications, the shop drawings

shall bear the seal and signature of an Engineer certifying that the design meets the minimum design standards and includes fabrication details, hardware, reinforcing schedules, etc. for review and approval.

Upon completion of the headwall installation, the Contractor shall also provide sloped quarried limestone erosion protection adjacent and along all of the new concrete headwalls, at the general locations and to the widths shown within the details included therein. Furthermore, the installation of the quarried limestone shall adhere to the parameters outlined in **Section IX. Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection – Concrete Block Headwalls.**

Concrete-Filled Jutebag Headwalls

When specified, the Contractor shall install new concrete jute bag headwalls at the locations and parameters indicated on the drawing. When constructing the concrete jute bag headwalls, the Contractor shall place the bags so that the completed headwall will have an inward batter from the bottom of the pipe to the top of the finished headwall. The slope of the headwall shall be one (1) unit horizontal to five (5) units vertical. The Contractor shall satisfactorily backfill behind the jutebag headwalls with granular material similar to the rest of the structure, and the same compaction levels specified herein for backfilling the adjacent culvert. The placing of the jute bag headwalls and the backfilling shall be performed in lifts simultaneously. The granular backfill shall be placed and compacted in lifts not to exceed 305mm (12") in thickness.

The concrete jute bag headwalls shall be constructed by filling jute bags with concrete. All concrete used to fill the jute bags shall have a minimum compressive strength of 21MPa in 28 days and shall be provided and placed only as a wet mix. Under no circumstance shall the concrete to be used for filling the jute bags be placed as a dry mix. The jute bags, before being filled with concrete, shall have a dimension of 460mm (18") x 660mm (26"). The jute bags shall be filled with concrete so that when they are laid flat, they will be approximately 100mm (4") thick, 305mm (12") to 380mm (15") wide and 460mm (18") long. The completed jute bag headwalls shall be securely embedded a minimum of 500mm (20") measured perpendicular to the side slopes of the drain.

If indicated on the Drawings, daylighting may be installed off the travelled roadway, and the same are designed to deflect outwardly. The outward deflection shall be deflected at the specified angle to the straight portion of the finished headwall. The top elevations of the daylighted headwalls are to be set no less than 75mm (3") below the existing ground elevation unless otherwise designed. The alignment of these headwalls shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer.

Upon completion of the jute bag headwall the Contractor shall cap the top row of concrete-filled bags with a layer of plain concrete, minimum 150mm (6") thick, and hand trowelled to obtain a brushed finish appearance. If the cap is made more than 150mm thick, the Contractor shall provide two (2) continuous 15M reinforcing bars (or equivalent mesh) set at mid-depth and equally spaced in the cap. The Contractor shall fill all voids between the concrete-filled jute bags and the corrugated steel pipe with concrete, particular care being taken underneath the pipe haunches to fill all voids. All concrete used for the footing, cap and bags shall have a minimum compressive strength of 21MPa in 28 days and include 6% ± 1% air entrainment. Concrete-filled jute bag headwalls shall be installed in accordance with the **"Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Details"** outlined herein.

X. SLOPED QUARRIED LIMESTONE EROSION PROTECTION FOR VERTICAL HEADWALLS

The sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be embedded into the side slopes of the drain at a minimum thickness of 305mm and shall be underlain in all cases with a synthetic filter mat. The filter mat shall not only be laid along the flat portion of the erosion protection but also contoured to the exterior limits of the quarried limestone and the unprotected slope. The width and slope of the general erosion protection shall be as established in the accompanying drawing or as otherwise directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer during construction. In placing the erosion protection, the Contractor shall carefully tamp the quarried limestone pieces into place with the use of a shovel bucket so that the erosion protection when completed will be consistent, uniform and tightly laid. In no instance shall the quarried limestone protrude beyond the exterior contour of the unprotected drain side slopes along either side of said protection. The synthetic filter mat to be used shall be **non-woven** geotextile MacTex MX140 conforming to OPSS 1860 Class I, as available from Armtec Construction Products, or approved equal. The quarried limestone to be used shall be graded in size from a minimum of 100mm (4") to a maximum of 250mm (10"), and is available from Walker Aggregates, in Amherstburg, Ontario, or approved equal. Sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be installed in accordance with the "**Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail**" outlined herein.

XI. ANCILLARY WORK

During the course of any repair or improvements, the Contractor will be required to protect or extend any existing tile ends or swales to maintain the drainage from the adjacent lands. All existing tiles within the proposed alignment shall be extended utilizing Boss 1000 or equal plastic pipe of the same diameter as the existing tile and shall be installed in accordance with the "**Standard Lateral Tile Detail**" outlined herein unless otherwise noted. Connections shall be made using a Manufacturer's coupling wherever possible. Openings into new pipes shall be neatly saw-cut to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. For other connections, the Contractor shall utilize a grouted connection. Grouted mortar joints shall be composed of three (3) parts of clean, sharp sand to one (1) part of Portland Cement with just sufficient water added to provide a stiff plastic mix. The mortar joint shall be of sufficient mass around the full circumference of the joint on the exterior side to ensure a tight, solid seal. The Contractor is to note that any intercepted pipes along the length of the existing pipes are to be extended and diverted to the downstream end of the new pipe unless otherwise noted in the accompanying drawings.

Where the culvert installation interferes with the discharge of an existing swale, the Contractor shall re-grade the existing swales to allow for the surface flows to freely enter the drain. Any disturbed grass areas shall be fully restored with topsoil, seed and mulch. The Contractor shall also be required as part of the culvert replacement to excavate and widen the drain bottom where required to fit the new pipes in order to provide a smooth transition between the new culvert installation and the existing drain.

The Contractor, when doing their excavation or any other portion of the work, shall be very careful not to interfere with, plug up or damage, any existing surface drains, swales and lateral or main tile ends. If it is found that said existing drains are interfered with in any way, the Contractor will be required to unplug or repair said drains immediately, at no extra cost to the project. If it is found that any existing lateral tiles or main tile drains or tile ends have been cut off or damaged in any way during the course of the work, the Contractor will be required to either repair or replace same, to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer.

The Contractor shall take steps to protect all legal survey bars during the course of its work. If any bars are removed or damaged, the Contractor shall arrange for an Ontario Land Surveyor licensed in the Province of Ontario to replace same, all at its cost.

All of the work required towards the installation and improvements to all structures shall be performed in a neat and workmanlike manner and the general site shall be restored to its' original condition, and all of same is to be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer.

XII. TOPSOIL, SEED AND MULCH

During the course of its excavation operations, the Contractor will be required to salvage all available topsoil. Where necessary, this material shall be stockpiled by the Contractor in order to avoid contamination and shall be utilized in carrying out the topsoil placement along all specified newly excavated and filled or disturbed areas, in preparation for the seeding and mulching operation to be carried out as part of the restoration works. The Contractor shall be required to use the scavenged topsoil stripped from the drain banks. The balance of the topsoil required shall be obtained by the Contractor at its own expense.

The Contractor shall be required to restore all existing grassed areas and drain side slopes damaged or disturbed by the structure installation and/or removal, and place topsoil and seed and mulch over said areas including any specific areas noted on the Drawings. The Contractor shall be required to provide all the material and to cover the above-mentioned surface areas with approximately 50mm of good, clean, dry topsoil on slopes and 100mm of good, clean, dry topsoil on horizontal surfaces, fine graded and spread in place ready for seeding and mulching. The Contractor is to note that prior to fine grading the topsoil over the backfilled areas, positive drainage is to be provided off of these areas and into the swales, and the Contractor shall also be required to make minor changes where necessary to ensure same. The Contractor shall be required to restore all existing grassed areas and roadway boulevard areas damaged by the culvert work and shall provide topsoil and seed and mulch over all of these areas. The placing and grading of all topsoil shall be carefully carried out according to Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications, Form 802, dated November 2010, or as subsequently amended or as amended by these Specifications. Once the topsoil has been properly placed and fine-graded, the Contractor shall seed and mulch the area. Seeding and mulching operations shall be carried out according to Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications, Form 572, dated November 2003, or as subsequently amended or as amended by these Specifications. The seeding mixture shall be OSECO Seed Mixture Canada No. 1, as available from Morse Growers Supply in Leamington, or equal. As part of the seeding and mulching operation, the Contractor will be required to provide either a hydraulic mulch mix or a spread straw mulch with an adhesive binder in accordance with OPSS 1103.05.03 dated November 2016, or as subsequently amended, to ensure that the grass seed will be protected during germination and provide a thick, uniform cover to protect against erosion, where necessary. All work shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer.

All of the work relative to the placement of topsoil and the seeding and mulching operation shall be meticulously done and completed in a good and workmanlike manner all to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer.

XIII. FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION

The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no portion shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken.

All roadways, driveways and access bridges, or any other means of access onto the job site shall be fully restored to their former condition at the Contractor's expense. Before authorizing Final Payment, the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer shall inspect the work in order to be sure that the proper restoration has been performed. In the event that the Contractor fails to satisfactorily clean up any portion of these accesses, the Consulting Engineer shall order such cleanup to be carried out by others and the cost of same to be deducted from any monies owing to the Contractor.

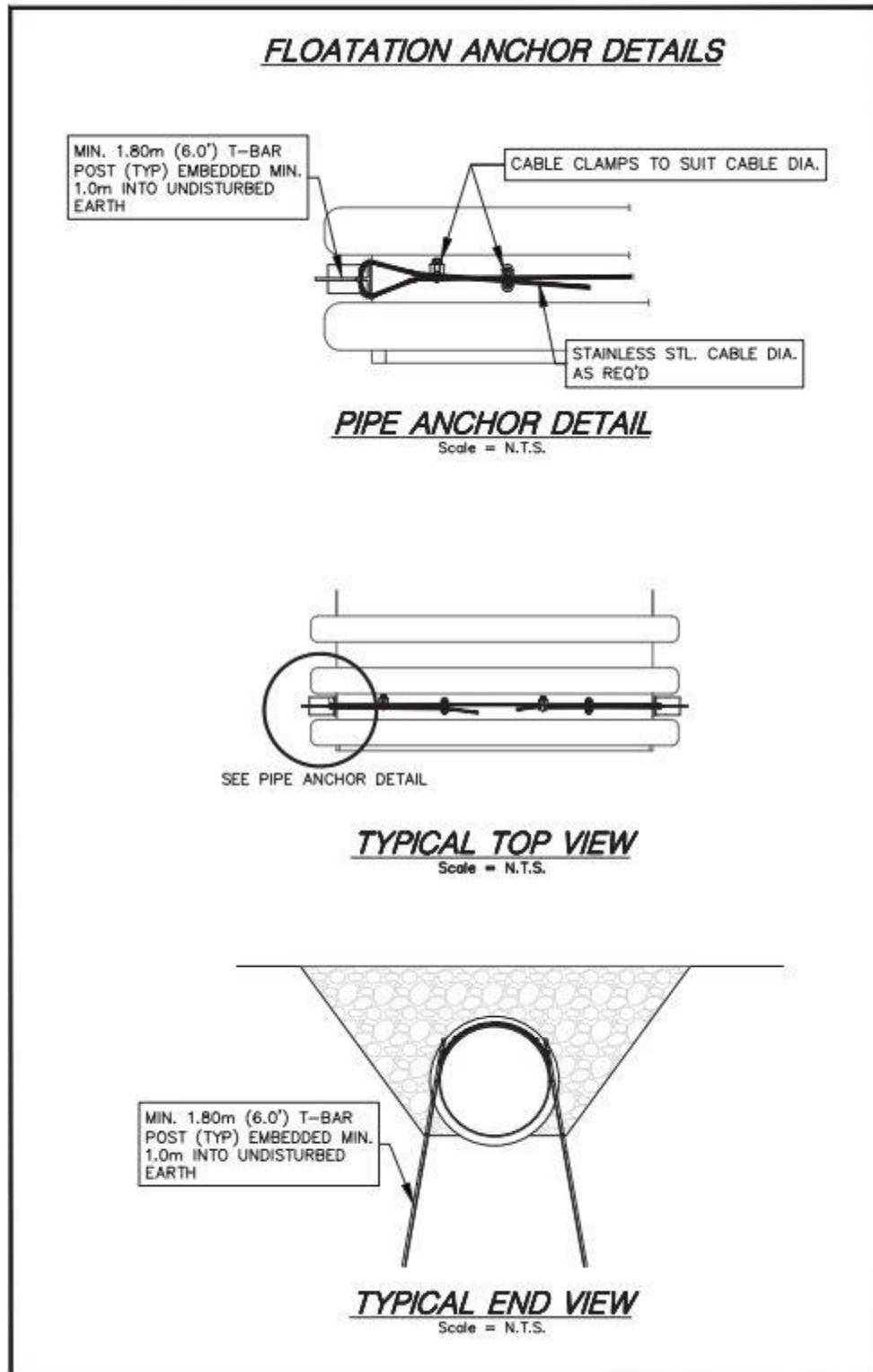


Figure 1 - Flotation Anchor Details

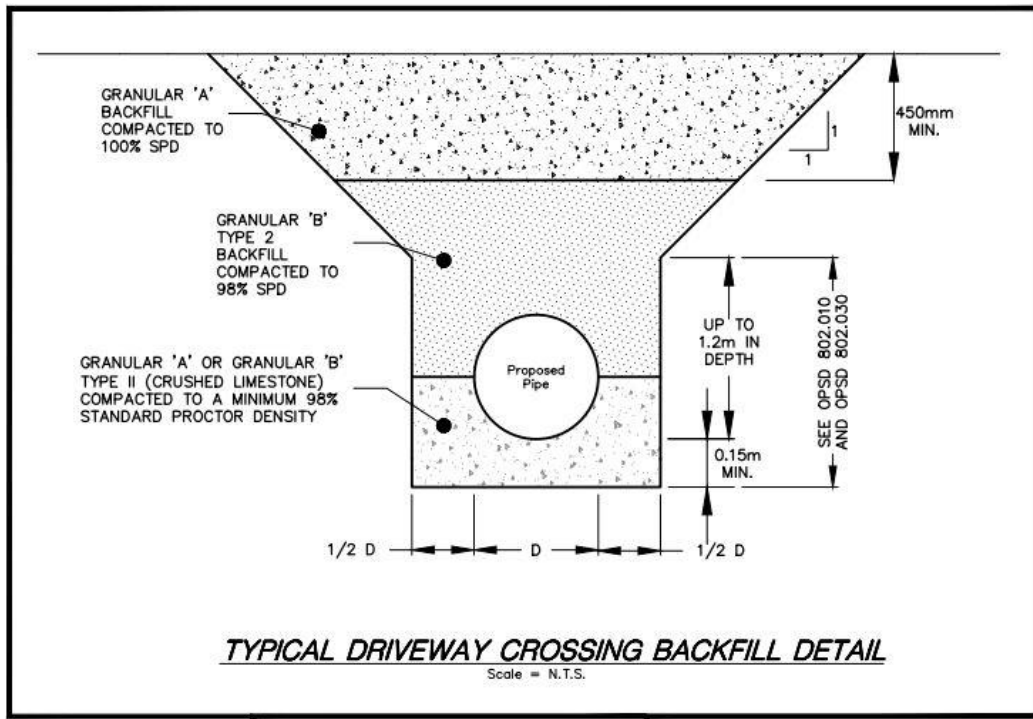


Figure 2- Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail

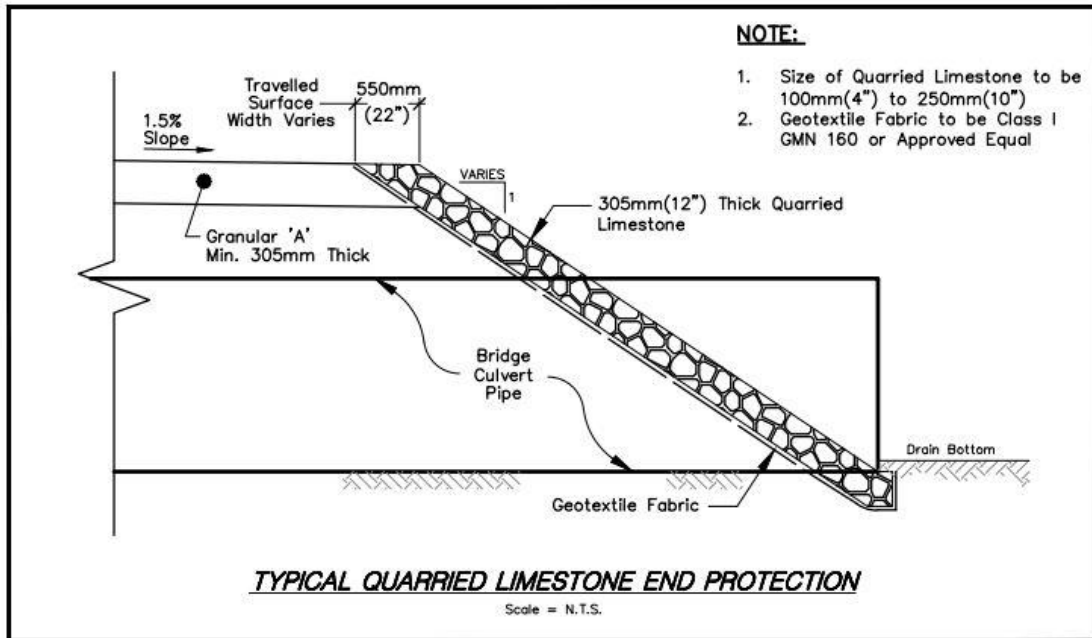


Figure 3 - Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail

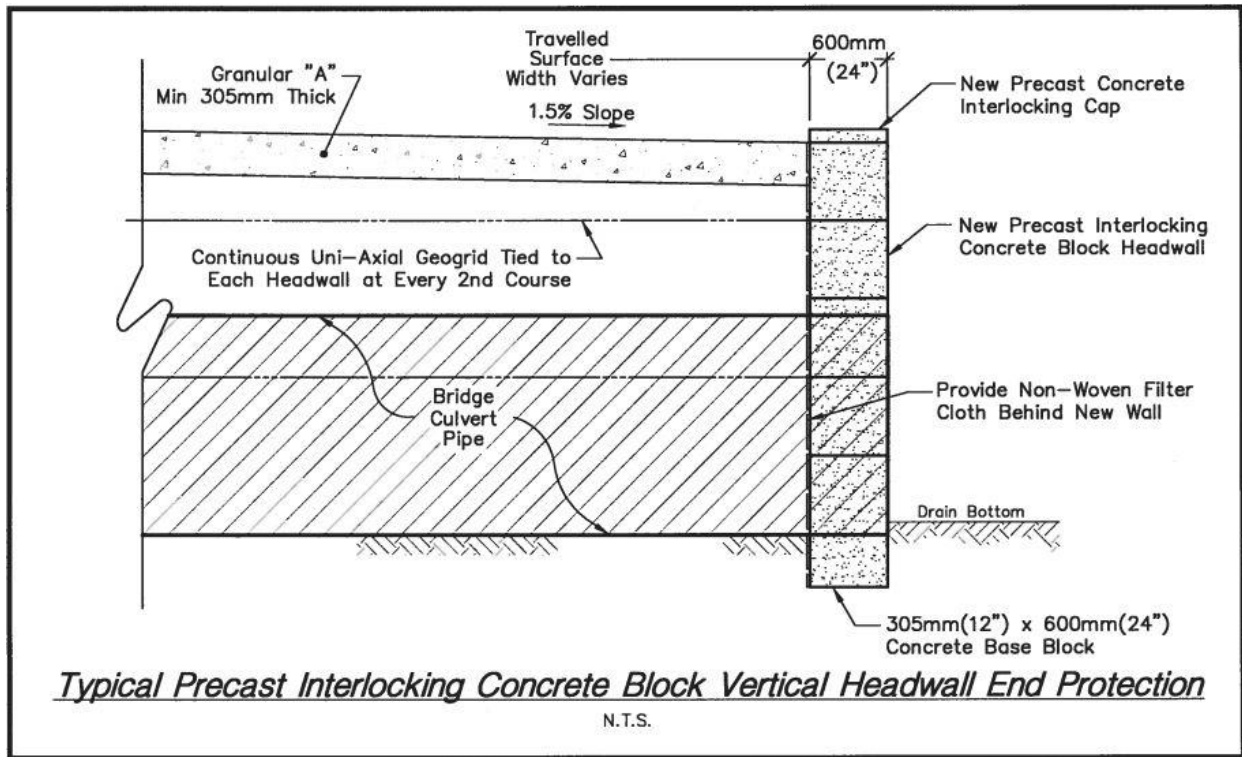


Figure 4 - Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail

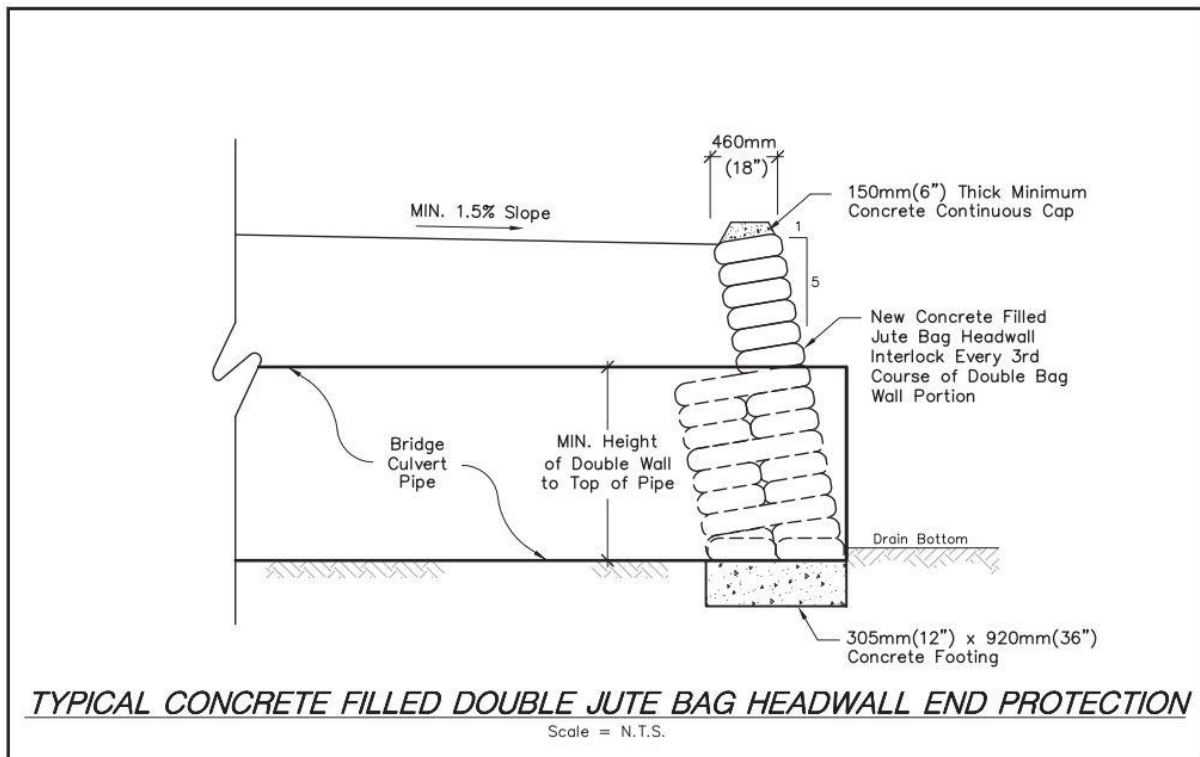


Figure 5 - Typical Concrete Filled Double Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail

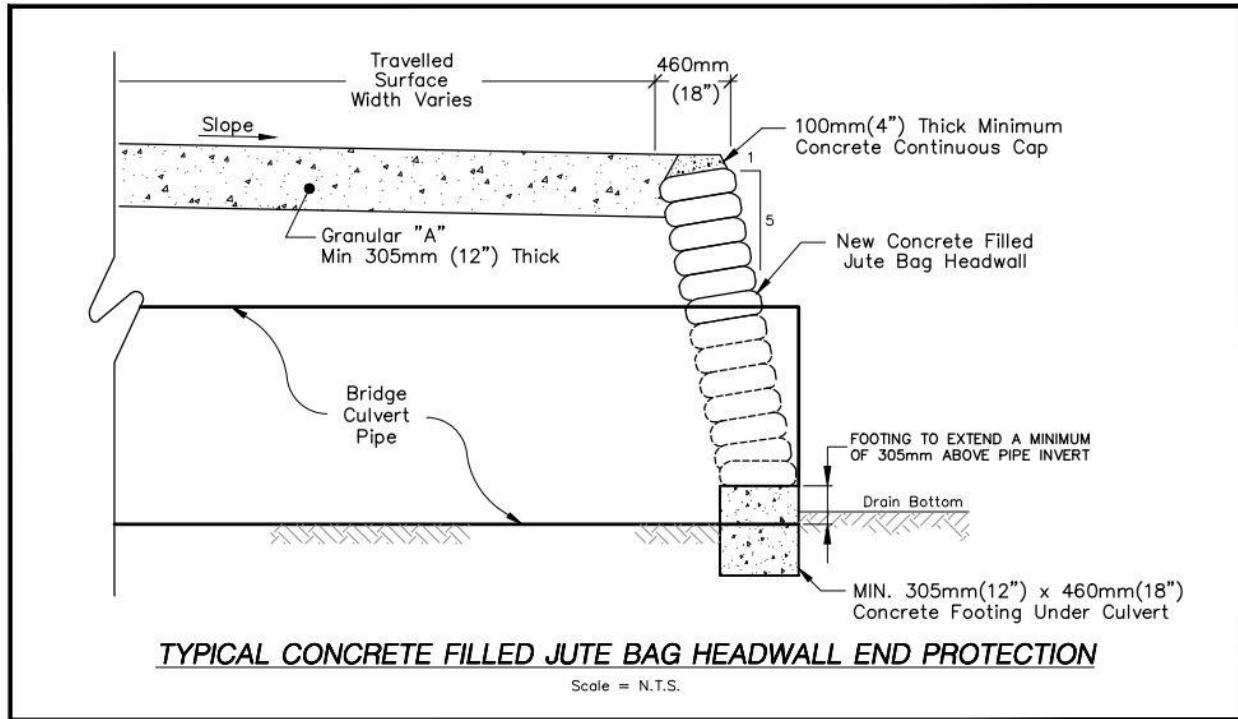


Figure 6 - Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail

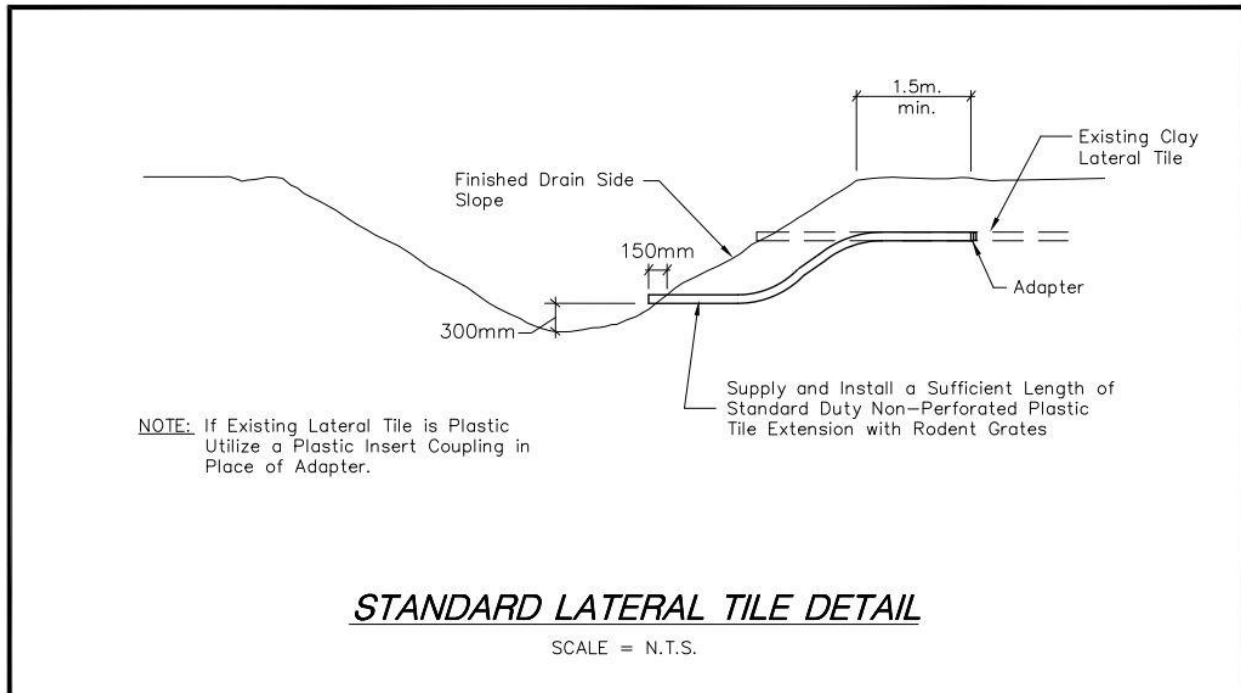


Figure 7 - Standard Lateral Tile Detail

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Scope of Work.....	2
II.	Conservation Authority and DFO Considerations.....	2
III.	MECP Considerations	3
IV.	Access to Work.....	4
V.	Excavation, Removals and Disposal	4
VI.	Details of Bridge Work	5
VII.	Aluminized Pipe Installation.....	6
VIII.	Bridge Construction	6
IX.	Access Bridge End Treatments.....	7

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PROJECT | Bridge Over the McCann Drain

For Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900)
Part of Lots 289 & 290, NTR Concession
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D24-113

I. GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

These Special Provisions, along with the Report, Appendices, Standard Specifications and the accompanying drawings, consider the furnishings of all labour, equipment and materials required for the performance of all operations related to the replacement of the existing access bridge within the McCann Drain for Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900), Part of Lots 289 and 290, NTR Concession, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. The McCann Drain is an open Municipal Drain located along the south side of North Talbot Road. It commences between at the intersection of North Talbot Road and Wilson Sideroad and flows downstream until it discharges into the West Townline Drain at the intersection of North Talbot Road and Manning Road. The work under this project comprises of the removal and replacement of an existing access bridge.

The Contractor shall provide all labour, equipment and materials to remove the existing concrete span bridge, install a new 1600mm, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Corrugated pipe, new end protection comprising of sloped quarried limestone erosion protection on non-woven geotextile fabric, granular bedding, granular approach and backfill within the driveway limits, native backfill, lateral tile extensions, topsoil, seeding and mulching, drain bottom cleanout, and all ancillary work related thereto including cleanup and restoration.

All work shall be carried out in accordance with these Special Provisions and Standard Specifications that serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. The Contractor shall review the information outlined within **Appendix "A"**. The works shall be further carried out in accordance with these Special Provisions and Specifications and shall comply in all regards with the accompanying drawings labelled herein as **Appendix "B"**. The new access bridge shall be of the size, type, depth, etc., as is shown in the accompanying drawings, as determined from the **Benchmark**, and as may be further laid out at the site at the time of construction. All work carried out under this project shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer.

II. CONSERVATION AUTHORITY AND DFO CONSIDERATIONS

The Contractor shall be required to implement stringent erosion and sedimentation controls during the course of the work to minimize the amount of silt and sediment being carried downstream. It is intended that work on this project be carried out during relatively dry weather to ensure the proper site and drain conditions and to avoid conflicts with sediment being deposited into the outlet drainage systems. All

disturbed areas shall be restored as quickly as possible with grass seeding and mulching installed to ensure a protective cover and to minimize any erosion from the work site subsequent to construction. The Contractor may be required to provide temporary silt fencing and straw bales as outlined further in these specifications.

All of the work shall be carried out in accordance with any permits or authorizations issued by the Conservation Authority or the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), copies of which shall be provided, if available. The Contractor is advised that no work shall be carried out in the existing drain from March 15 to July 15, of any given year.

As part of its work, the Contractor shall implement the following measures that shall ensure that any potential adverse effects on fish and fish habitat shall be mitigated:

- a) As per standard requirements, work shall not be conducted at times when flows in the drain are elevated due to local rain events, storms, or seasonal floods. Work shall be done in the dry.
- b) All disturbed soils on the drain banks and within the channel, including spoil, must be stabilized immediately upon completion of work. The restoration of the site must be completed to a like or better condition than what existed prior to the works. The spoil material must be hauled away and disposed of at a suitable site or spread an appropriate distance from the top of the drain bank to ensure that it is not washed back into the drain.
- c) To prevent sediment entry into the Drain, in the event of an unexpected rainfall, silt barriers and/or traps must be placed in the channel during the works and until the site has been stabilized. All sediment and erosion control measures are to be in accordance with related Ontario Provincial Standards. It is incumbent on the proponent and its contractors to ensure that sediment and erosion control measures are functioning properly and are maintained/upgraded as required.
- d) Silt or sand accumulated in the barrier traps must be removed and stabilized on land once the site is stabilized.
- e) All activities including maintenance procedures should be controlled to prevent the entry of petroleum products, debris, rubble, concrete, or other deleterious substances into the water. Vehicular refueling and maintenance should be conducted away from the water.

Not only shall the Contractor comply with all of the above, but it shall also be required to further comply with any mitigation measures included within the email correspondence with the Conservation Authority. Furthermore, the Contractor shall also review and comply with the "Best Management Practices – Culvert Replacements in Municipal Drains" document prepared by the DFO. Both of which have been included within "**Appendix A.**"

III. MECP CONSIDERATIONS

Under the Species at Risk Provincial Legislation, set in place with the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Section 23.9 of the Endangered Species Act, 2007, allows the Municipality to conduct

eligible repair, maintenance, and improvement work under the Drainage Act that exempts these works from Sections 9 and 10 of this Act, so long as they follow the rules within Ontario Regulation 242/08.

Prior to commencing work, the Municipality will complete an “Endangered Species Act Review” for the subject drain and will provide the Contractor with the results of said review, including documents for the purpose of identification of known Species at Risk within the project area and mitigation measures for species and habitat protection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to make certain that necessary provisions are undertaken to ensure the protection of all Species at Risk and their habitats throughout the course of construction.

The Contractor will be responsible for providing the necessary equipment and materials required by the mitigation plans and shall contact the Drainage Superintendent immediately if any Endangered Species are encountered during construction.

IV. ACCESS TO WORK

The Contractor is advised that the majority of the work to be carried out on this project extends along the south side of North Talbot Road. The Contractor shall have access to the full length of the roadway abutting the proposed drainage works. The Contractor may use the entire width of the right-of-way as necessary to permit the completion of the work required to be carried out for this project. Furthermore, in order to perform the necessary work identified within this project, the Contractor shall have access to the subject private lands north of the North Talbot Road right-of-way limit for a distance of 15.00 metres, necessary to perform the new access bridge installation and driveway transition. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor utilize other private lands.

V. EXCAVATION, REMOVALS AND DISPOSAL

The Contractor shall be required to excavate and completely remove the existing metal gate and the existing concrete span bridge in their entirety, as well as any other deleterious materials that may be encountered in removing same. The Contractor shall also be required to completely dispose of all of same to a site to be obtained by it at its own expense. In all cases, the disposal of any trucked material will be the responsibility of the Contractor, and any work at the disposal site shall be established between the Contractor and the Site Owner. The Contractor shall ensure that any permits required for fill disposal are obtained from the appropriate authority. The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping all private and public roadways free and clear of mud and debris resulting from its use of same for access and hauling purposes.

As part of the work, the Contractor shall be required to excavate, transition and clean the drain bottom for a distance of 5.00 metres (15.00 ft.) both upstream and downstream of the access bridge pipe. The sediment material from this excavation shall under no circumstance be utilized for the backfilling of any of the access bridge pipe, and same must be totally trucked away and disposed of at a site to be obtained by it at its own expense.

VI. DETAILS OF BRIDGE WORK

The Contractor shall provide all labour, equipment, and materials to replace the existing access bridge for Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles (040-12900), within the McCann Drain, according to the Drawings, the Schedule of Items, and in these Specifications stated below. The Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer shall have the authority to carry out minor changes to the work where such changes do not lessen the efficiency of the work.

Pipe Specifications	
Culvert Type:	Aluminized Steel Type II Corrugated Pipe
Pipe Length:	17.0m (55.77 ft.)
Pipe Diameter:	1600mm
Pipe Gauge/Stiffness:	2.8mm (12 Ga.)
Corrugation:	125mm x 25mm (5.0" x 1.0")
Pipe Grade:	0.05%
Min. Depth of Cover:	305mm (12 in.)
Upstream Invert Elev. (East)	190.579m
Downstream Invert Elev. (West)	190.570m
Embedment:	160mm (10.0%)

Drain Specifications	
Flow Direction:	East to West
Drain Grade:	0.05%
Bottom Width:	0.914m (3.0 ft.)
Drain Bottom Relative to Design Grade:	Above Design Grade
Side Slopes:	1.5 Horizontal to 1.0 Vertical
Driveway Crossfall Grade	1.5%
Access Width (Travelled Driveway):	9.70m (31.82 ft.)
☉ of Driveway Elev. at Pavement Edge:	193.012m
☉ of Driveway Elev. at pipe centreline:	192.680m
☉ of Driveway Elev. 1.0m south of the R.O.W. limit:	192.413m

The new pipe for this installation is to be provided with a minimum depth of cover measured from the top surface of the driveway to the top of the pipe, as outlined above. If the bridge culvert is placed at its proper elevation, sufficient cover should be achieved. If the Contractor finds that the minimum cover is not being met, they shall notify the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer immediately so that steps can be taken to rectify the condition prior to the placement of any backfill. The minimum cover requirement is **critical** and must be attained. In order for these new access bridge culverts to properly fit the channel parameters, **all of the design grade elevations must be strictly adhered to.**

As a check, all of the access bridge culvert design grade elevations shall be confirmed before commencing to the next stage of the access bridge installation. The Contractor is also to check that the pipe invert grades are correct by referencing the Benchmark and the information provided on the detail within the plans.

VII. ALUMINIZED PIPE INSTALLATION

As outlined within the accompanying Drawings and the Construction Items, the new access bridge culvert shall consist of aluminized steel pipe materials. The new Aluminized Steel Corrugated Hel-Cor Pipe to be installed for this bridge is required to **be provided with a maximum of two (2) lengths of pipe**, coupled together with Aluminized Steel Type II 10C bolted couplers of the same thickness as the culvert pipe and secured in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations. Under no circumstances shall the access bridge culvert be provided with more than two (2) lengths of pipe. The Aluminized Steel Corrugated pipe for this installation must be of the length, size, and thickness as identified in the plans and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain. Furthermore, the installation of aluminized steel culvert pipe shall further be installed per the provisions established within the attached Standard Specifications.

VIII. BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

Once the new pipe has been satisfactorily set in place, the Contractor may commence with the backfilling operations per the Standard Specifications. As part of the culvert installation works, the Contractor shall also perform the necessary excavation to extend the driveway from the existing edge of the pavement to approximately 15.0m south of the south top of bank of the McCann Drain. The Contractor shall also perform the necessary excavations to provide a smooth transition from the limits of the existing driveway to the limits of the proposed driveway, while maintaining the 1.50% crossfall from the centre of the proposed driveway. This driveway approach for the entire length and width shall consist of a minimum of 300mm (12") of granular material MTO Type "A" satisfactorily compacted in place.

Although it is anticipated that the culvert installation shall be undertaken in the dry, the Contractor shall supply and install a temporary Straw Bale Check Dam in the drain bottom immediately downstream of the culvert site during the time of construction. The straw bale check dam shall be to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer and must be removed upon completion of the Construction. All costs associated with the supply and installation of this Straw Bale Check Dam shall be included in the cost bid for the bridge installation.

IX. ACCESS BRIDGE END TREATMENTS

As outlined within the accompanying Drawings and the Construction Items, sloped quarried limestone end treatments shall be utilized for this application. The quarried limestone end treatment shall be installed per the provisions established within the attached Standard Specifications.

APPENDIX "A"

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APPENDIX A-1

Essex Region Conservation Authority Correspondence

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Kiara Kirkland

From: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Sent: March 7, 2025 7:38 AM
To: Hannah Waldt
Cc: Spencer Westerberg; Brigan Barlow; Tony Peralta
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - McCann Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge
Attachments: D24113D1 - PRELIMINARY BRIDGE OVER THE McCANN DRAIN.pdf

Good morning Hannah,

Thank you for providing the attached Preliminary Drawings for the McCann Drain bridge project, Project No. D24-113. I've had an opportunity to review the preliminary drawings and the available information and can confirm that our office is supportive of this proposal, as presented in the preliminary stages.

We look forward to receiving the Final Drainage Report and Drawings. A completed Application for Permit form will be required from the municipality.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards,



ASHLEY GYORI
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 • Essex, Ontario • N8M 1Y6
agyori@erca.org • essexregionconservation.ca

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Follow us on Twitter: [@essexregionca](https://twitter.com/essexregionca)

The ERCA Office is open to the public **Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays** to provide "counter service"; however, services continue to be delivered online and through email. Please consult ERCA's website for more information and direction regarding online services (i.e. permitting, cottage bookings, seasonal passes etc.).

From: Hannah Waldt <h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com>
Sent: March 5, 2025 9:37 AM
To: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Cc: Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>; bbarlow@lakeshore.ca; Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - McCann Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

You don't often get email from h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com. [Learn why this is important](#)

Hi Ashley,

Further to the correspondence below, and based on your request, we are providing you with a preliminary design proposal for the above-noted project. Under this project, we will be replacing an existing bridge that serves the lands currently owned by Wayne Hyland and Ethan Rumbles at 335 North Talbot Road. The existing access bridge consists of a 4.25m wide access bridge. The new access bridge shall be installed in the general location of the existing access bridge within the McCann Drain.

Based on this information, attached you will find preliminary drawings and design details for this access bridge replacement for your review.

The subject bridge is at the upstream end of the McCann Drain. Approximately 680 metres downstream of the subject bridge is an access bridge consisting of 15.0m of 1600mm CSP with sloped quarried limestone end treatments.

Based on our preliminary design, we have determined that the replacement access bridge shall consist of 17.0m of 1600mm dia. CSP pipe with sloped quarried limestone end treatments and 160mm of pipe embedment. This access is intended to provide a minimum access top width of 9.1m (30 ft.) as requested by the owner at the On-Site Meeting. This access has been designed to have the capacity to handle the 5-year return storm event. Based on our analysis, the bridge replacement shall not have any adverse impacts on the upstream and downstream level of service for the drain and shall not cause any changes to the existing flow regime.

We have reviewed the DFO website as it relates to the Fisheries Act and have performed a "Self Assessment" for this project. Also, as it relates the Endangered Species Act, we have contacted the Municipality of Lakeshore to ensure that this project is covered under the new ESA Regulation 242/08.

We trust that this information is satisfactory. However, if you have any concerns or require additional information, please contact us at your earliest opportunity as we intend on finalizing this report as soon as possible.

Kind regards,



Hannah Waldt, P. Eng.

h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com | 519-733-6587 x 145

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. - Consulting Engineers

45 Division St. N., Kingsville ON N9Y 1E1



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From: Summer Locknick <SLocknick@erca.org>

Sent: Thursday, October 3, 2024 8:41 AM

To: Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>

Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>

Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - McCann Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good morning,

Thank you for providing the Section 78 Notice for the McCann Drain and the additional information. I've reviewed the information and the location of the proposed works and can provide the following information.

A review of our floodplain mapping for the McCann Drain indicates that this drain is located within an area that is under the jurisdiction of the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) (Section 28 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*). Prior to undertaking works, a permit is required from this office.

At this time, we do not expect that there will be any extraneous comments or concerns with respect to this project; however, the engineering report should confirm that the proposed works do not result in any adverse impacts to the level of service of the drain and that there are no negative impacts upstream or downstream. We cannot be more specific in this regard without an actual proposal to review.

Prior to the appointed engineer moving forward with the final design for any proposed works, we kindly request that they provide this office with the opportunity to review the proposed design so that any ERCA comments can be addressed

Please note that ERCA does not review applications on behalf of external agencies (i.e. DFO, MECP, MNRF). It is the proponent's responsibility to ensure that all applicable legislation is adhered to and that all authorizations have been obtained.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards,



SUMMER LOCKNICK
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 | Essex, Ontario | N8M 1Y6
locknick@erca.org essexregionconservation.ca

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The ERCA Office is now open to the public **Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays** to provide "counter service"; however, services continue to be delivered online and through email. Please consult ERCA's website for more information and direction regarding online services (i.e. permitting, cottage bookings, seasonal passes etc.)

From: Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>

Sent: Wednesday, September 25, 2024 4:11 PM

To: Summer Locknick <SLocknick@erca.org>

Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>

Subject: ERCA Notification - McCann Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

Good afternoon Summer,

Please be advised that we received a request for the replacement and widening of an access structure over the McCann Drain within the Municipality of Lakeshore. As such, we would like to provide you with formal notification for the works, as required, under Section 78(2) of the Drainage Act.

Please provide us with acknowledgment of this notification, together with any initial comments you may have regarding this request.

Should you require anything further, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Thanks, Spencer.

Spencer Westerberg C.Tech

Assistant Drainage Superintendent

Municipality of Lakeshore | Drainage Services

419 Notre Dame Street, Belle River, ON, N8L 0P8

T: 519-728-1975 x627

Connect with us online at [Lakeshore.ca/Connect](https://lakeshore.ca/Connect)

The Municipality of Lakeshore places the highest priority on the security and privacy of our residents and stakeholders. Therefore, we have put our efforts into ensuring that this message is free of viruses or other malicious content. Despite our efforts, you should always scan all emails for any threats with proper software, as the sender does not accept liability for any damage inflicted by viewing the content of this email. This record may contain privileged, confidential or personal information which should not be disclosed to others. If you have received this message in error, please delete and advise the sender.

APPENDIX A-2

DFO Best Management Practices

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Best Management Practices – Culvert Replacements in Municipal Drains

This document describes the conditions on which one may proceed with a culvert replacement in a municipal drain without DFO approval/notification. All municipal, provincial, or federal legislation that applies to the work being proposed must be respected. If the conditions/requirements below cannot be met, please complete the drain notification form and submit it to the Fisheries Protection Program form review at: FisheriesProtection@dfo-mpo.gc.ca.

Potential Impacts to Fish Habitat

- Infilling fish habitat by encroachment of the water crossing footprint or channel realignment to accommodate culvert
- Harmful substrate alteration of fish habitat (e.g. blockage of groundwater upwellings, critical SAR habitat, spawning areas)
- Removal of riparian vegetation and cover along the banks of the municipal drain
- Removal of edge habitat (e.g. undercut bank, shallower areas with lower velocity, aquatic vegetation) creation of barriers to fish movement (e.g. perched crossings, velocity barriers, alteration of the natural stream gradient)
- Alteration of channel flow velocity and/or depth (e.g. oversized culvert resulting in insufficient depth for fish passage at low flow or undersized culvert resulting in a flow velocity barrier at high flow)
- Alteration of channel morphology and sediment transport processes caused by the physical structure of the crossing resulting in upstream and downstream sediment aggradation/erosion
- Re-entry of sediment that was removed/stockpiled into the watercourse
- Erosion downstream from sudden release of water due to the failure of site isolation
- Stranding of fish in isolated ponds following de-watering of the site
- Impingement or entrainment of fish when de-watering pumps are used
- Short term or chronic transport of deleterious substances, including sediment, into fish habitat from construction or road drainage

Requirements

The following requirements must be met:

- There are no aquatic Species at Risk present in the work zone or impact zone. To confirm there are no aquatic Species at Risk present, refer to the document, [A Guide for Interpreting Fish and Mussel Species at Risk Maps in Ontario](http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf) which can be found at: <http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf>. Links for Ontario Conservation Area specific fish and mussel maps that include critical habitat extents and a list of aquatic Species at Risk found within the conversation authority boundary can be found on Page 5 of [A Guide for Interpreting Fish and Mussel Species at Risk Maps in Ontario](http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf).
- The culvert is embedded into the streambed and must allow for the free passage of fish.
- The work involves like-for-like replacements of existing road or private access culverts on all drain types without SAR.
- On C and F Drains only, this can also include replacements with extensions and end walls for the purposes of providing the property or road with safe access, but the project permanent footprint will not increase more than 250 m² below the high water mark.
- The project does not involve replacing a bridge or arch with one or more culverts installed in parallel or a larger-diameter culvert with more than one culvert installed in parallel.

- The project does not involve building more than one culvert installed in parallel on a single watercourse crossing site (e.g. twin culvert).
- The project does not involve temporarily narrowing the watercourse to an extent or for a duration that is likely to cause erosion, structural instability or fish passage problems.
- The municipal drain has no flow/low flow or is frozen to the bottom at the time of the replacement.
- In-water work is scheduled to respect timing windows (Tables 1 and 2) to protect fish, including their eggs, juveniles, spawning adults, and/or the organisms upon which they feed.
- The work can be conducted using the Culvert Removal Method described below and Standard Measures to Avoid Causing *Serious Harm to Fish* will be implemented when required.

Note: If your project must be conducted without delay in response to an emergency (e.g. the project is required to address an emergency that poses a risk to public health or safety or to the environment or property), you may apply for an Emergency Authorization (<http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/asp/forceDownload.asp?FilePath=/pnw-ppe/reviews-revues/Emergency-Authorizations-Autorisations-Urgences-eng.pdf>).

Culvert Removal Methodology

- Plan/manage the work site in a manner that prevents sediment from entering the municipal drain by installing sediment and erosion control materials where required. Ensure that a sediment and erosion control plan is developed and modified as necessary for the site.
- Where required, install effective erosion and sediment control measures before starting work to prevent sediment from entering the municipal drain.
- Implement site isolation measures when in-water work is required.
 - Install an impervious barrier upstream of the work area (Figure 1). If possible, install a secondary barrier upstream of the work area for added protection.
 - Attempt to drive out the fish from the work area and then install the impervious barrier downstream of the work area. This may reduce or eliminate the need for a fish salvage.
 - When the drain is flowing, maintain downstream flows (e.g. bypass water around the work site using pumps or flume pipes; Figure 2). Provide temporary energy dissipation measures (e.g. rip-rap) at discharge point of the hose or temporary outlet pipe when required. Routinely inspect bypass pump and hose or pipe to ensure proper operation. Inspect discharge point for erosion and reposition hose/pipe or install additional temporary energy dissipation material as needed.
 - Dewater the isolated work area. The hose for a pump may discharge along the top of the bank into existing vegetation; however, the area should be monitored for signs of erosion. Reposition the hose or install additional temporary energy dissipation material as needed.
 - A fish screen with openings no larger than 2.54 mm (0.10 inches) should be equipped on any pump used during the operation. Note: Additional information regarding fish screens can be found in the DFO Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Fish Screen Guideline document (<http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/223669.pdf>).
 - Collect any fish present in the isolated work area and relocate them downstream.
 - Fish salvage operations must be conducted under a license issued by the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF). The MNRF should be contacted well in advance of any work to obtain the required fish collection license.
- Install the culvert so that it is embedded into the streambed; ensure the culvert remains passable (e.g. does not become perched) by fish and wildlife.

- Decommission the site isolation in a manner that minimizes the introduction of sediment. The downstream isolation barrier shall gradually be removed first, to equalize water levels inside and outside of the isolated area and to allow suspended sediments to settle.
- Stabilize and remove waste from the site.
- Where required, maintain effective erosion and sediment control measures until complete re-vegetation of disturbed areas is achieved.



Figure 2. Isolation of Site

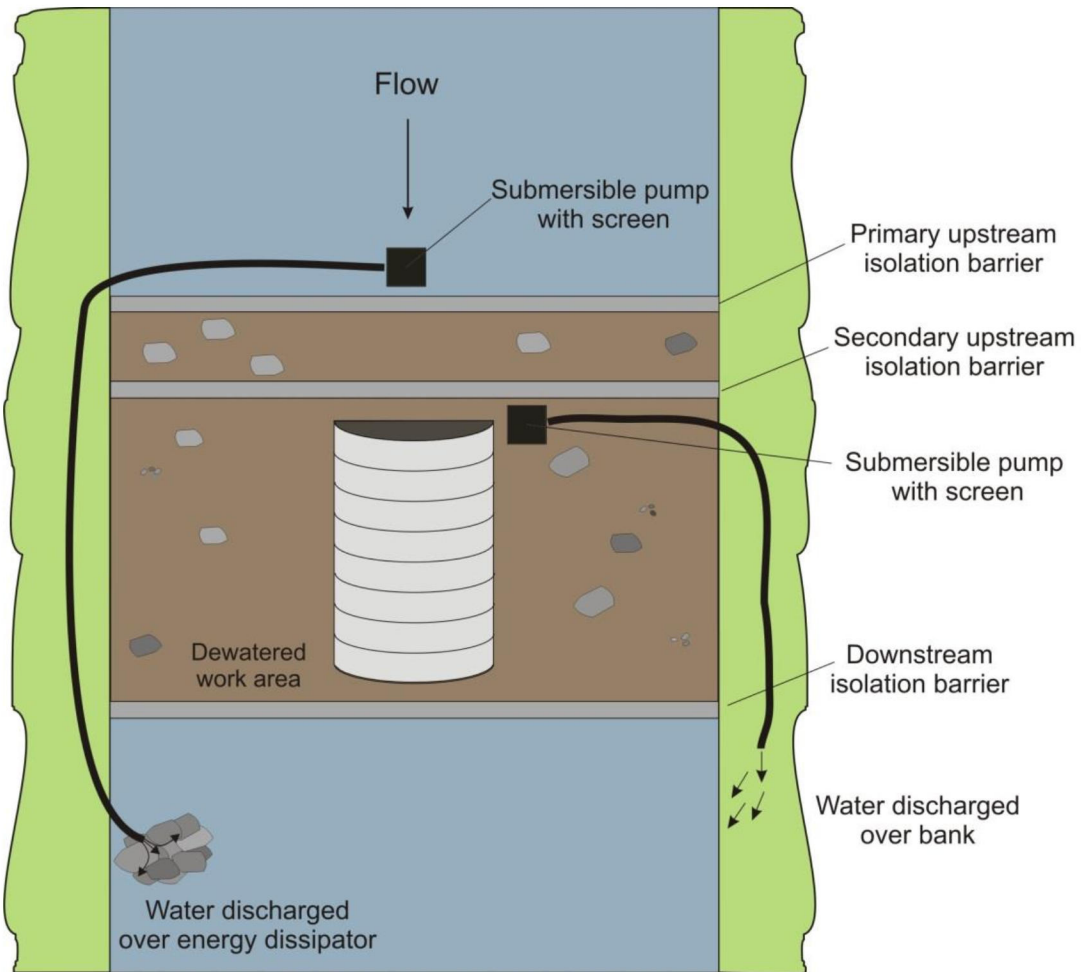


Figure 3. Isolation and Bypass Diversion when Working In-Water

Timing Windows

Figure 1 and Tables 1 and 2 can be used to determine the Restricted Activity period for the drain based on its classification. Note: Timing windows identified on [Conservation Authority](#) permits or [Ministry of Natural Resources](#) (Government of Ontario) work permits may differ and take precedence.



Figure 1. Ontario’s Northern and Southern Region boundaries for determining application of restricted activity timing windows.

Table 1. Restricted Activity timing windows for the protection of spawning fish and developing eggs and fry in the Northern Region. Dates represent when work should be avoided.

DRAIN TYPE	RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PERIOD
A	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
B	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
C	APRIL 1 TO JULY 15
D	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
E	APRIL 1 TO JULY 15

Table 2. Restricted Activity timing windows for the protection of spawning fish and developing eggs and fry in the Southern Region. Dates represent when work should be avoided.

DRAIN TYPE	RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PERIOD
A	SEPTEMBER 15 TO JULY 15
B	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15
C	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15
D	OCTOBER 1 TO JULY 15
E	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15

Standard Measures to Avoid Causing *Serious Harm to Fish*

When implementing a culvert removal project in a municipal drain, the *Fisheries Act* still requires an individual/company to ensure they avoid causing *serious harm to fish* during any activities in or near water. The following advice will help one avoid causing harm and comply with the *Act* (for additional information see <http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/pnw-ppe/measures-mesures/measures-mesures-eng.html>).

1. Schedule work to avoid wet, windy and rainy periods that may increase erosion and sedimentation.
2. Whenever possible, operate machinery on land above the high water mark or on ice and in a manner that minimizes disturbance to the banks and bed of the municipal drain.
 - Ensure that machinery arrives on site in a clean condition and is maintained free of fluid leaks.
 - Limit machinery fording of the municipal drain to a one-time event (i.e., over and back), and only if no alternative crossing method is available. If repeated crossings of the municipal drain are required, construct a temporary crossing structure.
 - Wash, refuel and service machinery and store fuel and other materials for the machinery in such a way as to prevent any deleterious substances from entering the water.
 - Keep an emergency spill kit on site in case of fluid leaks or spills from machinery.
3. Install effective sediment and erosion control measures before starting work to prevent sediment from entering the municipal drain. Inspect them regularly during the course of construction and make all necessary repairs if any damage occurs.
4. Erosion and sediment control measures should be maintained until all disturbed ground has been permanently stabilized, suspended sediment has resettled to the bed of the municipal drain and runoff water is clear.
5. Undertake all in-water activities in isolation of open or flowing water while maintaining the natural flow of water downstream and avoid introducing sediment into the municipal drain.
6. Ensure applicable permits for relocating fish are obtained and relocate any fish that become trapped in isolated pools or stranded in newly flooded areas to the main channel of the watercourse.
7. Ensure that the water that is being pumped/diverted from the site is filtered (sediment remove) prior to being released (e.g. pumping/diversion of water to a vegetated area).
8. Implement measures for containing and stabilizing waste material (e.g. dredging spoils, construction waste and materials, commercial logging waste, uprooted or cut aquatic plants, accumulated debris) above the high water mark of nearby waterbodies to prevent re-entry.
9. Stabilize shoreline or banks disturbed by any activity associated with the project to prevent erosion and/or sedimentation, preferably through re-vegetation with native species suitable for the site.
10. If replacement rock reinforcement/armouring is required to stabilize eroding or exposed areas, then ensure that appropriately-sized, clean rock is used; and that rock is installed at a similar slope to maintain a uniform bank/shoreline and natural stream/shoreline alignment.
11. Remove all construction materials from site upon project completion.

APPENDIX "B"

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PLAN & DETAILS

OF THE

BRIDGE OVER THE McCANN DRAIN

(For Wayne Hyland And Ethan Rumbles (040-12900),

Part Lots 289 & 290, N.T.R. Concession)

IN THE

MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)

IN THE

COUNTY OF ESSEX • ONTARIO

MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE

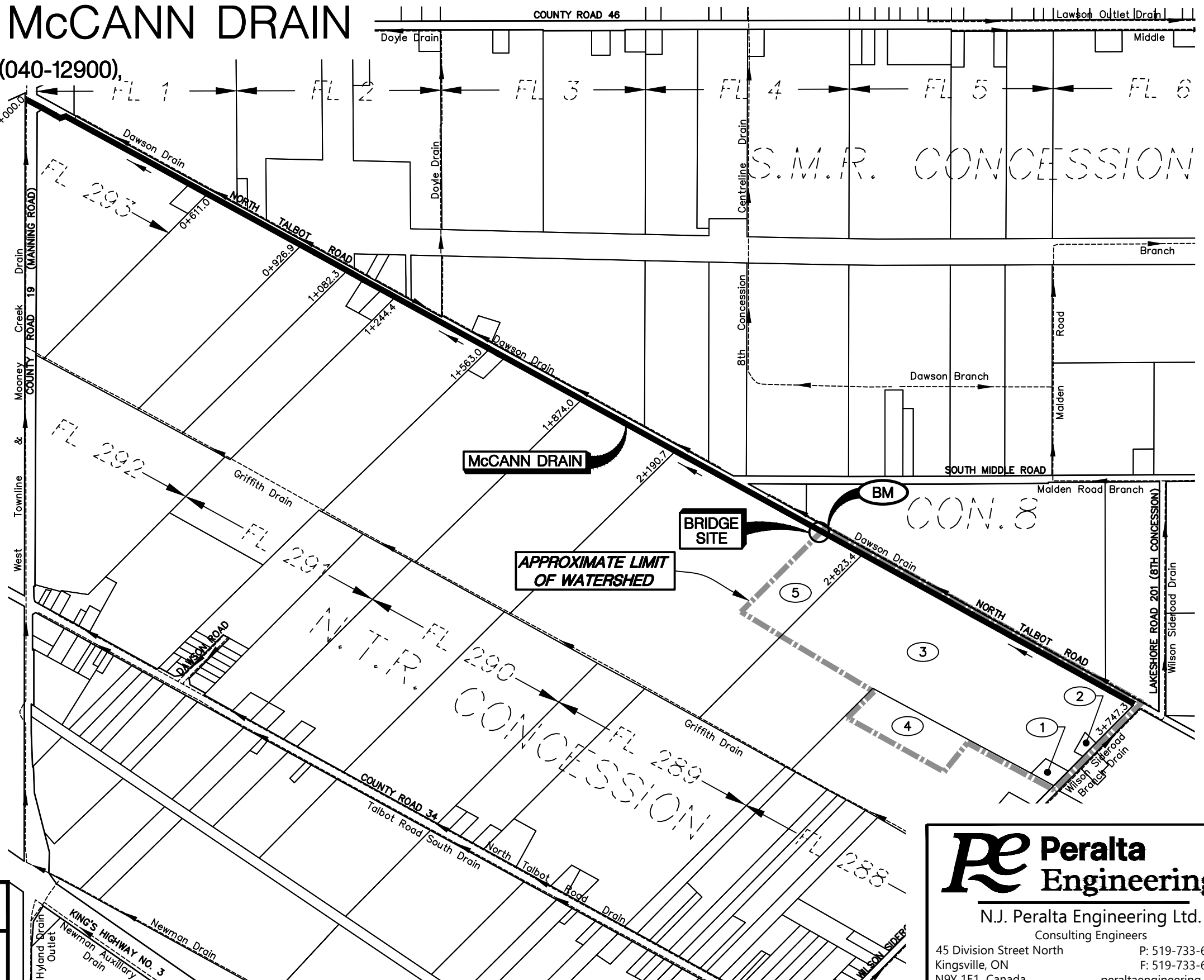
MAYOR: TRACEY BAILEY
CLERK: KRISTEN NEWMAN
DRAINAGE SUPERINTENDENT: BRIGAN BARLOW

DATE: MARCH 10th, 2025

BENCHMARK:

TOP OF NAIL SET IN SOUTH FACE OF EXISTING HYDRO POLE,
LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF NORTH TALBOT ROAD,
APPROXIMATELY 18.0m EAST OF THE SUBJECT BRIDGE.

ELEV. = 192.746m



\\NAS-TS-873\Data\PROJECTS\DRAINAGE\2024\24113\CADD\DWG\C3D\24113D1.dwg, 2025/03/12, 3:34:21 PM

(XX) - PARCEL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

PARCEL ID#	ROLL #	OWNER
1	040-05850	Brian & Kelly Cowan
2	040-05750	Carol Cowan
3	040-00103	Craig & Dorothy Cowan
4	040-06000	Paul, Tania & Eric Jobin
5	040-12900	Wayne Hyland & Ethan Rumbles

WATERSHED PLAN

Scale = 1:12,500



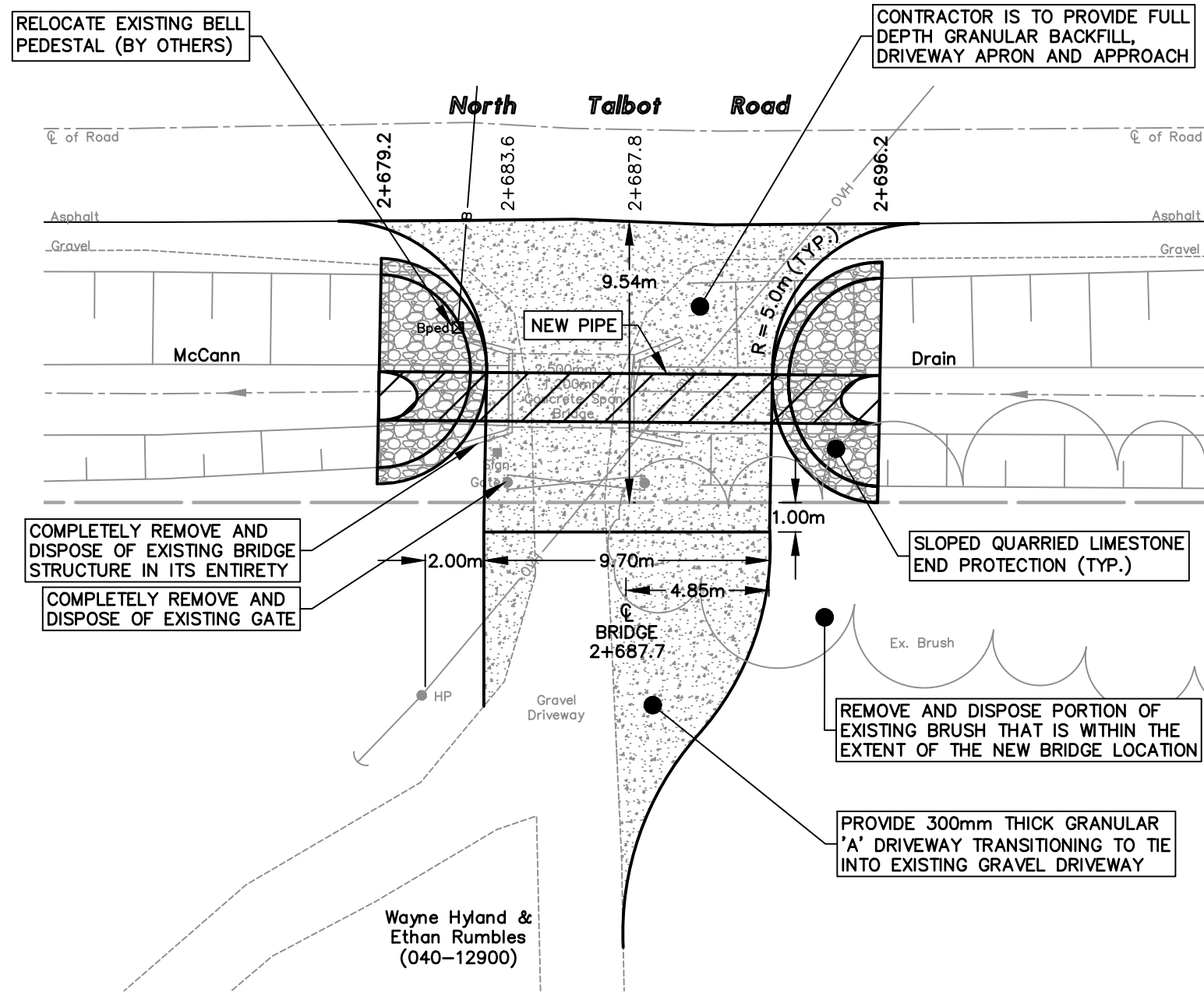
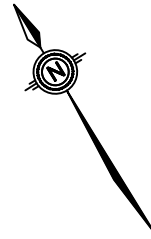
N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

Consulting Engineers

45 Division Street North Kingsville, ON N9Y 1E1 Canada
P: 519-733-6587 F: 519-733-6588 peraltaengineering.com

FILE No.: D24-113	DRAWN BY: N.D.H. DESIGNED BY: H.E.W. CHECKED BY: A.B.P.	SHEET No.: 1 OF 2
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BRIDGE PLAN
Scale = 1:200

GENERAL NOTES:

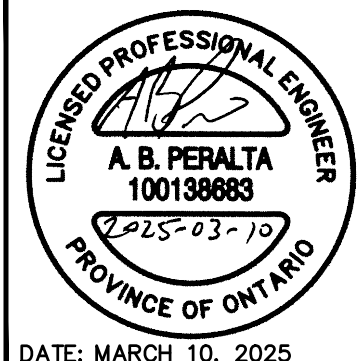
1. THE ACCURACY OF THE UTILITIES SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE OWNER OR PERALTA ENGINEERING LTD. OTHER UTILITIES MAY BE PRESENT OR THE UTILITIES SHOWN MAY DIFFER IN SIZE OR LOCATION SHOWN.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN IN METERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. PROPERTY LINES ARE APPROXIMATE AND ARE BASED ON THE MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE GIS, AND FIELD INFORMATION.
3. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO RECEIVE ALL NECESSARY PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATIONS ISSUED BY THE ESSEX REGION CONSERVATION AUTHORITY AND THE MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE.
4. CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE FULL DEPTH GRANULAR BACKFILL AND GRANULAR DRIVEWAY APPROACH AND TRANSITIONS AS SHOWN.
5. ALL LATERAL DRAINAGE TILES THAT OUTLET WITHIN THE LIMIT OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS BRIDGE SHALL BE EXTENDED AND DIVERTED UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS BRIDGE AND DISCHARGE INTO THE PROPOSED QUARRIED LIMESTONE END PROTECTION (SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR DETAILS).

BENCHMARK:
TOP OF NAIL SET IN SOUTH FACE OF EXISTING HYDRO POLE, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF NORTH TALBOT ROAD, APPROXIMATELY 18.0m EAST OF THE SUBJECT BRIDGE.
ELEV. = 192.746m

PIPE & DRIVEWAY ELEVATIONS:

UPSTREAM INV. (E) =	190.579m
DOWNSTREAM INV. (W) =	190.570m
DESIGN GRADE =	0.05%
☐ OF DRIVEWAY AT ROADWAY EDGE =	193.012m
☐ OF DRIVEWAY AT PIPE CENTRELINE =	192.680m
☐ OF DRIVEWAY 1.0m SOUTH OF R.O.W. LIMIT =	192.413m
DRIVEWAY CROSSFALL FROM CENTRELINE TO TOP OUT END OF END WALL =	1.50%

BRIDGE OVER THE McCANN DRAIN
(for Wayne Hyland And Ethan Rumbles (040-12900), Part Lots 289 & 290, N.T.R. Concession)
IN THE
MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
IN THE
COUNTY OF ESSEX • ONTARIO



Peralta Engineering
N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
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FILE No.:	DRAWN BY: N.D.H.	SHEET No.:
D24-113	DESIGNED BY: H.E.W.	2 OF 2
	CHECKED BY: A.B.P.	

DATE: MARCH 10, 2025



ENGINEER'S REPORT

(Drainage Act, RSO 1990, c. D.17)

PROJECT

Bridge Over the Hostine Drain

For Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100)

Part of Lot 17, Concession 2

(Geographic Township of Maidstone)

Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex

Project No. D24-112

March 21, 2025

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

45 Division Street North

Kingsville, ON N9Y 1E1

519-733-6587

peraltaengineering.com

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MUNICIPAL DRAINS AND THE DRAINAGE ACT

The "Drainage Act" is one of the oldest pieces of legislation in Ontario, passed in 1859. It provides a democratic procedure for the construction, improvement and maintenance of drainage works. A procedure whereby the Municipality may assist in providing a legal drainage outlet for surface and subsurface waters not attainable under common law. Accordingly, provides much-needed assistance to facilitate the problems of obtaining a legal drainage outlet, engineering and cost distribution.

The Drainage Act provides a legal procedure by which an "area requiring drainage" may receive an outlet drain constructed to dispose of excess stormwater runoff to a sufficient outlet. This drainage infrastructure is otherwise known as a "Municipal Drain". Municipal Drains are identified by Municipal By-Law that adopts an Engineer's Report. The drainage engineer has the obligation to prepare an unbiased Engineer's Report based on information presented in written form, orally, and from visual inspection; in accordance with currently accepted design criteria. These reports form the legal basis for construction and management of the Municipal Drain. As such, an Engineer's Report shall contain specific details such as plans, profiles, and specifications that define the location, size and depth of the drainage infrastructure, together with establishing how costs are shared amongst all stakeholders.

Through the democratic procedure, the Engineer's Report is presented to all Stakeholders in front of Municipal Council (or a Drainage Board appointed by Council) for consideration. The Drainage Act provides an appeal process to address various aspects of Municipal Drains. These appeal bodies are the Court of Revision, the Ontario Drainage Tribunal and the Drainage Referee.

For additional information, Fact Sheets, and reference materials regarding the Drainage Act and Municipal Drains, please visit: <https://www.ontario.ca/page/agricultural-drainage>

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Introduction.....	2
II.	Background and Drain History	2
III.	Preliminary Investigations and On-Site Meeting	3
IV.	Field Survey	5
V.	Findings and Recommendations	6
VI.	Allowances and Compensation	7
VII.	Estimate of Cost.....	8
VIII.	Drawings and Specifications.....	9
IX.	Construction Schedule of Assessment Rationale	9
X.	Future Maintenance.....	11
	Construction Schedule of Assessment	12
	Standard Specifications – General	SSG-1 to SSG-8
	Standard Specifications – New Access Bridge Installation	SSB-1 to SSB-17
	Special Provisions	SP-1 to SP-7

APPENDICES

Appendix “A” – Environmental Considerations

Appendix A-1 – ERCA Correspondence

Appendix A-2 – DFO Best Management Practices

Appendix “B” – Design Drawings - Sheets 1 to 1

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PROJECT | **Bridge Over the Hostine Drain**
For Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100)
Part of Lot 17, Concession 2
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D24-112

March 21, 2025

Mayor and Municipal Council

Corporation of the Municipality of Lakeshore
419 Notre Dame Street
Belle River, ON N0R 1A0

I. INTRODUCTION

In accordance with the instructions received by email on October 2, 2024, from the Municipality of Lakeshore's Drainage Department, we have completed the necessary survey, examinations, investigations, etc. and have prepared the following report to provide for the replacement access bridge installation in the Hostine Drain, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. These investigations were initiated by a resolution passed by Council for our firm to undertake the preparation of an Engineer's Report for the works within this drain, in accordance with the Drainage Act. The Hostine Drain is generally an open drain with a number of access structures, which were constructed under the auspices of the Drainage Act. A plan showing the alignment of the Hostine Drain, the general location of the subject access bridge, and the details of the general improvements under this project, are included herein as part of this report.

The initial request, submitted by Kevin Girard (140-00100), was to provide an Engineer's Report for the replacement of the existing access bridge.

Our appointment and the works relative to the general improvements of the Hostine Drain, proposed under this report, is in accordance with Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended in 2021". We have performed all of the necessary surveys, investigations, etc., for the proposed access bridge, and we report thereon as follows.

II. BACKGROUND AND DRAIN HISTORY

A review of the Municipality of Lakeshore's drainage records indicates that the Hostine Drain is an existing open Municipal Drain that has been repaired and improved on a number of previous occasions through the auspicious of the Drainage Act.

The Hostine Drain is an existing Municipal Drain that serves as a primary drainage outlet for the lands within Lot 16 through Lot 19, NMR Concession, and Lot 17 through Lot 19, Concession 2, within the Municipality of Lakeshore (Geographic Township of Maidstone). This Municipal Drain commences from its top end at

the mid point of NMR Concession between Lots 16 and 17. The drain then continues northerly and downstream to the south limit of North Rear Road. From this point, the drain proceeds easterly along the south side of North Rear Road to the west limit of Oriole Park Drive. The drain then continues north along the west side of Oriole Park Drive to a point (Sta. 3+120) where the drain meanders through private lands and crosses Highway 401, where it continues north and ultimately outlets into the Lower Part of the Browns Creek Drain, at Walls Road.

From our review, we have found several Engineer's Reports prepared through the provisions of the Drainage Act for the Hostine Drain. However, we have outlined the following relevant Engineer's Report that we utilized as a reference for carrying out this project:

- a) **August 30, 1974**, Engineer's Report for the "Hostine Drain and Branch" prepared by M. Armstrong, P.Eng., was carried out under Township of Maidstone By-Law No. 2783. The works conducted under this report generally consisted of a bottom clean-out and brushing along the entire length of the drain.

From our detailed research of the above-listed Engineer's Report, we have determined that there is no record of establishment for the access bridge requested to be replaced within the Hostine Drain. Therefore, the existing access bridge is currently considered to be a private structure within this Municipal Drain until such time that it is addressed through an Engineer's Report and established under the auspicious of the Drainage Act. As a result, the cost for the replacement of the access bridge is anticipated to be fully assessed to the benefiting landowner. We have utilized the 1974 report to establish the size, parameters and grades for the drain, together with the necessary details to be utilized in establishing the proposed access bridge installation.

III. PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATIONS AND ON-SITE MEETING

After reviewing all the available drainage information and documentation provided by the Drainage Superintendent, an On-Site Meeting was scheduled for November 28, 2024. The following stakeholders attended said meeting:

Name	Affiliation
Kevin Girard	Landowner – 589 West Belle River Road
Gerald Papineau	Landowner – 1221 Hawthorn Drive
Len & Chris Fuerth	Landowner – 1446 O'Brien Road
Randy Scratch	Landowner – 1404 North Rear Road
Lanny Fuerth	Landowner – 1317 North Rear Road
John Fontes	Landowner – 1220 Oriole Park Drive
Pauline Abboud	Landowner – 1225 Oriole Park Drive
Rick Fuerth	Landowner - 1282 Oriole Park Drive
Wayne Ormshaw	Municipality of Lakeshore Division Leader – Capital Works
Spencer Westerberg	Municipality of Lakeshore Assistant Drainage Superintendent
Tony Peralta	N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
Hannah Waldt	N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

At the onset of this meeting, Wayne Ormshaw made introductions and generally advised that a written notice had been submitted by Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100) for the replacement of the existing access bridge over the Hostine Drain. Wayne Ormshaw introduced N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. as the appointed engineering firm for the project.

Hannah Waldt provided a brief history of the drainage system and outlined its status as a Municipal Drain, through the provisions of the Drainage Act. Hannah further explained that a Municipal Drain is a communally accepted drain and that all landowners within the watershed are considered stakeholders. Hannah outlined that the purpose of this "On-Site Meeting" is to provide a general introduction to the project while initiating dialogue with the affected stakeholders to establish and confirm the general scope of work for the project. Hannah encouraged those in attendance to provide as much input as possible to ensure that all applicable details are included within the investigations.

Hannah provided a general overview of the project details and process and generally reviewed the condition of the existing access bridge. It was evident that the existing access was much narrower than a standard access and presented a safety concern for the travelling public.

It was observed that the current access bridge was a concrete span bridge. Additionally, it was identified that the majority of the upstream access bridges along the Hostine Drain were concrete span bridges. Hannah advised that our office would conduct a hydraulic analysis of the drain at this location to determine if the replacement access bridge would need to be a concrete span bridge or if a culvert bridge would be acceptable.

Based on the information in the governing By-Law and all other reports for the subject drain, the existing farm access bridge was not previously identified within any of the past By-Laws for the Hostine Drain. Therefore, it is anticipated that the existing access bridge would not be considered a legal entity with respect to the Municipal Drain. As a result, the cost to replace the access bridge would not be eligible for cost-sharing. However, upon its initial replacement under this report, the new access bridge shall be deemed a legal structure with respect to the Hostine Drain and will be eligible for future maintenance and cost-sharing.

Kevin Girard was advised that the minimum standard top width of the driveway access is 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.). Furthermore, if the Owner wishes to provide a top width wider than the standard 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), the additional cost shall be assessed 100% to the abutting Owner for both the initial construction and future maintenance. The Owner was advised of two options for end treatments, sloped quarried limestone end treatments or vertical concrete headwall. The Owner confirmed that he would prefer that the structure be installed with a standard 6.10 metre (20.00 ft.) top width and sloped quarried limestone end treatments. Although the owner preferred sloped quarried limestone end treatments, he was further advised that based on the potential length, the final headwall option may be governed by the maximum culvert length to meet the fish migration requirements from the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO).

Kevin Girard informed the engineers that the property was involved in a severance about 5 years ago. Tony advised that this might affect his eligibility to receive the Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Agribusiness (OMAFRA) grant. Tony said he would seek clarification from OMAFRA on this specific circumstance.

Hannah advised that the new access bridge installation would be subject to the approvals and mitigation measures of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA), Ministry Natural Resources (MNR), and the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP).

Hannah reviewed the general process through the Drainage Act for the new bridge installation. The overall drainage report and future maintenance processes, general timelines, and grant eligibility were generally reviewed. We also discussed general timelines for construction. The Owners were also advised that it would be likely that the works in this drain were not to be undertaken between March 15 and July 15, unless otherwise permitted by DFO, ERCA, MNR, and the MECP.

On this note, the On-Site Meeting had concluded.

IV. FIELD SURVEY

Following the On-Site Meeting, we arranged for our Survey Crew to attend the site and perform a topographic survey, including taking the necessary levels and details of the Hostine Drain to establish the design parameters for the replacement access bridge.

Benchmarks were looped from previous work carried out on the drain and were utilized in establishing a relative site Benchmark near the location of the access structure site. We also surveyed the drain for a considerable distance both upstream and downstream of the existing access bridge in order to establish a design grade profile for the installation of the new access bridge. We also took cross-sections of the Hostine Drain at the general location of the existing access bridge, as necessary, for us to complete our design calculations, estimates and specifications.

The Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) currently regulates the Endangered Species Act, 2007. The provisions under Ontario Regulation 242/08, Section 23.9 allows the Town to conduct repairs, maintenance, and improvements, within existing Municipal Drains, under the Drainage Act and these works are exempt from Sections 9 and 10 of the Endangered Species Act, so long as the rules in the regulation are followed. If eligible, the regulatory provision allows Municipalities to give notice to the Ministry by registering their drainage activities through an online registry system.

Prior to our appointment to this project, we understand that the Municipality of Lakeshore provided the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) with a notice advising of the proposed drainage works, as required under Section 78(2) of the Drainage Act. Based on their comments, we engaged in further correspondence with the ERCA, regarding specific requirements for the approval of the proposed bridge design.

V. FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our topographic survey, detailed investigations, information derived from the On-Site Meeting and subsequent discussions and review with affected landowners, together with the review through other environmental government agency processes, we have proceeded to establish the required details to adequately address the specified improvements within the Hostine Drain. Our findings and recommendations are outlined in the following paragraphs.

ERCA/DFO and MECP Considerations

During the course of our investigations, this drainage project was discussed and reviewed in detail with Ashley Gyori, of the ERCA, to deal with any ERCA issues and comments related to this Municipal Drain. The Hostine Drain is located within the regulated area and is under the jurisdiction of the ERCA. Therefore, an ERCA Permit is required for the improvements to the Hostine Drain. Upon their request, design proposals were submitted to the ERCA for their review and consideration. Further to the above, the ERCA provided us with their comments and concerns through email correspondence, and said email is included herein as **Appendix "A"**.

As outlined in our discussions with the ERCA, and with respect to the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) concerns and comments, the proposed works within this Municipal Drain were "self-assessed" by the Engineer through the DFO website and the utilization of the "Guidance for Maintaining and Repairing Municipal Drain in Ontario" to determine whether this project shall be reviewed by the DFO. The Hostine Drain has been established as a Class 'F' Drain by the DFO from its outlet in the Lower Part of the Browns Creek Drain to the upstream end of the Hostine Drain located in Lots 16 through 19, NMR Concession, and Lots 17 through 19, Concession 2. Based on the DFO Self-Assessment website and the guidance document, we have determined that the project activities would not require a DFO review for the works proposed under this project so long as standard measures for fish habitat and migration are implemented. A copy of the DFO "Best Management Practices – Culvert Replacements in Municipal Drain" document is also included within **Appendix "A."**

The Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) has transitioned the responsibilities of the Species at Risk Provincial Legislation to the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP). Section 23.9 of the Endangered Species Act, 2007 allows the Town to conduct eligible repairs, maintenance, and improvement work under the Drainage Act that exempts these works from Sections 9 and 10 of this Act, so long as they follow the rules within Ontario Regulation 242/08.

In recognition of the impacts that these species may experience as a result of the subject works, the Municipality of Lakeshore has provided comprehensive mitigation measures as well as species identification guides for reference. These references will be provided to the successful tenderer and shall be available for viewing at the Municipal Office for those interested.

Through correspondence with the ERCA, the Self-Assessment through DFO, and the mitigation measures through the Endangered Species Act, we have provided for all of the ERCA, DFO, and MECP concerns and issues in our design and recommend that these drainage works be constructed in total compliance with all of the above.

Replacement Access Bridge Details

Prior to the completion of our Engineer's Report on this project, we had discussions with Kevin Girard to review the particulars of the access bridge in detail. As part of the bridge details, we further reviewed the associated costs.

Through our discussions, it was established that he would require a minimum driveway top width of 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), with sloped quarried limestone end treatments. Based on these details, Kevin Girard was advised that we have determined that the access bridge would require 13.0 metres (42.65 ft.) of 1850mm span x 1400mm rise, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Ultra-Flo Pipe Arch with sloped quarried limestone end treatments. As such, the travelled portion of the driveway's top width would be 6.20 metres (20.34 ft.). Additionally, the culvert installation shall provide for a minimum of 10% pipe embedment for fish habitat and migration. The location of the new access bridge shall have a similar alignment to the existing access bridge. Specifically, the centreline of the new access bridge was set to match the centreline of the existing access bridge.

Kevin Girard was reminded that since the existing access bridge was not a legal structure within the Municipal Drain, 100% of the construction and incidental cost will be assessed to the abutting property. However, following its initial replacement under this report, the new access bridge shall be deemed a legal structure with respect to the Hostine Drain and will be eligible for future maintenance and cost-sharing.

Kevin Girard was informed that although the property was involved in a severance within the last 5 years, we had contacted the OMAFA Drainage Program Coordinator, Tim Brook to receive clarification on the grant eligibility for this circumstance. Based on the information presented to Tim Brook, he suggested that this project would still be eligible for the Agricultural Drainage Infrastructure Program (ADIP) grant through OMAFA. This is due to the fact that the residential property severed from the agricultural property was completely independent of the subject access bridge and does not require an access bridge over the Hostine Drain, as it requires an access from Lakeshore Road 115.

Based on all the above, we recommend that the replacement access bridge to be constructed within the Hostine Drain shall serve as the primary access for the existing agricultural lands owned by Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100) in Part of Lot 17, Concession 2, in accordance with this report, the attached specifications and the accompanying drawings, and that all works associated with same be carried out in accordance with Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

VI. ALLOWANCES AND COMPENSATION

All of the work carried out under this project is located alongside the Hostine Drain and/or within the subject private property. Furthermore, all areas disturbed by this work are specified for full restoration. Therefore, these works shall not require land to be taken, nor result in any loss of production of agricultural property or any indirect damages to the non-agricultural areas. Therefore, no allowances or compensation shall be provided under Sections 29 and 30 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

VII. ESTIMATE OF COST

Our estimate of the total cost of this work, including all incidental expenses, is the sum of **FIFTY-THREE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED FIVE DOLLARS (\$53,105.00)** made up as follows:

CONSTRUCTION ITEMS					
Item	Description	Est Qty	Unit	Unit Price	Total
1.	<p>Access Bridge Replacement: Carefully excavate, completely remove and dispose of the existing concrete span bridge and rip rap material in its entirety; Provide all labour, equipment and materials to construct a new access bridge consisting of 13.00 metres (42.65 ft.) of 1850mm span x 1400mm rise, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Ultra-Flo Pipe Arch including sloped quarried limestone end treatments, granular bedding and backfill, granular approaches and transitions, granular backfill in all gore areas, lateral tile extensions, excavation, compaction, topsoil, seeding and mulching, cleanup and restoration, complete.</p>	1.0	Lump Sum	\$ 35,000.00	\$ 35,000.00
2.	Net HST for the above construction items (1.76%)				\$ 616.00
TOTAL FOR CONSTRUCTION =					\$ 35,616.00

INCIDENTALS		
Item	Description	Total
1.	Report, Estimates and Specifications	\$ 5,500.00
2.	Survey, Assistance, Expenses and Drawings	\$ 4,500.00
3.	Duplicating Report and Drawings	\$ 700.00
4.	Estimated Cost for Letting Contract, including the preparation of Tender Documents and Tender Review	\$ 1,600.00
5.	Estimated Cost for Full-Time Inspection, Supervision and Project Management during Construction, if required (approx. 2-day duration)	\$ 4,100.00
6.	Net HST on the above items (1.76%)	\$ 289.00
7.	Estimate Cost for ERCA Permit	\$ 800.00
TOTAL FOR INCIDENTALS =		\$ 17,489.00
TOTAL FOR CONSTRUCTION (brought forward) =		\$ 35,616.00
TOTAL ESTIMATE =		\$ 53,105.00

VIII. DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

As part of this report, we have attached design drawings for the replacement of the existing access bridge within the Hostine Drain. The design drawings show the general alignment of the Hostine Drain and the approximate location of the replacement access bridge. The plans also illustrate the affected landowners and the details associated with the replacement of the access bridge. The design drawings are attached to the back of this report and are labelled **Appendix "B"**.

Also attached, we have prepared Standard Specifications and Special Provisions which set out the required construction details for the replacement bridge installation, as set out under this Report.

IX. CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT RATIONALE

We would recommend that all of the costs associated with the details identified herein be totally assessed against the agricultural lands of Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100) and in accordance with the attached **Construction Schedule of Assessment**.

Agricultural Grants and Grant Eligibility

The Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food, and Agribusiness (OMAFRA) has issued Administrative Policies for the Agricultural Drainage Infrastructure Program (ADIP) to provide financial assistance for assessments of eligible agricultural lands pursuant to the Drainage Act.

Based on our investigations, the subject access bridge is being installed within agricultural lands to serve an agricultural property. The property originally consisted of the agricultural lands and a residential dwelling, each having separate accesses from Lakeshore Road 115. The residential portion residing between Lakeshore Road 115 and the Hostine Drain does not require an access over the Hostine Drain. The agricultural parcel requires an access bridge over the Hostine Drain to access the entire farm. On March 8, 2018, the residential portion of the property was severed from the agricultural lands. Based on the orientation of these properties and the drain, this severance did not have an impact the use of the subject access bridge over the Hostine Drain.

Based on this unique situation, we contacted the OMAFA Drainage Program Coordinator, Tim Brook, to seek clarification on the project's grant eligibility. Based on the information provided, he suggested that the work being proposed under this report would likely be eligible for the ADIP grant through OMAFA.

Therefore, the replacement of the existing access bridge to the subject lands is likely eligible for such a grant due to the following provisions within the ADIP policies through OMAFA:

1. **Policy 2.3.i(i)** – For every drain, every agricultural property is entitled to one drain crossing. Any additional crossing on this property will not be eligible for the grant.

Since the subject access bridge was not impacted by the severance on March 8, 2018, and serves as the only access to the subject lands, the cost for its installation is likely eligible for the 1/3 grant through the current ADIP Policy. Therefore, the assessments related to the construction of the access to this property shall be shown in the attached Construction Schedule of Assessment under the Subheading "**5. Privately Owned – Agricultural Lands (grantable)**".

In accordance with ADIP policies, we expect that this project will qualify for the grant normally available for agricultural lands. We would therefore recommend that the Municipality of Lakeshore make an application, on their behalf, for a Grant from the OMAFA in the amount of 1/3 of their total assessment for this project, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 85 and 88 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021". Even though it is our opinion that certain lands shall likely be eligible for grants, there is no guarantee that these lands will qualify or that grants may be available in the future.

Distribution of Unforeseen Costs (Special Assessments Section 26)

During construction, it may become necessary to temporarily or permanently relocate existing utilities that may conflict with the works outlined within this report. Under these circumstances, the relocation of these utilities shall be assessed for any relocation costs against the public utility having jurisdiction in accordance with Section 26 of the Drainage Act. In accordance with Section 69 of the Drainage Act, the utility company is allowed the option to carry out this work utilizing their own forces and at their own cost. However, should they not exercise this option within a reasonable time, the Municipality may arrange to have this work completed and the costs for such works shall be charged to the appropriate public utility. Furthermore, any unforeseen construction costs directly related to the Section 26 works shall be assessed entirely, as an extra, to the applicable Road Authority or Utility.

X. FUTURE MAINTENANCE

After the completion of all of the works associated with this Engineer's Report, we recommend that the replacement access bridge be maintained in the future by the Municipality of Lakeshore.

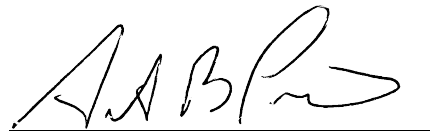
Furthermore, if any maintenance work is required in the future to this access bridge, we wish to establish that **58.7%** of the future maintenance costs be assessed as a Benefit Assessment against the abutting property being served by the access bridge, which is currently owned by Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100), in Part of Lot 17, Concession 2, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. The remaining **41.3%** of the future maintenance cost shall be assessed as an Outlet Assessment against the lands and roads lying upstream of the bridge site, within the drain's watershed. The assessment to upstream lands and roads shall be assessed in the same proportions as the Outlet assessment charges shown in the most current governing Schedule of Assessment for the "Hostine Drain and Branch" Engineer's Report prepared by M. Armstrong, P.Eng., dated August 30, 1974, or as per subsequent amendments made thereto under the Drainage Act.

We would also recommend that the replacement access bridge, as identified herein, be maintained in the future as part of the drainage works, and that said maintenance would include works to the bridge culvert, bedding, backfill and end treatment. Should concrete, asphalt, or other decorative driveway surfaces over this bridge culvert require removal as part of the maintenance works, these surfaces should also be repaired or replaced as part of the works. Likewise, if any fencing, gates, decorative walls, guard rails or other special features exist that will be impacted by the maintenance work, they are also to be removed and restored or replaced as part of the bridge maintenance work. However, the cost of the supply and installation of any surface material other than Granular "A" material, and the cost of removal and restoration or replacement, if necessary, of any special features, shall be totally assessed to the benefiting adjoining owner served by said access bridge.

All of the above provisions for the future maintenance of this replacement access bridge, being constructed under this report, shall remain as aforesaid until otherwise determined under the provisions of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

All of which is respectfully submitted,

N.J. PERALTA ENGINEERING LTD.



Antonio B. Peralta, P.Eng.

ABP/kk



CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT

5. PRIVATELY OWNED - AGRICULTURAL LANDS (grantable):

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
140-00100	2	Pt. 17	40.32	19.40	7.851	Kevin & Hope Girard	\$ 53,105.00	- \$	53,105.00
Total on Privately Owned - Agricultural Lands (grantable).....							\$ 53,105.00	- \$	53,105.00
TOTAL ASSESSMENT				19.40	7.851		\$ 53,105.00	- \$	53,105.00

1 Hectare = 2.471 Acres

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SPECIFICATIONS

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STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

General
(Revised January 2024)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Conditions for Specifications.....	2
II.	Review of Site, Plans, and Specifications	2
III.	Maintenance Period	3
IV.	Liability of The Contractor	3
V.	General Coordination	3
VI.	Legal Survey Bars and Monuments	3
VII.	Maintaining Conveyance.....	3
VIII.	Approvals, Permitting, and Inspection	4
IX.	Traffic Control.....	4
X.	Fencing and/or Structures.....	5
XI.	Benchmarks	5
XII.	Environmental Considerations.....	6
XIII.	Final Cleanup and Restoration.....	6
XIV.	General Conditions.....	6

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STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

General
(Revised January 2024)

I. GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications, together with the accompanying drawings and appendices, delineate the furnishing of all labour, equipment, materials, and supplies required for the performance of all operations relating to the construction and/or improvements of a Municipal Drain under the most recent revision of the Drainage Act and/or amendments made thereto. These specifications serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. "Special Provisions" are included as part of the overall document and shall be read in conjunction with these standard specifications. Where a discrepancy occurs between the requirements of the Standard Specifications and the Special Provisions, the Special Provisions shall govern. In the event that the Specifications, Information to Tenderers, or the Form of Agreement do not apply to a specific condition or circumstance with respect to this project, the applicable section or sections from the Canadian Construction Documents Committee (CCDC) shall govern and be used to establish the requirements of the work.

Any reference to "Drainage Superintendent" and/or "Consulting Engineer" within this document shall refer to the person (or persons) appointed by the Council of the Municipality having jurisdiction over the drainage works.

All work shall be done in a first-class and workmanlike manner, complete in all respects and including all items specified herein, or as necessary for the accomplishment of a complete, satisfactory, and approved installation.

II. REVIEW OF SITE, PLANS, AND SPECIFICATIONS

As part of the Tender process, each tenderer shall visit the site(s) and review all documentation associated with the project prior to their tender submission and satisfy themselves with the full extent of the scope of work and conditions to complete the project. The Contractor may request, at any time prior to the closing of the tender, to examine any associated information available from the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. Claims that there are any misunderstandings of the terms and conditions of the Contract related to site conditions will not be permitted.

The quantities identified within the Construction Items, Drawings and/or Specifications are estimates only and are intended for the sole purpose of identifying the general extent of the proposed work. The tenderer shall be responsible to verify the quantities for accuracy prior to submitting their tender.

III. MAINTENANCE PERIOD

The successful tenderer shall guarantee and warrant the work for a period of twelve (12) months from the time that substantial completion is issued. Upon the expiry of the maintenance period, with ordinary wear and tear, the work shall remain in such condition as will meet with the approval of the Consulting Engineer, and it will be responsible for rectification in a manner satisfactory to the Consulting Engineer. The cost thereof, of any imperfect work due to or arising from materials, equipment or plant incorporated into or used in the construction thereof, or due to or arising from workmanship or methods of construction, that is discovered by any means at any time prior to the issuance of the Final Certificate. The Consulting Engineer shall decide as to the nature, extent, cause of, and responsibility for imperfect work and the necessity for and the method of rectification thereof. In the event that the Contractor fails to comply with the above and address any deficiencies, the Municipality may complete these deficiencies, with the guidance of the Consulting Engineer, to make such repairs or complete such works, and the whole costs, charges and/or expenses so incurred may be deducted from any amount due or collected from the Contractor.

IV. LIABILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR

The Contractor, its agents, workforce and/or sub-contractors, shall satisfy itself as to the exact location, nature and extent of any existing structure, utility or other objects that it may encounter during the course of the work. The Contractor will be responsible for any damage caused by it to any person, property, public utilities, and/or municipal infrastructure. The Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless, the Municipality and the Consulting Engineer for any damages which it may cause or sustain during the progress of the work. The Contractor shall not hold the Municipality or the Consulting Engineer liable for any legal action arising out of any claims brought about by such damage caused by it.

V. GENERAL COORDINATION

The Contractor shall be responsible for the coordination with other organizations, agencies, and utility companies in connection with the works. The Contractor shall not take action against the Municipality or the Engineer for delays caused by the site being unavailable to them by the Municipality or Consulting Engineer because of the acts, omissions, conduct or misconduct of other organizations or utility companies engaged in other work.

VI. LEGAL SURVEY BARS AND MONUMENTS

The Contractor is to note that legal survey bars may exist within the work site, and it shall take whatever steps necessary to protect these features. If any iron bar or monument is damaged or removed by the Contractor, it shall arrange for an Ontario Land Surveyor licensed in the Province of Ontario to restore same, all at the Contractor's expense.

VII. MAINTAINING CONVEYANCE

The drainage works shall not be conducted at times when flows in the drain are elevated due to local rain events, storms, or seasonal floods. Work shall be completed during times when the drain is dry or frozen.

When performing excavation work, care should be taken not to interfere with, plug up, or damage any existing surface drains, swales, and lateral or main tile ends. The Contractor shall be responsible to maintain permanent flow at all times. Temporary damming of flow is permitted to conduct the necessary works. However, the Contractor is responsible to monitor and ensure no damage occurs as a result of its actions. Under no circumstances shall temporary damming be permitted for an extended period (ie. overnight, etc.) without a suitable water control plan approved by the Drainage Superintendent, Consulting Engineer and/or the Conservation Authority.

VIII. APPROVALS, PERMITTING, AND INSPECTION

The works proposed under this project is subject to the approval, inspection, regulations, and by-laws of all Municipal, Provincial, and Federal entity, or any other agency having jurisdiction associated with the drainage works established herein. The Contractor shall ensure that all applicable permits and approvals are procured from all affected authorities prior to carrying out any of the prescribed works identified within the Contract, or in the vicinity of any public utility, railway and/or road authority.

The drainage works forming part of this project, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Town Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to its completion. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of any underground feature without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve said installation. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours' notice to the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of the work. All works shall be performed during normal working hours of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer from Monday to Friday unless written authorization is provided by them to amend these working hours.

Upon completion of the works and prior to the demobilization and removal of all equipment and materials from the site, the Contractor shall notify the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer to arrange a final inspection of the works. The final inspection is intended to ensure that all aspects of the drainage work are satisfactorily completed and/or identify any outstanding deficiencies. Any outstanding deficiencies shall be addressed expeditiously as weather permits.

IX. TRAFFIC CONTROL

The Contractor shall ensure that the travelling public is always protected while utilizing the roadway for its access. The Contractor shall be required to carry out all the necessary steps to direct traffic and provide temporary diversion of traffic around work sites, including provision of all lights, signs, flag persons, and barricades required to protect the safety of the travelling public. The Contractor shall be required to submit a Traffic Control Plan to the Consulting Engineer for approval from the governing Road Authorities. The Traffic Control Plan shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Ontario Traffic Manual's Book 7 for Temporary Conditions. Should the Contractor have to close any roads for the proposed works, it shall arrange to obtain the necessary authorizations from the Municipality, County, or Provincial Roads Departments (if applicable) and distribute notification of detours around the site. The Contractor shall also ensure that all emergency services, school bus companies, etc. are contacted about the disruption to access

at least 48 hours in advance of same. All detour routes shall be established in consultation with the Municipality and County Roads Department (if applicable).

Due to the extent of the work and the area for carrying out the work, the Contractor shall be required to carry out all of the necessary steps to direct traffic and provide temporary diversion of traffic around work sites, including the provision of all lights, signs, flag persons, and barricades required to protect the safety of the travelling public. Any accesses or areas used in carrying out the works are to be fully restored to their original conditions by the Contractor, including topsoil placement and lawn restoration as directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. Restoration shall include but not be limited to all necessary levelling, grading, shaping, topsoil, seeding and mulching, and granular placement required to make good any damage caused.

The Contractor shall note that any deviation from the specified access for the construction of the culvert without the explicit approval of the adjacent landowners and the Drainage Superintendent could result in the Contractor being liable for damages sustained. The value for such damage shall be determined by the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer and be subsequently deducted from the Contract Price. Where applicable, the Contractor shall be responsible for any damage caused by them to any portion of the road right-of-way. They shall take whatever precautions are necessary to avoid damage to the roadway. Any damage to the roadway must be restored to its' original condition upon completion of the works.

X. FENCING AND/OR STRUCTURES

Where it is necessary to take down any fence and/or structure to proceed with the work, same shall be done by the Contractor across or along that portion of the work where such fence and/or structure is located. The Contractor shall be required to exercise extreme care in the removal of any fencing and/or structure, to ensure minimum damage to same. The Contractor shall be required to replace any fence and/or structure that is taken down in order to proceed with the work, and the fence and/or structure shall be replaced in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall not be required to procure any new materials for rebuilding the fence and/or structure provided that it has used reasonable care in the removal and replacement of same. When any fence and/or structure is removed by the Contractor, and the Owner thereof deems it advisable and procures new material for replacing the fence and/or structure so removed, the Contractor shall replace the fence and/or structure using new materials and the materials from the present fence and/or structure shall remain the property of the Owner.

XI. BENCHMARKS

For use by the Contractor, Benchmarks have been established along the course of the work. The plans include details illustrating the available Benchmarks and the work to be carried out. Benchmarks have been indicated and the Elevations have been shown and shall be utilized by the Contractor in carrying out its work. The Contractor shall note that specific design elevations and grades have been provided for the proposed works. The plans also set out side slopes, bottom width, and other requirements relative to its installation. In all cases, the Contractor is to utilize the specified Benchmarks to establish the identified elevations and grades. The Contractor shall ensure that it takes note of the direction of flow and sets all grades to match the direction of flow within the drain.

XII. ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

Prior to commencing work, the Contractor must familiarize themselves with all associated environmental approvals and mitigations. The Contractor shall review the results of any environmental reviews performed for the project, including documents for the purpose of identification of known Species at Risk within the project area and mitigation measures for species and habitat protection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to make certain that necessary provisions are undertaken to ensure the protection of all Species at Risk and their habitats throughout the course of construction. The Contractor will be responsible for providing the necessary equipment and materials required by any mitigation plans and shall contact the Drainage Superintendent immediately if any Endangered Species are encountered during construction.

XIII. FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION

The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no portion shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken. Following the completion of the work, the Contractor is to trim up any broken or damaged limbs on trees which are to remain standing, and it shall dispose of said branches along with other brush, thus leaving the trees in a neat and tidy condition. The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no work shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken.

Any accesses or areas used in carrying out the works are to be fully restored to their original conditions by the Contractor, including topsoil placement and lawn restoration as directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. Restoration shall include, but not be limited to, all necessary levelling, grading, shaping, topsoil, seeding and mulching, and granular placement required to make good any damage caused. Any damages caused, resulting from non-compliance with the above-noted provisions, shall be restored by the Contractor to its original condition, at the Contractor's expense. All roadways, driveways and access bridges, or any other means of access onto the job site shall be fully restored to their former condition at the Contractor's expense. In the event that the Contractor fails to satisfactorily clean up any portion of these accesses, the Consulting Engineer shall order such cleanup to be carried out by others and the cost of same to be deducted from any monies owing to the Contractor.

XIV. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- a) The Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer shall have the authority to carry out minor changes to the work where such changes do not lessen the efficiency of the work.
- b) The Contractor shall provide a sufficient number of layout stakes and grade points so that the Drainage Superintendent and Consulting Engineer can review same and check that the work will generally conform with the design and project intent.
- c) The Contractor will be responsible for any damage caused by it to any portion of the Municipal Road system, especially to the travelled portion. When excavation work is being carried out and the excavation equipment is placed on the travelled portion of the road, the travelled portion shall be protected by having the excavation equipment placed on satisfactory timber planks or timber pads. If

any part of the travelled portion of the road is damaged by the Contractor, the Municipality shall have the right to have the necessary repair work done by its employees and the cost of all labour and materials used to carry out the repair work shall be deducted from the Contractor's contract and credited to the Municipality. The Contractor, upon completing the works, shall clean all debris and junk, etc., from the roadside of the drain, and leave the site in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping all public roadways utilized for hauling materials free and clear of mud and debris.

- d) The Contractor will be required to submit to the Municipality, a Certificate of Good Standing from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board prior to the commencement of the work and the Contractor will be required to submit to the Municipality, a Certificate of Clearance for the project from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board before Final Payment is made to the Contractor.
- e) The Contractor shall furnish a Performance and Maintenance Bond along with a separate Labour and Material Payment Bond within ten (10) days after notification of the execution of the Agreement by the Owner unless otherwise established within the Tender Documents. One copy of said bonds shall be bound into each of the executed sets of the Contract. Each Performance and Maintenance Bond and Labour and Material Payment Bond shall be in the amount of 100% of the total Tender Price. All Bonds shall be executed under corporate seal by the Contractor and a surety company, authorized by law to carry out business in the Province of Ontario. The Bonds shall be acceptable to the Owner in every way and shall guarantee faithful performance of the contract during the period of the contract, including the period of guaranteed maintenance which will be in effect for twelve (12) months after substantial completion of the works.

The Tenderer shall include the cost of bonds in the unit price of the Tender items as no additional payment will be made in this regard.

- f) The Contractor shall be required, as part of this Contract, to provide Comprehensive Liability Insurance coverage for not less than \$5,000,000.00 on this project unless otherwise established in the Tender Documents, and shall name the Municipality and its' officials, and the Consulting Engineer and its staff as additional insured under the policy. The Contractor must submit a copy of this policy to both the Municipal Clerk and the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of work.
- g) Monthly progress orders for payment shall be furnished the Contractor by the Drainage Superintendent. Said orders shall be for not more than 90% of the value of the work done and the materials furnished on the site. The paying of the full 90% does not imply that any portion of the work has been accepted. The remaining 10% will be paid 60 days after the final acceptance and completion of the work and payment shall not be authorized until the Contractor provides the following:
 - i) a Certificate of Clearance for the project from the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board
 - ii) proof of advertising
 - iii) a Statutory Declaration, in a form satisfactory to the Consulting Engineer and the Municipality, that all liabilities incurred by the Contractor and its Sub-Contractors in carrying out the Contract have been discharged and that all liens in respect of the Contract and Sub-Contracts thereunder have expired or have been satisfied, discharged or provided for by payment into Court.

The Contractor shall satisfy the Consulting Engineer or Municipality that there are no liens or claims against the work and that all of the requirements as per the Construction Act, 2018 and its' subsequent amendments have been adhered to by the Contractor.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Information for Specifications.....	2
II.	Removal of Brush, Trees, and Debris.....	2
III.	Utilities.....	3
IV.	Notice of Project Commencement and Hours of Operation.....	3
V.	Excavations, Removals and Disposals.....	4
VI.	Pipe Installation.....	4
VII.	Drainage Structure Installation.....	6
VIII.	Culvert Backfill.....	7
IX.	Bridge End Protection.....	8
X.	Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection for Vertical Headwalls.....	11
XI.	Ancillary Work.....	11
XII.	Topsoil, Seed and Mulch.....	12
XIII.	Final Cleanup and Restoration.....	13

DETAILS

Figure 1 - Flotation Anchor Details.....	14
Figure 2 - Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail.....	15
Figure 3 - Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail.....	15
Figure 4 - Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail.....	16
Figure 5 - Typical Concrete Filled Double Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail.....	16
Figure 6 - Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail.....	17
Figure 7 - Standard Lateral Tile Detail.....	17

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STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW ACCESS BRIDGE INSTALLATIONS

(Revised March 2025)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SPECIFICATIONS

These specifications, together with the accompanying drawings and appendices, delineate the furnishing of all labour, equipment, materials, and supplies required for the performance of all operations relating to the construction and/or improvements of a Municipal Drain under the most recent revision of the Drainage Act and/or amendments made thereto. These specifications serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. "Special Provisions" are included as part of the overall document and shall be read in conjunction with these Standard Specifications. Where a discrepancy occurs between the requirements of the Standard Specifications and the Special Provisions, the Special Provisions shall govern. In the event that the Specifications, Information to Tenderers, or the Form of Agreement do not apply to a specific condition or circumstance with respect to this project, the applicable section, or sections from the Canadian Construction Documents Committee (CCDC) shall govern and be used to establish the requirements of the work.

Any reference to "Drainage Superintendent" and/or "Consulting Engineer" within this document shall refer to the person (or persons) appointed by the Council of the Municipality having jurisdiction over the drainage works.

All work shall be done in a first-class and workmanlike manner, complete in all respects and including all items specified herein, or as necessary for the accomplishment of a complete, satisfactory, and approved installation.

II. REMOVAL OF BRUSH, TREES, AND DEBRIS

Where there is any brush, trees, or debris along the course of the drainage works, including the full width of the access, all such brush, trees or debris shall be close-cut and grubbed out, and the whole shall be chipped up for recycling, burned, hauled away or satisfactorily disposed of by the Contractor at its expense. Prior to and during the course of the burning operations, the Contractor shall comply with the guidelines prepared by the Air Quality Branch of the Ontario Ministry of the Environment and shall ensure that the Environmental Protection Act is not violated. The Contractor will be required to notify the local fire authorities and cooperate with them in the carrying out of any work. The removal of brush and trees shall be carried out in close consultation with the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer to ensure that no decorative trees or shrubs are disturbed by the operations of the Contractor that can be saved. It is the intent of this project to save as many trees and bushes as practical within the roadway allowances and on private lands.

The Contractor shall protect all other trees, bushes, and shrubs located along the length of the drainage works except for those trees that are noted within the accompanying drawings or in consultation with the

Drainage Superintendent, the Consulting Engineer, and the affected Owner(s). The Contractor shall note that protecting and saving the trees may require the Contractor to carry out handwork around the trees, bushes, and shrubs to complete the necessary final site grading and restoration.

Following the completion of the work, the Contractor is to trim up any broken or damaged limbs on trees which are to remain to stand, and it shall dispose of said branches along with other brush, thus leaving the trees in a neat and tidy condition.

The Contractor shall remove all deleterious materials and debris along the course of the open drain and any such materials located in the bridge culverts while carrying out its cleaning of same. All such deleterious materials and debris shall be loaded up and hauled away by the Contractor to a site to be obtained by it at their expense.

If applicable, where identified on the drawings, and to ensure a safe separation distance is maintained, the Contractor shall install tree protection fencing at the projected limit of the excavation and beneath the drip line of the identified tree(s). The fencing shall be comprised of orange vinyl snow fencing secured at 3.00-metre intervals with iron T-posts driven 600mm into the ground and should be in place until construction work is completed. During construction, no equipment, materials, or tools shall be stored beyond the tree protection fencing.

III. UTILITIES

The Contractor will be responsible at all times for complete investigation to determine the location of all such utilities or structures known or unknown, and it shall indemnify and save harmless the Engineer and the Municipality for any responsibility, injury, or liability arising from any damage to such utilities or structures by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall protect all other services located in the vicinity of the proposed drainage works including any sanitary sewers and connections, watermains and connections, telephone and gas services, along with any private systems and services. Any damaged components shall be replaced by the Contractor, totally at its own expense and it shall fully restore the functionality of same.

The Contractor shall further contact or notify such Utility Company or Commission of its intention to carry out work in the area and cooperate with such Utility Company or Commission in the location, maintenance and preservation of all such utilities. The location of the pipes and appurtenances as shown on the drawings is approximate and may be changed by the Engineer if deemed advantageous for the progress of the work.

IV. NOTICE OF PROJECT COMMENCEMENT AND HOURS OF OPERATION

The Contractor shall provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours' notice to the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to the commencement of the work. The installation of the culvert structure is to be performed during normal working hours of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer from Monday to Friday unless written authorization is provided by them to amend such working hours.

V. EXCAVATIONS, REMOVALS AND DISPOSALS

All excavation shall be made in compliance with the drawings and in such a manner and at such depths and widths as will give ample room for installing the pipe, the bracing, sheeting, or otherwise supporting the sides of the excavation and for the pumping of groundwater if encountered. The Contractor is fully responsible for the safety of all its men and equipment and must conform completely with the provisions of the "Construction Safety Act" and "Regulations for Construction Projects".

Where an existing culvert is being replaced, the Contractor shall be required to excavate and completely remove the existing culvert and headwalls in their entirety, as well as any other deleterious materials that may be encountered in removing such materials, unless otherwise noted. All unsuitable or deleterious materials from the excavation and removal of existing culverts and the drain shall be hauled away and disposed of by the Contractor to a site to be obtained by it at its own expense. In all cases, the disposal of any trucked material will be the responsibility of the Contractor and it shall ensure that any permits required for fill disposal are obtained from the appropriate authority. The Contractor will be responsible for keeping all private and public roadways free and clear of mud and debris resulting from its use of same for access and hauling purposes.

The Contractor is to note that when replacing the existing structures, it shall be required to excavate a trench having a width not less than the new pipe outside diameter plus a 600mm working width on both sides of the new pipe.

During the course of its excavation operations, the Contractor will be required to salvage all available topsoil. Where necessary, this material shall be stockpiled by the Contractor in order to avoid contamination and shall be utilized in carrying out any topsoil placement along all specified or disturbed areas, in preparation for the seeding and mulching operation to be carried out as part of the restoration works.

The bottom of the trenches must be carefully excavated and trimmed to the elevation and shape of the bottom of the pipe. The bottom of the trenches shall be recessed to receive the pipe in order to allow the pipe to be uniformly supported for its entire length. Corrections in the depth of excavation caused by the Contractor excavating to an extent greater than that required for the elevation of the pipe shall be made by bedding the pipe with 20mm (3/4") clear stone granular material is placed at the time that the pipes are being installed, at the Contractor's expense.

No extras will be allowed for excavating any hardpan, boulders, rocks, ice or other obstacles found in the excavation or in the line of the trench or for any pumping or baling of water required in the excavation of the work. The trench must be drained or pumped in order to avoid the necessity of making joints under water. The trench must also be drained to avoid any possibility of groundwater entering the pipe in the trench until the installation has been successfully completed.

VI. PIPE INSTALLATION

The new pipe shall be set in the alignment and to the grade elevations established in the accompanying drawings. The same shall not be altered unless otherwise directed by the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer prior to construction of same. Any changes relative to the culvert must be approved by the Consulting Engineer prior to proceeding with construction.

The Contractor shall lay the culvert pipe to the lines, levels, and grades as shown in the accompanying drawings or as may be laid out and established by the Engineer prior to the time of construction. The Contractor shall be held responsible for said lines, levels and grades of the pipe and should the Engineer determine that the Contractor has not satisfactorily adhered to such lines, levels and grades, it may direct the Contractor to take up and re-lay any portion of the drain which does not conform to such lines, levels and grades. In the event that the required pipe length is less than 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.), the smaller length must be installed near the centre of the culvert.

Laser control must be provided to maintain drain lines and grades, and the Contractor shall have a qualified Operator to set up and operate the equipment. In some instances, but only at the discretion of the Engineer, an approved system of batter boards may be utilized for this purpose; However, the cost of placing grade stakes and determining the cut information shall be provided by or paid for entirely by the Contractor.

The Contractor should note that, because the pipe is being installed with an excavator, it is expected that they will provide a minimum of 150mm (6") of either compacted MTO Granular "A", Granular "B" (Type II) or 20mm (3/4") clear stone bedding material, as outlined within OPSS Form 1010 The Contractor shall ensure that a good firm base is provided under the drain pipe, and they shall provide for this item as part of their tender price.

HDPE Pipe Installation

When HDPE plastic pipes are specified, they shall be joined together with the use of a water-tight bell and gasket joining system, secured in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations. The minimum length of a continuous pipe section shall be no less than 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.). The HDPE plastic pipe for this installation must be of the length, size, and strength identified in the Drawings, Special Provisions, and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain.

For new smoothwall HDPE culvert pipes that are shown on the Drawings to have sloped quarried limestone erosion protection at their ends, both ends of the pipe shall be securely anchored against floatation utilizing two (2) steel T-bar fence posts having a minimum length of 1.80 metres (6.00 ft.) or approved equal, on each side of the pipe, together with heavy steel galvanized wire secured between them across the top of the pipe. The top of each post shall be set no higher than the top of the proposed culvert. Pipe anchors shall be installed in accordance with the "**Floatation Anchor Details**" outlined herein.

Aluminized Steel Pipe Installation

When Aluminized Steel Corrugated Hel-Cor pipe and/or Aluminized Steel Type II UltraFlo pipe is specified, the culvert shall be installed with a minimum number of couplers and longer pipe sections are to be utilized whenever possible. Under no circumstances shall the culvert sections be less than 4.00 metres in length. All pipe lengths shall be of the size and gauge noted in the drawings and shall be coupled together with Aluminized Steel Type II 10C having a thickness consistent with the culvert pipe material. The overall pipe for this installation must be of the length, size, and thickness as identified in the Drawings, Special Provisions, and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain.

General Pipe Installation

The Contractor shall be required to provide all labour, equipment, and materials to set the pipe to the required design grades. Where couplers are required, the Contractor shall utilize the appropriate coupler provided by

and per the specifications of the Manufacturer. The Contractor shall supply all material and labour to provide a non-woven filter cloth wrap around the full circumference of the coupler joint connection, as part of their tender price. The filter cloth wrap connection shall be a minimum of 250mm (10") wider than the width of the proposed coupler and shall overlap a minimum of 200mm (8"), as available from Underground Specialties Inc., of Windsor, Ontario, or equal. The specific type to be utilized shall be approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement. The installation of all joints must be inspected and approved by the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer prior to any backfilling of same.

The Contractor shall also note that the placement of the culvert is to be performed totally in the dry, and it shall be prepared to take whatever steps are necessary to ensure same, all to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. The installation of the complete length of pipe, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to backfilling any portions of same. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of the pipe without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve said installation.

All pipe materials shall be stored and handled by the Contractor at its own expense. It shall be responsible for the safe storage of all materials, for obtaining storage areas, for the safe transportation and distribution of all the materials at the job site, and for inspection in order to determine defects and breakage. No additional recompense will be allowed to the Contractor for any loss incurred by it in the storage and handling of the materials.

Pipe, fittings, and all accessory appurtenances must be loaded and unloaded by lifting with means of a hoist or a skid to avoid shock or damage. Under no circumstances shall any drain material or materials for drain appurtenances be dropped.

If the culvert is laid in freezing weather, the Contractor shall take all the necessary precautions to prevent damage to the pipe or to any of the materials used in the construction of the work. In addition, the Contractor shall take care that no frozen ground or backfill is placed in the trench backfilling adjacent to the culvert. All pipe and the various other materials used in the placing of said pipe shall be installed in strict compliance with the Manufacturer's recommendations.

The installation of the complete length of the new culvert pipe, including all appurtenances, shall be completely inspected by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector prior to backfilling any portions of same. Under no circumstance shall the Contractor commence the construction or backfill of the culvert pipe without the site presence of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer's Inspector to inspect and approve the said installation.

VII. DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INSTALLATION

Where required, all materials for the catch basins shall comply with Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSS) and Ontario Provincial Standard Drawings (OPSD) with respect to materials, qualities, and installation details. The catch basins and maintenance holes shall be founded on a good, dry, firm, undisturbed earth base for its entire bottom surface area, or 20mm (3/4") clear stone bedding, if necessary. Corrections in depth of excavation caused by the Contractor excavating to an extent greater than that required for the structures shall

be backfilled to the proper grade elevation by embedding the catch basin maintenance holes floor area with 20mm (3/4") clear stone granular bedding. A sump is to be provided in each structure which shall be a minimum of 450mm deep measured from the proposed invert of the covered drain or connection to the proposed concrete floor elevation of the structure. The structure shall be set to allow for connection of all of the inlet and outlet pipes and shall be installed as shown and detailed on the Drawings. The top elevation of the structure shall be installed to the elevations noted on the Drawings or as further directed by the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. All structure sections and adjustment units shall be joined together with standard gasket material, caulking, or grout as required by the Manufacturer, or as set out in the applicable OPSS and OPSD.

All structures, where applicable, shall include a minimum of two (2) adjustment units in accordance with OPSD 704.011. All work shall be completed as shown and detailed on the Drawings.

The Contractor shall connect all covered drains and connections in the catch basin maintenance holes with the use of a mortar joint or standard rubber boot cast into the units by the Manufacturer. Said mortar joint shall be provided at the internal and exterior of the catch basin maintenance holes wall for the full circumference of the covered drain and be of a sufficient mass to produce a sealed joint, all to be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. Where possible, the Contractor shall employ a standard factory fitting or adapter to connect between the various pipes, tiles, and catch basin maintenance holes, otherwise a mortar joint connection can be utilized.

VIII. CULVERT BACKFILL

Where the new culvert pipe is located under the driveway, the Contractor shall backfill the entire trench for the width of the driveway with Granular "B" (Type II) or Granular "A", or locally approved equivalent compacted in place to a minimum 98% of Standard Proctor Density with the exception of the top 300mm which should be backfilled with Granular "A" material also compacted in place to a Standard Proctor Density of 100%. Where the new culvert pipe is located along the lawn area, the Contractor shall be required to backfill the entire trench with good clean native backfill material with the exception of the top 100mm which shall be good clean black loamy topsoil readied for seeding and mulching. It should be noted that if there is a shortage of native backfill material available, the Contractor shall supply same all at its own expense. The Contractor should also note that prior to commencing its excavation that all existing topsoil should be scavenged for reuse on the project; if there is a shortage, the Contractor shall be required to supply the balance of the topsoil needed, all at its own expense. All of the native backfill material shall be compacted in place to a minimum Standard Proctor Density of 96%.

All backfill material shall be placed in compacted in maximum lifts of approximately 300mm thick. The Contractor is required to provide whatever mechanical equipment necessary, such as jumping jack and/or plate tamper, in order to achieve the necessary compaction levels, especially along the haunches of the new pipe. All areas shall be graded in accordance with the profile and cross-sections shown in the accompanying drawings, including provision of cross-fall on boulevard areas as shown and detailed in accordance with the **"Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail"** outlined herein.

IX. BRIDGE END PROTECTION

Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection

When specified, the Contractor shall install sloped quarried limestone end protection at both ends of the pipe, or where shown, on a slope no steeper than 1.50 horizontal to 1.00 vertical and shall extend from the end of the new pipe to the top elevation shown. The top 305mm (12") of backfill material over the ends of the pipe, from the invert of said pipe to the top of the driveway elevation of the culvert, shall be quarried limestone. The quarried limestone to be placed on the sloped ends of the culvert shall be underlain with a synthetic non-woven geotextile filter fabric. The sloped quarried limestone protection is to be rounded as shown on the plan details and shall also extend along the drain side slopes to a point directly in line with the ends of the culvert pipe. All work shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer.

The quarried limestone shall be provided as shown and detailed and shall vary in size from a minimum of 100mm (4") to a maximum of 250mm (10"). The quarried limestone pieces shall be carefully tamped into place with the use of a shovel bucket so that, when complete, the quarried limestone erosion protection shall be consistent, uniform, and tightly laid in place. Prior to placing the quarried limestone, the Contractor shall place non-woven geotextile filter fabric "MacTex MX140" conforming to OPSS 1860 Class 1 or approved equal, as an underlay underneath all areas to be covered in quarried limestone erosion protection. The Contractor shall take extreme care not to damage the geotextile filter fabric when placing the quarried limestone. The placement of the geotextile filter fabric and the quarried limestone, and the completion of the quarried limestone erosion protection shall be conducted to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer. Sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be installed in accordance with the "**Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail**" outlined herein.

Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Headwalls

When precast interlocking concrete block headwalls are specified, the concrete blocks shall be rectangular in shape with square corners and be a minimum size of 600mm x 600mm x 1200mm (2' x 2' x 4'), as available from Underground Specialties Inc./Wolseley Inc. (Canada) or approved equal. Blocks with modified lengths may be utilized to fill in staggered sections of the block wall. All blocks shall be cast in one pour with no cold joints and shall have a minimum compression strength of 20MPa at 28 days. All precast concrete blocks shall be formed with interlocking pockets and tenons and each block shall be assembled in a staggered formation to prevent sliding at the interface between blocks. All precast concrete blocks shall be uniform in size with relatively smooth and consistent joints and shall have a stone exterior finish. Each block shall be fitted with a lifting ring that will not interfere with the assembly of the block wall once they are set in place. Cap blocks shall be utilized on the top course of the wall with the top of the cap blocks having a stone exterior finish. The precast interlocking concrete block headwalls are available from Underground Specialties Inc./Wolseley Inc. (Canada) or approved equal.

Precast interlocking blocks that abut the pipe shall be cast as one solid piece and shall be cut and shaped to fit closely around the perimeter of the pipe. The face of the wall shall not extend beyond the end of the pipe. All minor gaps between the blocks and the pipe shall be sealed with no shrink grout for the full depth of the blocks. At the base of the wall, a base block shall be used at the bottom of the interlocking block wall. The base block shall be founded on a firm solid base. When necessary, the Contractor shall provide a minimum of 200mm thickness of level compacted granular bedding, or a lean concrete footing, as a firm foundation for the blocks. The base block shall be set level and shall convey a vertical projection throughout its full height and shall include

filter cloth behind the wall for the full height of the blocks to prevent soil migration through any joints. Filter cloth fabric shall be non-woven geotextile material and be minimum "MacTex MX140" meeting OPSS Class I. Both headwalls shall be assembled concurrently with a continuous uni-axial geogrid SG350, or equal, installed across the entire structure at every second course of blocks, to tie each headwall to the other. In the event that the distance between headwalls exceeds 10.00 metres (32.81 ft.), the Contractor shall install the uni-axial geogrid for a distance of 3.00 metres (9.84 ft.) inward from each headwall and at every second course. Both the non-woven filter cloth and the uni-axial geogrid are available from Armtex Construction Products or approved equal.

The blocks shall extend up from the pipe invert and cross the full width of the drain and be embedded a minimum of 500mm into the drain banks. Where required for the top of the block wall to match the height of the completed driveway, the Contractor shall embed the bottom course of blocks into the drain bottom at the appropriate depth to achieve the required top elevation of the wall.

The Contractor shall arrange for the Supplier to provide interlocking block layout drawings outlining block assembly of the proposed headwall to the Consulting Engineer for approval prior to proceeding with fabrication and assembly of same. The Contractor shall arrange with the Supplier for technical assistance with the assembly of the structure on-site in full accordance with the requirements of the Supplier. All assembly installation shall be carried out to avoid any damage to the pipe and shall follow the Supplier's recommendation in every respect to ensure a proper and safe installation.

The precast interlocking concrete block headwalls shall be installed vertically and shall extend from the end of the new pipe to the top elevation of the driveway. Under no circumstances shall the interlocking block wall be installed with an outward projection. When complete, the outside face of the headwall shall be installed flush with the end of the proposed culvert. The precast interlocking concrete block headwall shall be installed perpendicular to the drain banks. Headwalls are to be installed so that daylighting is provided off the travelled roadway if required. The daylighting is to be designed to deflect outwardly from approximately the extreme roadside face of the new culvert to a point just beyond the top bank of the drain. The outward projection of the new headwalls shall be deflected at approximately a 45-degree angle, and the maximum outward deflection shall not be greater than shown on the accompanying Drawings, parallel to the projection of the straight portion of the finished wall. The straight portion of the precast interlocking concrete block headwall shall be installed perpendicular to the drain banks. The Contractor shall also be required to backfill the area behind the new headwall with granular fill.

The Contractor shall also be required to satisfactorily backfill the area in behind the new headwall with granular fill as already specified in the preceding paragraphs for backfilling of the bridge culvert. The top elevation of the headwalls, opposite the travelled roadway, are to be set no less than 75mm (3"), below the existing ground elevation unless shown on the drawings. The alignment of these headwalls shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer. Block Headwalls shall be installed in accordance with the "**Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Headwall End Protection Details**" outlined herein.

Provided that the proposed headwall design complies with the provisions outlined under this heading, together with "Figure 4 – Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail," the submission of the headwall shop drawings will not require a third-party Engineer's seal. However, if an alternative headwall design is proposed that deviates from the established specifications, the shop drawings

shall bear the seal and signature of an Engineer certifying that the design meets the minimum design standards and includes fabrication details, hardware, reinforcing schedules, etc. for review and approval.

Upon completion of the headwall installation, the Contractor shall also provide sloped quarried limestone erosion protection adjacent and along all of the new concrete headwalls, at the general locations and to the widths shown within the details included therein. Furthermore, the installation of the quarried limestone shall adhere to the parameters outlined in **Section IX. Sloped Quarried Limestone Erosion Protection – Concrete Block Headwalls.**

Concrete-Filled Jutebag Headwalls

When specified, the Contractor shall install new concrete jute bag headwalls at the locations and parameters indicated on the drawing. When constructing the concrete jute bag headwalls, the Contractor shall place the bags so that the completed headwall will have an inward batter from the bottom of the pipe to the top of the finished headwall. The slope of the headwall shall be one (1) unit horizontal to five (5) units vertical. The Contractor shall satisfactorily backfill behind the jutebag headwalls with granular material similar to the rest of the structure, and the same compaction levels specified herein for backfilling the adjacent culvert. The placing of the jute bag headwalls and the backfilling shall be performed in lifts simultaneously. The granular backfill shall be placed and compacted in lifts not to exceed 305mm (12") in thickness.

The concrete jute bag headwalls shall be constructed by filling jute bags with concrete. All concrete used to fill the jute bags shall have a minimum compressive strength of 21MPa in 28 days and shall be provided and placed only as a wet mix. Under no circumstance shall the concrete to be used for filling the jute bags be placed as a dry mix. The jute bags, before being filled with concrete, shall have a dimension of 460mm (18") x 660mm (26"). The jute bags shall be filled with concrete so that when they are laid flat, they will be approximately 100mm (4") thick, 305mm (12") to 380mm (15") wide and 460mm (18") long. The completed jute bag headwalls shall be securely embedded a minimum of 500mm (20") measured perpendicular to the side slopes of the drain.

If indicated on the Drawings, daylighting may be installed off the travelled roadway, and the same are designed to deflect outwardly. The outward deflection shall be deflected at the specified angle to the straight portion of the finished headwall. The top elevations of the daylighted headwalls are to be set no less than 75mm (3") below the existing ground elevation unless otherwise designed. The alignment of these headwalls shall be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer.

Upon completion of the jute bag headwall the Contractor shall cap the top row of concrete-filled bags with a layer of plain concrete, minimum 150mm (6") thick, and hand trowelled to obtain a brushed finish appearance. If the cap is made more than 150mm thick, the Contractor shall provide two (2) continuous 15M reinforcing bars (or equivalent mesh) set at mid-depth and equally spaced in the cap. The Contractor shall fill all voids between the concrete-filled jute bags and the corrugated steel pipe with concrete, particular care being taken underneath the pipe haunches to fill all voids. All concrete used for the footing, cap and bags shall have a minimum compressive strength of 21MPa in 28 days and include 6% ± 1% air entrainment. Concrete-filled jute bag headwalls shall be installed in accordance with the **"Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Details"** outlined herein.

X. SLOPED QUARRIED LIMESTONE EROSION PROTECTION FOR VERTICAL HEADWALLS

The sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be embedded into the side slopes of the drain at a minimum thickness of 305mm and shall be underlain in all cases with a synthetic filter mat. The filter mat shall not only be laid along the flat portion of the erosion protection but also contoured to the exterior limits of the quarried limestone and the unprotected slope. The width and slope of the general erosion protection shall be as established in the accompanying drawing or as otherwise directed by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer during construction. In placing the erosion protection, the Contractor shall carefully tamp the quarried limestone pieces into place with the use of a shovel bucket so that the erosion protection when completed will be consistent, uniform and tightly laid. In no instance shall the quarried limestone protrude beyond the exterior contour of the unprotected drain side slopes along either side of said protection. The synthetic filter mat to be used shall be **non-woven** geotextile MacTex MX140 conforming to OPSS 1860 Class I, as available from Armtec Construction Products, or approved equal. The quarried limestone to be used shall be graded in size from a minimum of 100mm (4") to a maximum of 250mm (10"), and is available from Walker Aggregates, in Amherstburg, Ontario, or approved equal. Sloped quarried limestone erosion protection shall be installed in accordance with the "**Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail**" outlined herein.

XI. ANCILLARY WORK

During the course of any repair or improvements, the Contractor will be required to protect or extend any existing tile ends or swales to maintain the drainage from the adjacent lands. All existing tiles within the proposed alignment shall be extended utilizing Boss 1000 or equal plastic pipe of the same diameter as the existing tile and shall be installed in accordance with the "**Standard Lateral Tile Detail**" outlined herein unless otherwise noted. Connections shall be made using a Manufacturer's coupling wherever possible. Openings into new pipes shall be neatly saw-cut to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer. For other connections, the Contractor shall utilize a grouted connection. Grouted mortar joints shall be composed of three (3) parts of clean, sharp sand to one (1) part of Portland Cement with just sufficient water added to provide a stiff plastic mix. The mortar joint shall be of sufficient mass around the full circumference of the joint on the exterior side to ensure a tight, solid seal. The Contractor is to note that any intercepted pipes along the length of the existing pipes are to be extended and diverted to the downstream end of the new pipe unless otherwise noted in the accompanying drawings.

Where the culvert installation interferes with the discharge of an existing swale, the Contractor shall re-grade the existing swales to allow for the surface flows to freely enter the drain. Any disturbed grass areas shall be fully restored with topsoil, seed and mulch. The Contractor shall also be required as part of the culvert replacement to excavate and widen the drain bottom where required to fit the new pipes in order to provide a smooth transition between the new culvert installation and the existing drain.

The Contractor, when doing their excavation or any other portion of the work, shall be very careful not to interfere with, plug up or damage, any existing surface drains, swales and lateral or main tile ends. If it is found that said existing drains are interfered with in any way, the Contractor will be required to unplug or repair said drains immediately, at no extra cost to the project. If it is found that any existing lateral tiles or main tile drains or tile ends have been cut off or damaged in any way during the course of the work, the Contractor will be required to either repair or replace same, to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer.

The Contractor shall take steps to protect all legal survey bars during the course of its work. If any bars are removed or damaged, the Contractor shall arrange for an Ontario Land Surveyor licensed in the Province of Ontario to replace same, all at its cost.

All of the work required towards the installation and improvements to all structures shall be performed in a neat and workmanlike manner and the general site shall be restored to its' original condition, and all of same is to be performed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer.

XII. TOPSOIL, SEED AND MULCH

During the course of its excavation operations, the Contractor will be required to salvage all available topsoil. Where necessary, this material shall be stockpiled by the Contractor in order to avoid contamination and shall be utilized in carrying out the topsoil placement along all specified newly excavated and filled or disturbed areas, in preparation for the seeding and mulching operation to be carried out as part of the restoration works. The Contractor shall be required to use the scavenged topsoil stripped from the drain banks. The balance of the topsoil required shall be obtained by the Contractor at its own expense.

The Contractor shall be required to restore all existing grassed areas and drain side slopes damaged or disturbed by the structure installation and/or removal, and place topsoil and seed and mulch over said areas including any specific areas noted on the Drawings. The Contractor shall be required to provide all the material and to cover the above-mentioned surface areas with approximately 50mm of good, clean, dry topsoil on slopes and 100mm of good, clean, dry topsoil on horizontal surfaces, fine graded and spread in place ready for seeding and mulching. The Contractor is to note that prior to fine grading the topsoil over the backfilled areas, positive drainage is to be provided off of these areas and into the swales, and the Contractor shall also be required to make minor changes where necessary to ensure same. The Contractor shall be required to restore all existing grassed areas and roadway boulevard areas damaged by the culvert work and shall provide topsoil and seed and mulch over all of these areas. The placing and grading of all topsoil shall be carefully carried out according to Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications, Form 802, dated November 2010, or as subsequently amended or as amended by these Specifications. Once the topsoil has been properly placed and fine-graded, the Contractor shall seed and mulch the area. Seeding and mulching operations shall be carried out according to Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications, Form 572, dated November 2003, or as subsequently amended or as amended by these Specifications. The seeding mixture shall be OSECO Seed Mixture Canada No. 1, as available from Morse Growers Supply in Leamington, or equal. As part of the seeding and mulching operation, the Contractor will be required to provide either a hydraulic mulch mix or a spread straw mulch with an adhesive binder in accordance with OPSS 1103.05.03 dated November 2016, or as subsequently amended, to ensure that the grass seed will be protected during germination and provide a thick, uniform cover to protect against erosion, where necessary. All work shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer.

All of the work relative to the placement of topsoil and the seeding and mulching operation shall be meticulously done and completed in a good and workmanlike manner all to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or Consulting Engineer.

XIII. FINAL CLEANUP AND RESTORATION

The whole of the work shall be satisfactorily cleaned up, and during the course of the construction, no portion shall be left in any untidy or incomplete state before subsequent portions are undertaken.

All roadways, driveways and access bridges, or any other means of access onto the job site shall be fully restored to their former condition at the Contractor's expense. Before authorizing Final Payment, the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer shall inspect the work in order to be sure that the proper restoration has been performed. In the event that the Contractor fails to satisfactorily clean up any portion of these accesses, the Consulting Engineer shall order such cleanup to be carried out by others and the cost of same to be deducted from any monies owing to the Contractor.

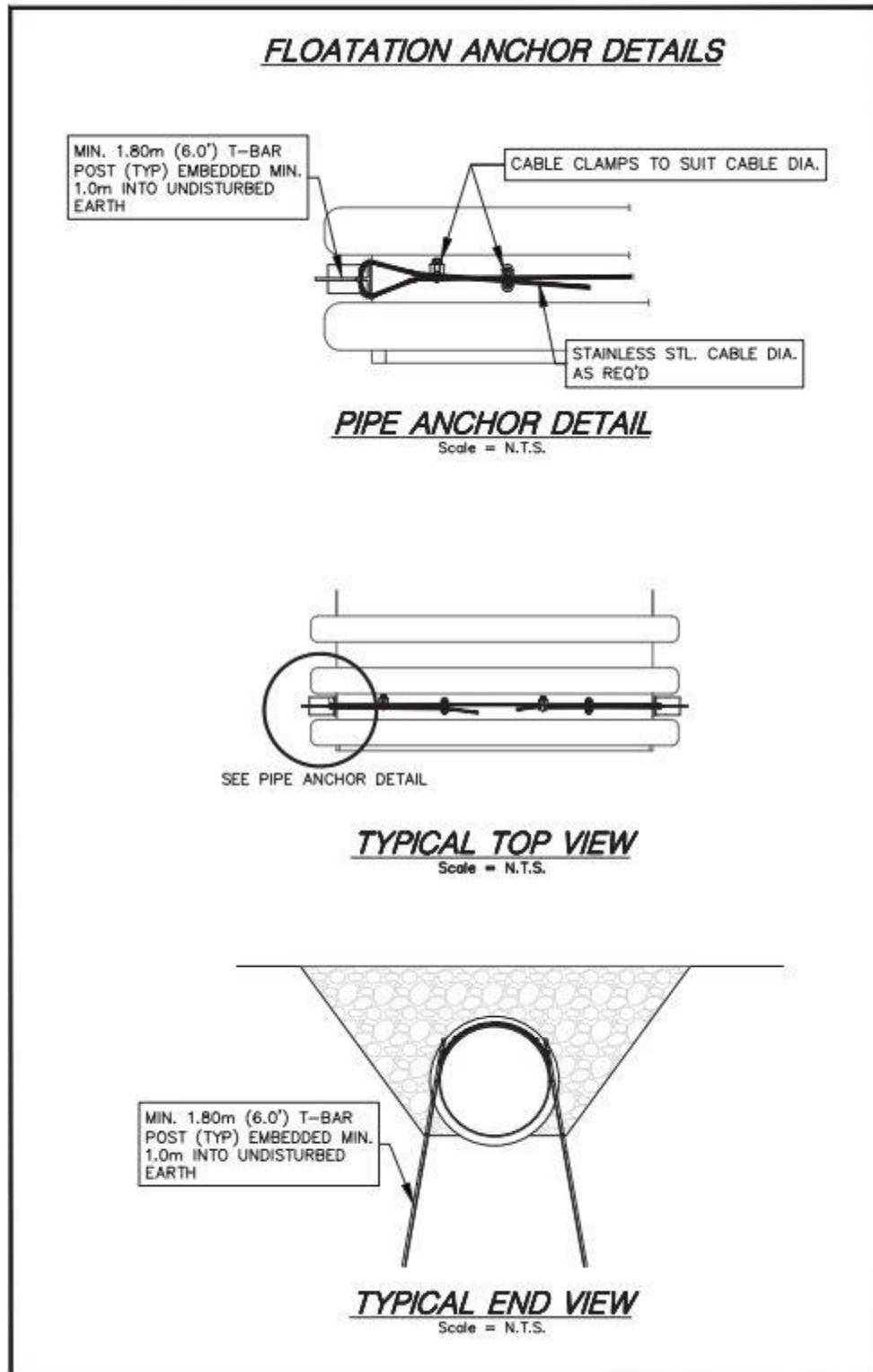


Figure 1 - Floatation Anchor Details

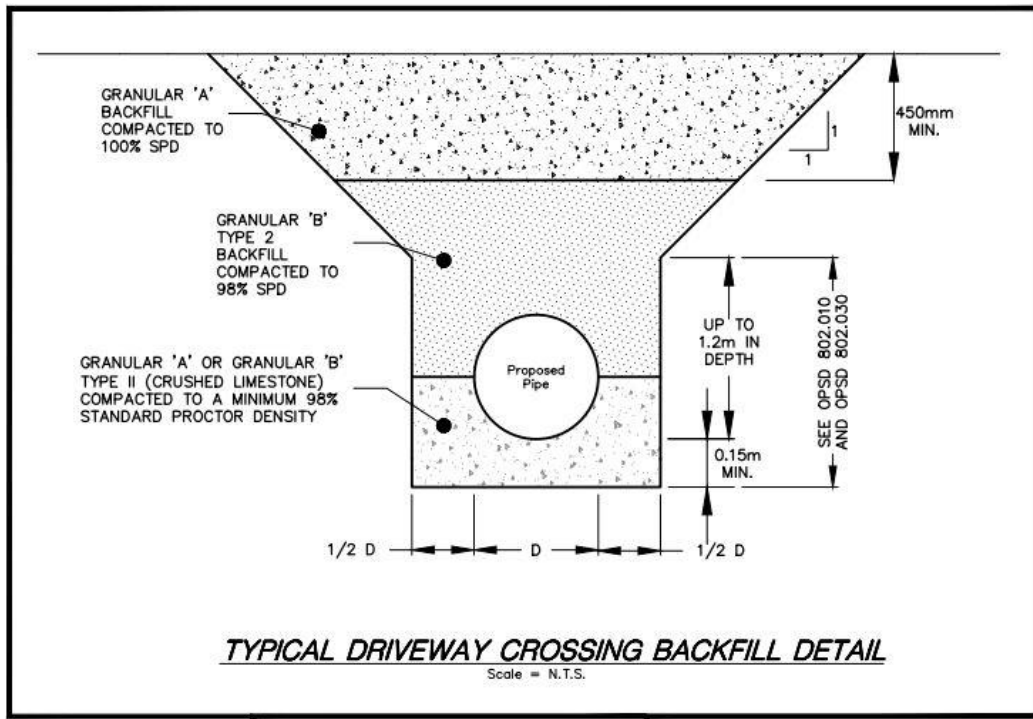


Figure 2- Typical Driveway Crossing Backfill Detail

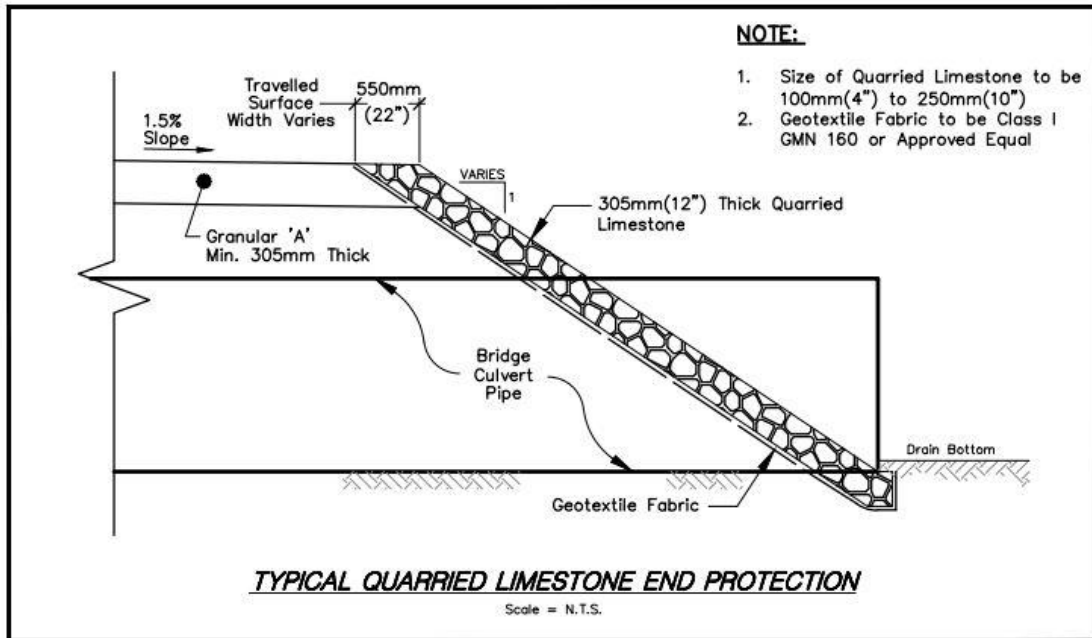


Figure 3 - Typical Quarried Limestone End Protection Detail

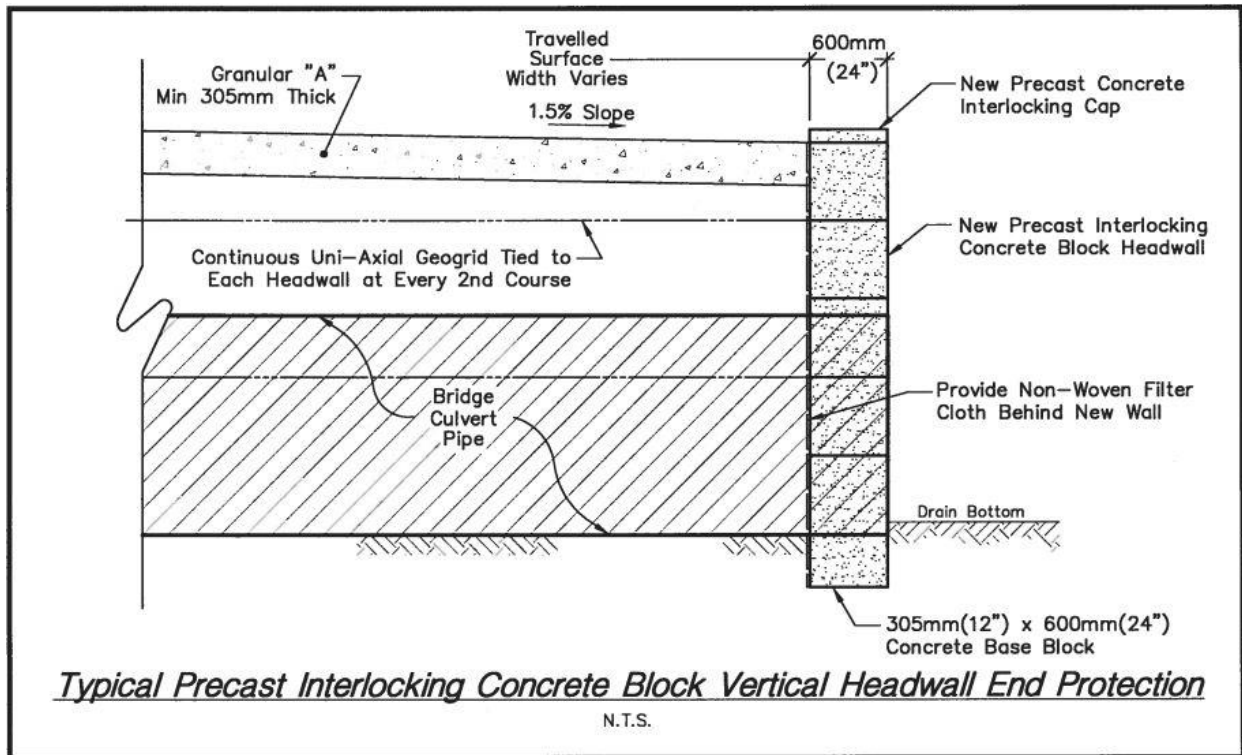


Figure 4 - Typical Precast Interlocking Concrete Block Vertical Headwall End Protection Detail

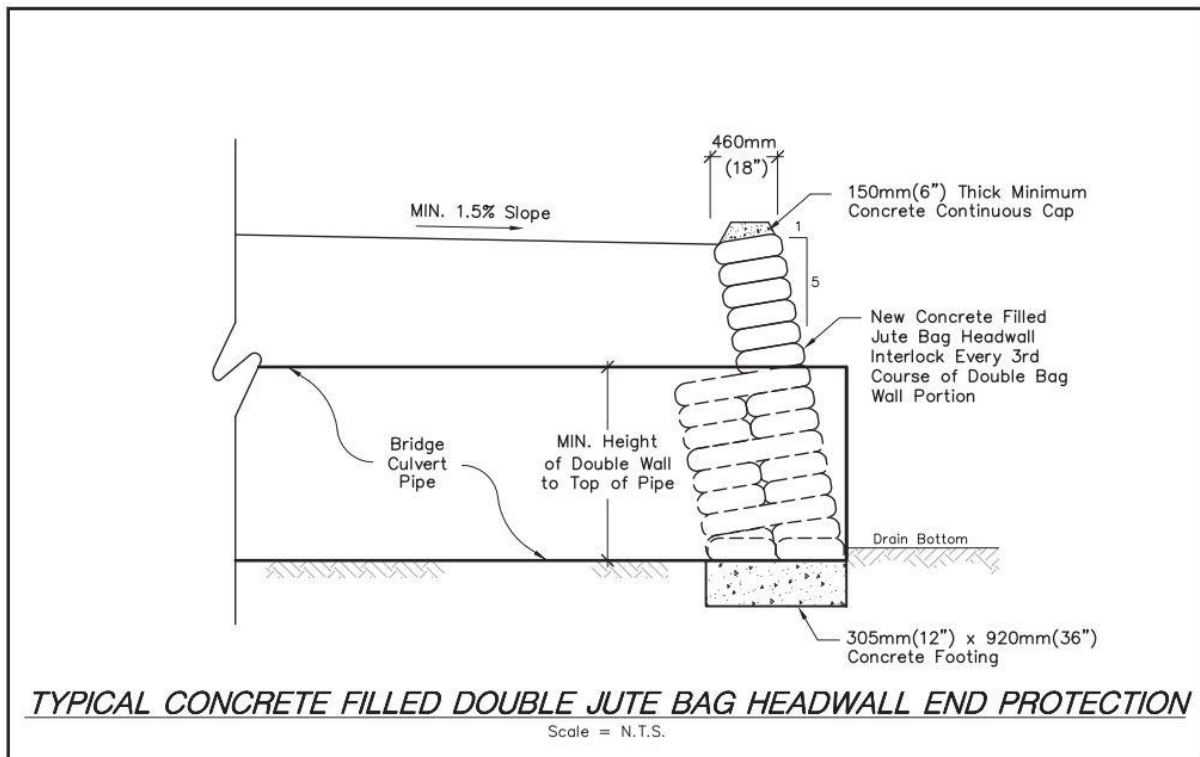


Figure 5 - Typical Concrete Filled Double Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail

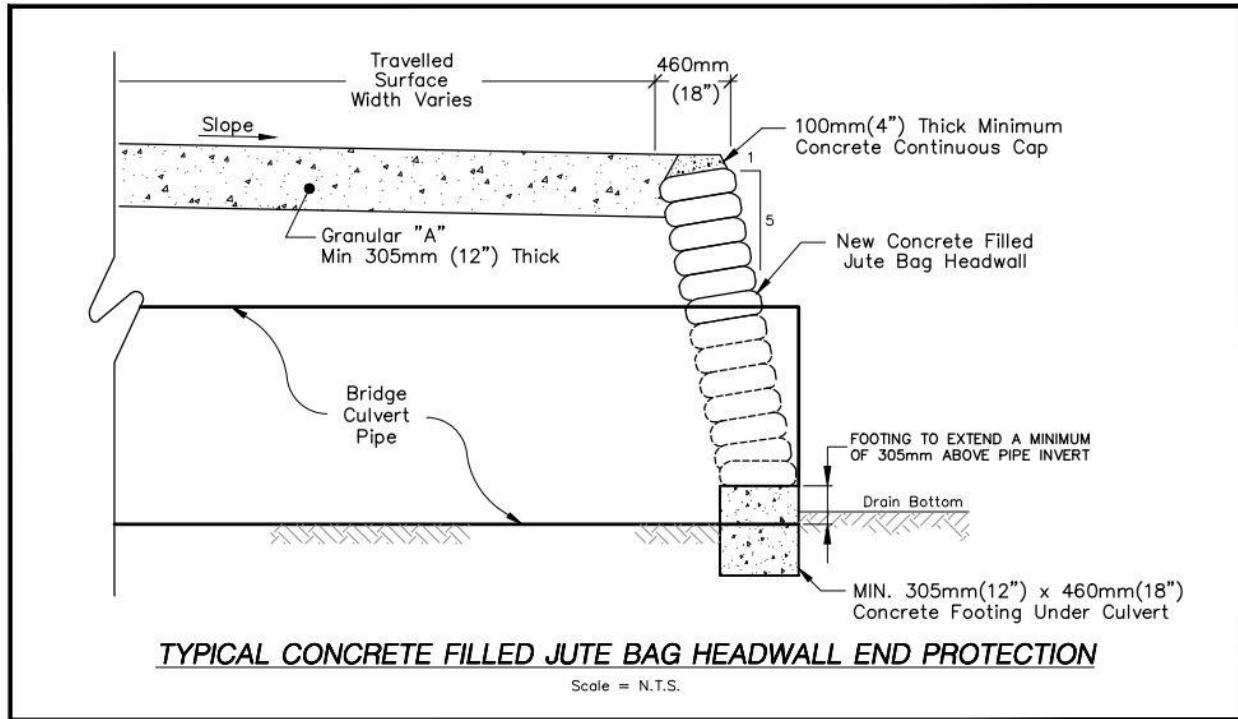


Figure 6 - Typical Concrete Filled Jute Bag Headwall End Protection Detail

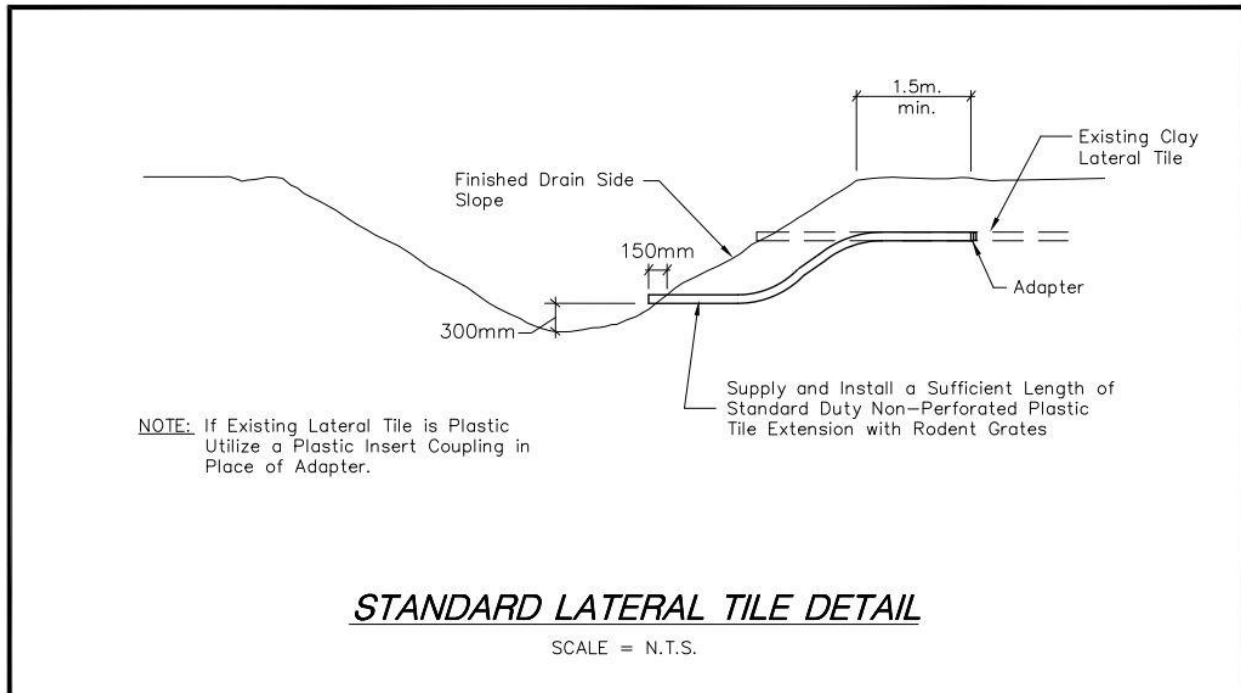


Figure 7 - Standard Lateral Tile Detail

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	General Scope of Work.....	2
II.	Conservation Authority and DFO Considerations.....	2
III.	MECP Considerations	3
IV.	Access to Work.....	4
V.	Excavation, Removals and Disposal	4
VI.	Details of Bridge Work	4
VII.	Aluminized Pipe Installation.....	6
VIII.	Bridge Construction	6
IX.	Access Bridge End Treatments.....	7

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PROJECT | **Bridge Over the Hostine Drain**
For Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100)
Part of Lot 17, Concession 2
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D24-112**I. GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK**

These Special Provisions, along with the Report, Appendices, Standard Specifications and the accompanying drawings, consider the furnishings of all labour, equipment and materials required for the performance of all operations related to the replacement of the existing access bridge within the Hostine Drain for Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100), Part of Lot 17, Concession 2, within the Geographic Township of Maidstone. The Hostine Drain is an existing Municipal Drain that serves as a primary drainage outlet for the lands within Lot 16 through Lot 19, NMR Concession, and Lot 17 through Lot 19, Concession 2, within the Municipality of Lakeshore (Geographic Township of Maidstone). This Municipal Drain commences from its top end at the mid point of NMR Concession between Lots 16 and 17. The drain then continues northerly and downstream to the south limit of North Rear Road. From this point, the drain proceeds easterly along the south side of North Rear Road to the west limit of Oriole Park Drive. The drain then continues north along the west side of Oriole Park Drive to a point (Sta. 3+120) where the drain meanders through private lands and crosses Highway 401, where it outlets into the Lower Part of the Browns Creek Drain, at Walls Road.

The Contractor shall provide all labour, equipment and materials to remove the existing concrete span bridge, install a new 18500mm span x 1400mm rise, 2.8mm thick, Aluminized Steel Type II Ultra-Flo Pipe Arch, new end protection comprising of sloped quarried limestone erosion protection on non-woven geotextile fabric, granular bedding, granular approach and backfill within the driveway limits, native backfill, lateral tile extensions, topsoil, seeding and mulching, drain bottom cleanout, and all ancillary work related thereto including cleanup and restoration.

All work shall be carried out in accordance with these Special Provisions and Standard Specifications that serve to supplement and/or amend the current Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications and Standard Drawings, adopted by the Ontario Municipal Engineers Association. The Contractor shall review the information outlined within **Appendix "A"**. The works shall be further carried out in accordance with these Special Provisions and Specifications and shall comply in all regards with the accompanying drawings labelled herein as **Appendix "B"**. The new access bridge shall be of the size, type, depth, etc., as is shown in the accompanying drawings, as determined from the **Benchmark**, and as may be further laid out at the site at the time of construction. All work carried out under this project shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent or the Consulting Engineer.

II. CONSERVATION AUTHORITY AND DFO CONSIDERATIONS

The Contractor shall be required to implement stringent erosion and sedimentation controls during the course of the work to minimize the amount of silt and sediment being carried downstream. It is intended that work on this project be carried out during relatively dry weather to ensure the proper site and drain conditions and to avoid conflicts with sediment being deposited into the outlet drainage systems. All disturbed areas shall be restored as quickly as possible with grass seeding and mulching installed to ensure a protective cover and to minimize any erosion from the work site subsequent to construction. The Contractor may be required to provide temporary silt fencing and straw bales as outlined further in these specifications.

All of the work shall be carried out in accordance with any permits or authorizations issued by the Conservation Authority or the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), copies of which shall be provided, if available. The Contractor is advised that no work shall be carried out in the existing drain from March 15 to July 15, of any given year.

As part of its work, the Contractor shall implement the following measures that shall ensure that any potential adverse effects on fish and fish habitat shall be mitigated:

- a) As per standard requirements, work shall not be conducted at times when flows in the drain are elevated due to local rain events, storms, or seasonal floods. Work shall be done in the dry.
- b) All disturbed soils on the drain banks and within the channel, including spoil, must be stabilized immediately upon completion of work. The restoration of the site must be completed to a like or better condition than what existed prior to the works. The spoil material must be hauled away and disposed of at a suitable site or spread an appropriate distance from the top of the drain bank to ensure that it is not washed back into the drain.
- c) To prevent sediment entry into the Drain, in the event of an unexpected rainfall, silt barriers and/or traps must be placed in the channel during the works and until the site has been stabilized. All sediment and erosion control measures are to be in accordance with related Ontario Provincial Standards. It is incumbent on the proponent and its contractors to ensure that sediment and erosion control measures are functioning properly and are maintained/upgraded as required.
- d) Silt or sand accumulated in the barrier traps must be removed and stabilized on land once the site is stabilized.
- e) All activities including maintenance procedures should be controlled to prevent the entry of petroleum products, debris, rubble, concrete, or other deleterious substances into the water. Vehicular refueling and maintenance should be conducted away from the water.

Not only shall the Contractor comply with all of the above, but it shall also be required to further comply with any mitigation measures included within the email correspondence with the Conservation Authority. Furthermore, the Contractor shall also review and comply with the "Best Management Practices – Culvert Replacements in Municipal Drains" document prepared by the DFO. Both of which have been included within "**Appendix A.**"

III. MECP CONSIDERATIONS

Under the Species at Risk Provincial Legislation, set in place with the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Section 23.9 of the Endangered Species Act, 2007, allows the Municipality to conduct eligible repair, maintenance, and improvement work under the Drainage Act that exempts these works from Sections 9 and 10 of this Act, so long as they follow the rules within Ontario Regulation 242/08.

Prior to commencing work, the Municipality will complete an "Endangered Species Act Review" for the subject drain and will provide the Contractor with the results of said review, including documents for the purpose of identification of known Species at Risk within the project area and mitigation measures for species and habitat protection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to make certain that necessary provisions are undertaken to ensure the protection of all Species at Risk and their habitats throughout the course of construction.

The Contractor will be responsible for providing the necessary equipment and materials required by the mitigation plans and shall contact the Drainage Superintendent immediately if any Endangered Species are encountered during construction.

IV. ACCESS TO WORK

The Contractor is advised that all of the work to be carried out on this project extends onto private lands currently owned by Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100). The Contractor shall have access from Lakeshore Road 115 onto the subject lands and may use 6.10 metres (20.00 ft.) width of the grassed laneway to the farm access bridge. Once access is obtained to the subject access bridge, the Contractor shall have access along both sides of the Hostine Drain a distance of 8.0 metres from the top of bank for a total length of 20.0 metres along the drain, centered over the existing access bridge. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor utilize other private lands without written consent from the affected Owner(s).

V. EXCAVATION, REMOVALS AND DISPOSAL

The Contractor shall be required to excavate and completely remove the existing concrete span bridge in its entirety, as well as any other deleterious materials that may be encountered in removing same. The Contractor shall also be required to completely dispose of all of same to a site to be obtained by it at its own expense. In all cases, the disposal of any trucked material will be the responsibility of the Contractor and any work at the disposal site shall be established between the Contractor and the Site Owner. The Contractor shall ensure that any permits required for fill disposal are obtained from the appropriate authority. The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping all private and public roadways free and clear of mud and debris resulting from its use of same for access and hauling purposes.

As part of the work, the Contractor shall be required to excavate, transition and clean the drain bottom for a distance of 5.00 metres (15.00 ft.) both upstream and downstream of the access bridge pipe. The sediment material from this excavation shall under no circumstance be utilized for the backfilling of the access bridge pipe, and same must be totally trucked away and disposed of at a site to be obtained by it at its own expense.

VI. DETAILS OF BRIDGE WORK

The Contractor shall provide all labour, equipment, and materials to replace the existing access bridge for Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100), within the Hostine Drain, according to the Drawings, the Schedule of Items, and in these Specifications stated below. The Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer shall have the authority to carry out minor changes to the work where such changes do not lessen the efficiency of the work.

Pipe Specifications	
Culvert Type:	Aluminized Steel Type II Ultra-Flo Pipe Arch
Pipe Length:	13.0m (42.65 ft.)
Pipe Dimensions:	1850mm span x 1400mm rise
Pipe Gauge/Stiffness:	2.8mm (12 Ga.)
Corrugation:	190mm x 19mm (7.5" x 0.75")
Pipe Grade:	0.08%
Min. Depth of Cover:	410mm (16 in.)
Upstream Invert Elev. (South)	181.997m
Downstream Invert Elev. (North)	181.987m
Embedment:	140mm (10.0%)

Drain Specifications	
Flow Direction:	South to North
Drain Grade:	0.08%
Bottom Width:	1.2m (4.0 ft.)
Drain Bottom Relative to Design Grade:	Above Design Grade
Side Slopes:	1.5 Horizontal to 1.0 Vertical
Driveway Crossfall Grade	1.5%
Access Width (Travelled Driveway):	6.20m (20.34 ft.)
☉ of Driveway Elev. 6.0m East of the bridge centreline:	184.058m
☉ of Driveway Elev. at pipe centreline:	183.920m
☉ of Driveway Elev. 6.0m West of the bridge centreline:	183.779m

The new pipe for this installation is to be provided with a minimum depth of cover measured from the top surface of the driveway to the top of the pipe, as outlined above. If the bridge culvert is placed at its proper elevation, sufficient cover should be achieved. If the Contractor finds that the minimum cover is not being met, they shall notify the Drainage Superintendent and the Consulting Engineer immediately so that steps can be taken to rectify the condition prior to the placement of any backfill. The minimum cover requirement is **critical** and must be attained. In order for these new access bridge culverts to properly fit the channel parameters, **all of the design grade elevations must be strictly adhered to.**

As a check, all of the access bridge culvert design grade elevations shall be confirmed before commencing to the next stage of the access bridge installation. The Contractor is also to check that the pipe invert grades are correct by referencing the Benchmark and the information provided on the detail within the plans.

VII. ALUMINIZED PIPE INSTALLATION

As outlined within the accompanying Drawings and the Construction Items, the new access bridge culvert shall consist of aluminized steel pipe materials. The new Aluminized Steel Ultra-Flo Pipe Arch to be installed for this bridge is required to **be provided with a maximum of two (2) lengths of pipe**, coupled together with Aluminized Steel Type II 10C bolted couplers of the same thickness as the culvert pipe and secured in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations. Under no circumstances shall the access bridge culvert be provided with more than two (2) lengths of pipe. The Aluminized Steel Corrugated Pipe Arch for this installation must be of the length, size, and thickness as identified in the plans and approved by the Drainage Superintendent and/or the Consulting Engineer prior to its placement in the drain. Furthermore, the installation of the Aluminized Steel Corrugated Pipe Arch shall further be installed per the provisions established within the attached Standard Specifications.

VIII. BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

Once the new pipe has been satisfactorily set in place, the Contractor may commence with the backfilling operations per the Standard Specifications. As part of the culvert installation works, the Contractor shall also perform the necessary excavation to extend the length of the driveway from 6.00 metres East and West of the pipe centreline. This driveway approach for the entire length and width shall consist of a minimum of 300mm (12") of granular material MTO Type "A" satisfactory compacted in place. The gravel apron shall extend for the full width of the driveway portion of the access bridge.

Although it is anticipated that the culvert installation shall be undertaken in the dry, the Contractor shall supply and install a temporary Straw Bale Check Dam in the drain bottom immediately downstream of the culvert site during the time of construction. The straw bale check dam shall be to the satisfaction of the Drainage Superintendent and/or Consulting Engineer and must be removed upon completion of the Construction. All costs associated with the supply and installation of this Straw Bale Check Dam shall be included in the cost bid for the bridge installation.

IX. ACCESS BRIDGE END TREATMENTS

As outlined within the accompanying Drawings and the Construction Items, sloped quarried limestone end treatments shall be utilized for this application. The quarried limestone end treatment shall be installed per the provisions established within the attached Standard Specifications.

APPENDIX "A"

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APPENDIX A-1

Essex Region Conservation Authority Correspondence

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Kiara Kirkland

From: Hannah Waldt
Sent: March 24, 2025 8:47 AM
To: Ashley Gyori
Cc: Brigán Barlow; Spencer Westerberg; Tony Peralta
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - Hostine Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

Hi Ashley,

Thank you for bringing this detail to our attention. We will ensure that we correct it in our final submission.

Kind regards,



Hannah Waldt, P. Eng.

h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com | 519-733-6587 x 145

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. - Consulting Engineers

45 Division St. N., Kingsville ON N9Y 1E1



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From: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Sent: Thursday, March 20, 2025 1:58 PM
To: Hannah Waldt <h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com>
Cc: Brigán Barlow <bbarlow@lakeshore.ca>; Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>; Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - Hostine Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

Good afternoon Hannah,

Thank you for providing the attached Preliminary Drawing for the proposed bridge over the Hostine Drain, Project No. D24-112. I've had an opportunity to review the information submitted and I did note that it appears that the directions for the invert elevations may be switched. As the drain is flowing from south to north, I believe that the upstream invert elevation should be the south end of the bridge and the downstream invert elevation should be the north end of the bridge. However, as this detail is very minor in nature, I can confirm that our office is supportive of the general proposal, as presented in the preliminary stages.

We look forward to receiving the Final Drainage Report and Drawings. A completed Application for Permit form will be required from the municipality.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact this office.

Kind regards,



ASHLEY GYORI
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 • Essex, Ontario • N8M 1Y6
agyori@erca.org • essexregionconservation.ca

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Follow us on Twitter: [@essexregionca](https://twitter.com/essexregionca)

The ERCA Office is open to the public **Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays** to provide “counter service”; however, services continue to be delivered online and through email. Please consult ERCA’s website for more information and direction regarding online services (i.e. permitting, cottage bookings, seasonal passes etc.).

From: Hannah Waldt <h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com>
Sent: March 18, 2025 8:54 AM
To: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Cc: Brigian Barlow <bbarlow@lakeshore.ca>; Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>; Summer Locknick <SLocknick@erca.org>; Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - Hostine Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

You don't often get email from h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com. [Learn why this is important](#)

Hi Ashley,

Further to the correspondence below, and based on your request, we are providing you with a preliminary design proposal for the above-noted project. Under this project, we will be replacing an existing bridge that serves the lands currently owned by Kevin and Hope Girard (140-00100). The existing access bridge consists of a 4.18m wide concrete span bridge. The new access bridge shall be installed in the general location of the existing access bridge within the Hostine Drain.

Based on this information, attached you will find preliminary drawings and design details for this access bridge replacement for your review.

The subject bridge is at the downstream end of the Hostine Drain. Approximately 100 metres upstream, the Hostine Drain passes under Highway 401, and 280 metres upstream of the subject bridge is a residential access bridge consisting of a concrete span bridge. Approximately 480 metres downstream, the Hostine Drain outlets into the Lower Part of the Browns Creek Drain and then passes through a concrete span bridge under Walls Road.

Based on our preliminary design, we have determined that the replacement access bridge shall consist of 13.0m of 1850mm x 1400mm CSP pipe arch with sloped quarried limestone end treatments and 140mm of pipe embedment. This access is intended to provide a minimum access top width of 6.1m (20 ft.), as requested by the owner at the On-Site Meeting. This access has been designed to have the capacity to handle the 5-year return storm event. Based on our analysis, the bridge replacement shall have little to no adverse impacts on the

upstream and downstream level of service for the drain and shall cause little to no changes to the existing flow regime.

We have reviewed the DFO website as it relates to the Fisheries Act and have performed a "Self Assessment" for this project. Also, as it relates the Endangered Species Act, we have contacted the Municipality of Lakeshore to ensure that this project is covered under the new ESA Regulation 242/08.

We trust that this information is satisfactory. However, if you have any concerns or require additional information, please contact us at your earliest opportunity as we intend on finalizing this report as soon as possible.

Kind regards,



Hannah Waldt, P. Eng.

h.waldt@peraltaengineering.com | 519-733-6587 x 145

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. - Consulting Engineers

45 Division St. N., Kingsville ON N9Y 1E1



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From: Summer Locknick <SLocknick@erca.org>
Sent: Wednesday, October 2, 2024 1:31 PM
To: Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>
Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>
Subject: RE: ERCA Notification - Hostine Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon,

Thank you for providing the Section 78 Notice for the Hostine Drain. I've reviewed the information and the location of the proposed works and can provide the following information.

A review of our floodplain mapping for the Hostine Drain indicates that this drain is located within an area that is under the jurisdiction of the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) (Section 28 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*). Prior to undertaking works, a permit is required from this office.

At this time, we do not expect that there will be any extraneous comments or concerns with respect to this project; however, the engineering report should confirm that the proposed works do not result in any adverse impacts to the level of service of the drain and that there are no negative impacts upstream or downstream. We cannot be more specific in this regard without an actual proposal to review.

Prior to the appointed engineer moving forward with the final design for any proposed works, we kindly request that they provide this office with the opportunity to review the proposed design so that any ERCA comments can be addressed

Please note that ERCA does not review applications on behalf of external agencies (i.e. DFO, MECP, MNRF). It is the proponent's responsibility to ensure that all applicable legislation is adhered to and that all authorizations have been obtained.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards,



SUMMER LOCKNICK
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 | Essex, Ontario | N8M 1Y6
slocknick@erca.org essexregionconservation.ca

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From: Spencer Westerberg <swesterberg@lakeshore.ca>
Sent: Wednesday, September 18, 2024 3:17 PM
To: Summer Locknick <SLocknick@erca.org>
Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>
Subject: ERCA Notification - Hostine Drain - Replacement and Widening of Bridge

Good afternoon Summer,

Please be advised that we received a request for the replacement and widening of an access structure over the Hostine Drain within the Municipality of Lakeshore. As such, we would like to provide you with formal notification for the works, as required, under Section 78(2) of the Drainage Act.

Please provide us with acknowledgment of this notification, together with any initial comments you may have regarding this request.

Should you require anything further, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Thanks, Spencer.

Spencer Westerberg C.Tech
Assistant Drainage Superintendent
Municipality of Lakeshore | Drainage Services
419 Notre Dame Street, Belle River, ON, N8L 0P8

T: 519-728-1975 x627

Connect with us online at [Lakeshore.ca/Connect](https://www.lakeshore.ca/Connect)

The Municipality of Lakeshore places the highest priority on the security and privacy of our residents and stakeholders. Therefore, we have put our efforts into ensuring that this message is free of viruses or other malicious content. Despite our efforts, you should always scan all emails for any threats with proper software, as the sender does not accept liability for any damage inflicted by viewing the content of this email. This record may contain privileged, confidential or personal information which should not be disclosed to others. If you have received this message in error, please delete and advise the sender.

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APPENDIX A-2

DFO Best Management Practices

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Best Management Practices – Culvert Replacements in Municipal Drains

This document describes the conditions on which one may proceed with a culvert replacement in a municipal drain without DFO approval/notification. All municipal, provincial, or federal legislation that applies to the work being proposed must be respected. If the conditions/requirements below cannot be met, please complete the drain notification form and submit it to the Fisheries Protection Program form review at: FisheriesProtection@dfo-mpo.gc.ca.

Potential Impacts to Fish Habitat

- Infilling fish habitat by encroachment of the water crossing footprint or channel realignment to accommodate culvert
- Harmful substrate alteration of fish habitat (e.g. blockage of groundwater upwellings, critical SAR habitat, spawning areas)
- Removal of riparian vegetation and cover along the banks of the municipal drain
- Removal of edge habitat (e.g. undercut bank, shallower areas with lower velocity, aquatic vegetation) creation of barriers to fish movement (e.g. perched crossings, velocity barriers, alteration of the natural stream gradient)
- Alteration of channel flow velocity and/or depth (e.g. oversized culvert resulting in insufficient depth for fish passage at low flow or undersized culvert resulting in a flow velocity barrier at high flow)
- Alteration of channel morphology and sediment transport processes caused by the physical structure of the crossing resulting in upstream and downstream sediment aggradation/erosion
- Re-entry of sediment that was removed/stockpiled into the watercourse
- Erosion downstream from sudden release of water due to the failure of site isolation
- Stranding of fish in isolated ponds following de-watering of the site
- Impingement or entrainment of fish when de-watering pumps are used
- Short term or chronic transport of deleterious substances, including sediment, into fish habitat from construction or road drainage

Requirements

The following requirements must be met:

- There are no aquatic Species at Risk present in the work zone or impact zone. To confirm there are no aquatic Species at Risk present, refer to the document, [A Guide for Interpreting Fish and Mussel Species at Risk Maps in Ontario](http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf) which can be found at: <http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf>. Links for Ontario Conservation Area specific fish and mussel maps that include critical habitat extents and a list of aquatic Species at Risk found within the conversation authority boundary can be found on Page 5 of [A Guide for Interpreting Fish and Mussel Species at Risk Maps in Ontario](http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/356763.pdf).
- The culvert is embedded into the streambed and must allow for the free passage of fish.
- The work involves like-for-like replacements of existing road or private access culverts on all drain types without SAR.
- On C and F Drains only, this can also include replacements with extensions and end walls for the purposes of providing the property or road with safe access, but the project permanent footprint will not increase more than 250 m² below the high water mark.
- The project does not involve replacing a bridge or arch with one or more culverts installed in parallel or a larger-diameter culvert with more than one culvert installed in parallel.

- The project does not involve building more than one culvert installed in parallel on a single watercourse crossing site (e.g. twin culvert).
- The project does not involve temporarily narrowing the watercourse to an extent or for a duration that is likely to cause erosion, structural instability or fish passage problems.
- The municipal drain has no flow/low flow or is frozen to the bottom at the time of the replacement.
- In-water work is scheduled to respect timing windows (Tables 1 and 2) to protect fish, including their eggs, juveniles, spawning adults, and/or the organisms upon which they feed.
- The work can be conducted using the Culvert Removal Method described below and Standard Measures to Avoid Causing *Serious Harm to Fish* will be implemented when required.

Note: If your project must be conducted without delay in response to an emergency (e.g. the project is required to address an emergency that poses a risk to public health or safety or to the environment or property), you may apply for an Emergency Authorization (<http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/asp/forceDownload.asp?FilePath=/pnw-ppe/reviews-revues/Emergency-Authorizations-Autorisations-Urgences-eng.pdf>).

Culvert Removal Methodology

- Plan/manage the work site in a manner that prevents sediment from entering the municipal drain by installing sediment and erosion control materials where required. Ensure that a sediment and erosion control plan is developed and modified as necessary for the site.
- Where required, install effective erosion and sediment control measures before starting work to prevent sediment from entering the municipal drain.
- Implement site isolation measures when in-water work is required.
 - Install an impervious barrier upstream of the work area (Figure 1). If possible, install a secondary barrier upstream of the work area for added protection.
 - Attempt to drive out the fish from the work area and then install the impervious barrier downstream of the work area. This may reduce or eliminate the need for a fish salvage.
 - When the drain is flowing, maintain downstream flows (e.g. bypass water around the work site using pumps or flume pipes; Figure 2). Provide temporary energy dissipation measures (e.g. rip-rap) at discharge point of the hose or temporary outlet pipe when required. Routinely inspect bypass pump and hose or pipe to ensure proper operation. Inspect discharge point for erosion and reposition hose/pipe or install additional temporary energy dissipation material as needed.
 - Dewater the isolated work area. The hose for a pump may discharge along the top of the bank into existing vegetation; however, the area should be monitored for signs of erosion. Reposition the hose or install additional temporary energy dissipation material as needed.
 - A fish screen with openings no larger than 2.54 mm (0.10 inches) should be equipped on any pump used during the operation. Note: Additional information regarding fish screens can be found in the DFO Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Fish Screen Guideline document (<http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/Library/223669.pdf>).
 - Collect any fish present in the isolated work area and relocate them downstream.
 - Fish salvage operations must be conducted under a license issued by the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF). The MNRF should be contacted well in advance of any work to obtain the required fish collection license.
- Install the culvert so that it is embedded into the streambed; ensure the culvert remains passable (e.g. does not become perched) by fish and wildlife.

- Decommission the site isolation in a manner that minimizes the introduction of sediment. The downstream isolation barrier shall gradually be removed first, to equalize water levels inside and outside of the isolated area and to allow suspended sediments to settle.
- Stabilize and remove waste from the site.
- Where required, maintain effective erosion and sediment control measures until complete re-vegetation of disturbed areas is achieved.



Figure 2. Isolation of Site

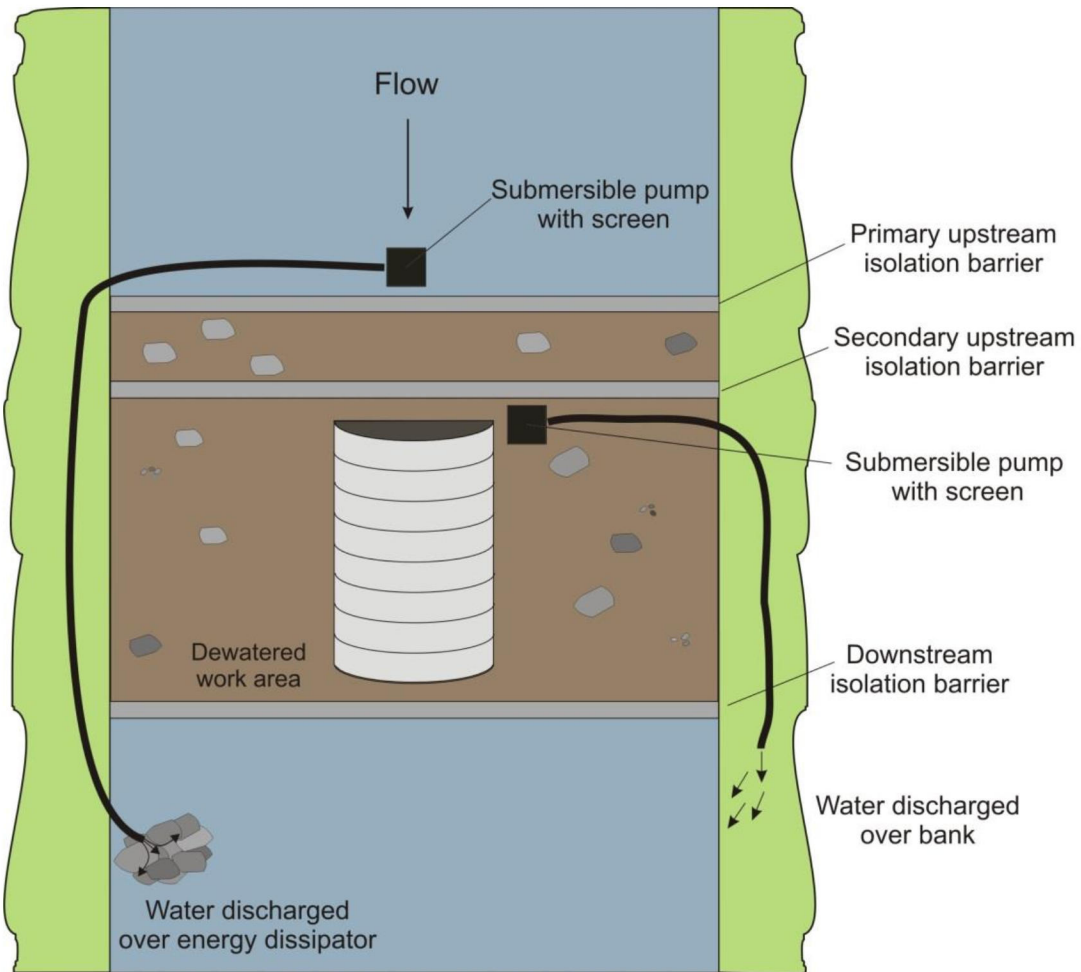


Figure 3. Isolation and Bypass Diversion when Working In-Water

Timing Windows

Figure 1 and Tables 1 and 2 can be used to determine the Restricted Activity period for the drain based on its classification. Note: Timing windows identified on [Conservation Authority](#) permits or [Ministry of Natural Resources](#) (Government of Ontario) work permits may differ and take precedence.



Figure 1. Ontario’s Northern and Southern Region boundaries for determining application of restricted activity timing windows.

Table 1. Restricted Activity timing windows for the protection of spawning fish and developing eggs and fry in the Northern Region. Dates represent when work should be avoided.

DRAIN TYPE	RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PERIOD
A	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
B	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
C	APRIL 1 TO JULY 15
D	SEPTEMBER 1 TO JULY 15
E	APRIL 1 TO JULY 15

Table 2. Restricted Activity timing windows for the protection of spawning fish and developing eggs and fry in the Southern Region. Dates represent when work should be avoided.

DRAIN TYPE	RESTRICTED ACTIVITY PERIOD
A	SEPTEMBER 15 TO JULY 15
B	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15
C	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15
D	OCTOBER 1 TO JULY 15
E	MARCH 15 TO JULY 15

Standard Measures to Avoid Causing *Serious Harm to Fish*

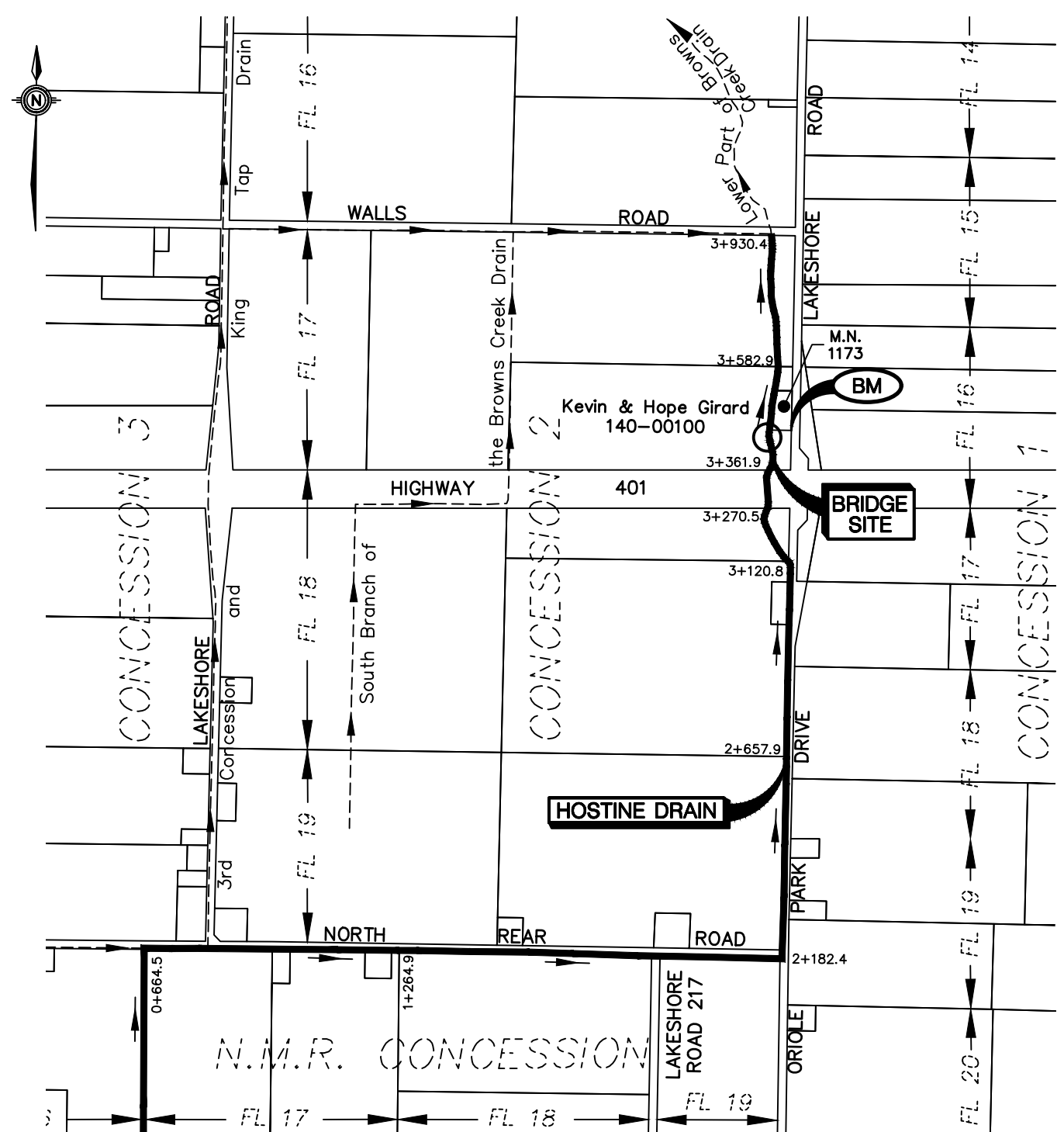
When implementing a culvert removal project in a municipal drain, the *Fisheries Act* still requires an individual/company to ensure they avoid causing *serious harm to fish* during any activities in or near water. The following advice will help one avoid causing harm and comply with the *Act* (for additional information see <http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/pnw-ppe/measures-mesures/measures-mesures-eng.html>).

1. Schedule work to avoid wet, windy and rainy periods that may increase erosion and sedimentation.
2. Whenever possible, operate machinery on land above the high water mark or on ice and in a manner that minimizes disturbance to the banks and bed of the municipal drain.
 - Ensure that machinery arrives on site in a clean condition and is maintained free of fluid leaks.
 - Limit machinery fording of the municipal drain to a one-time event (i.e., over and back), and only if no alternative crossing method is available. If repeated crossings of the municipal drain are required, construct a temporary crossing structure.
 - Wash, refuel and service machinery and store fuel and other materials for the machinery in such a way as to prevent any deleterious substances from entering the water.
 - Keep an emergency spill kit on site in case of fluid leaks or spills from machinery.
3. Install effective sediment and erosion control measures before starting work to prevent sediment from entering the municipal drain. Inspect them regularly during the course of construction and make all necessary repairs if any damage occurs.
4. Erosion and sediment control measures should be maintained until all disturbed ground has been permanently stabilized, suspended sediment has resettled to the bed of the municipal drain and runoff water is clear.
5. Undertake all in-water activities in isolation of open or flowing water while maintaining the natural flow of water downstream and avoid introducing sediment into the municipal drain.
6. Ensure applicable permits for relocating fish are obtained and relocate any fish that become trapped in isolated pools or stranded in newly flooded areas to the main channel of the watercourse.
7. Ensure that the water that is being pumped/diverted from the site is filtered (sediment remove) prior to being released (e.g. pumping/diversion of water to a vegetated area).
8. Implement measures for containing and stabilizing waste material (e.g. dredging spoils, construction waste and materials, commercial logging waste, uprooted or cut aquatic plants, accumulated debris) above the high water mark of nearby waterbodies to prevent re-entry.
9. Stabilize shoreline or banks disturbed by any activity associated with the project to prevent erosion and/or sedimentation, preferably through re-vegetation with native species suitable for the site.
10. If replacement rock reinforcement/armouring is required to stabilize eroding or exposed areas, then ensure that appropriately-sized, clean rock is used; and that rock is installed at a similar slope to maintain a uniform bank/shoreline and natural stream/shoreline alignment.
11. Remove all construction materials from site upon project completion.

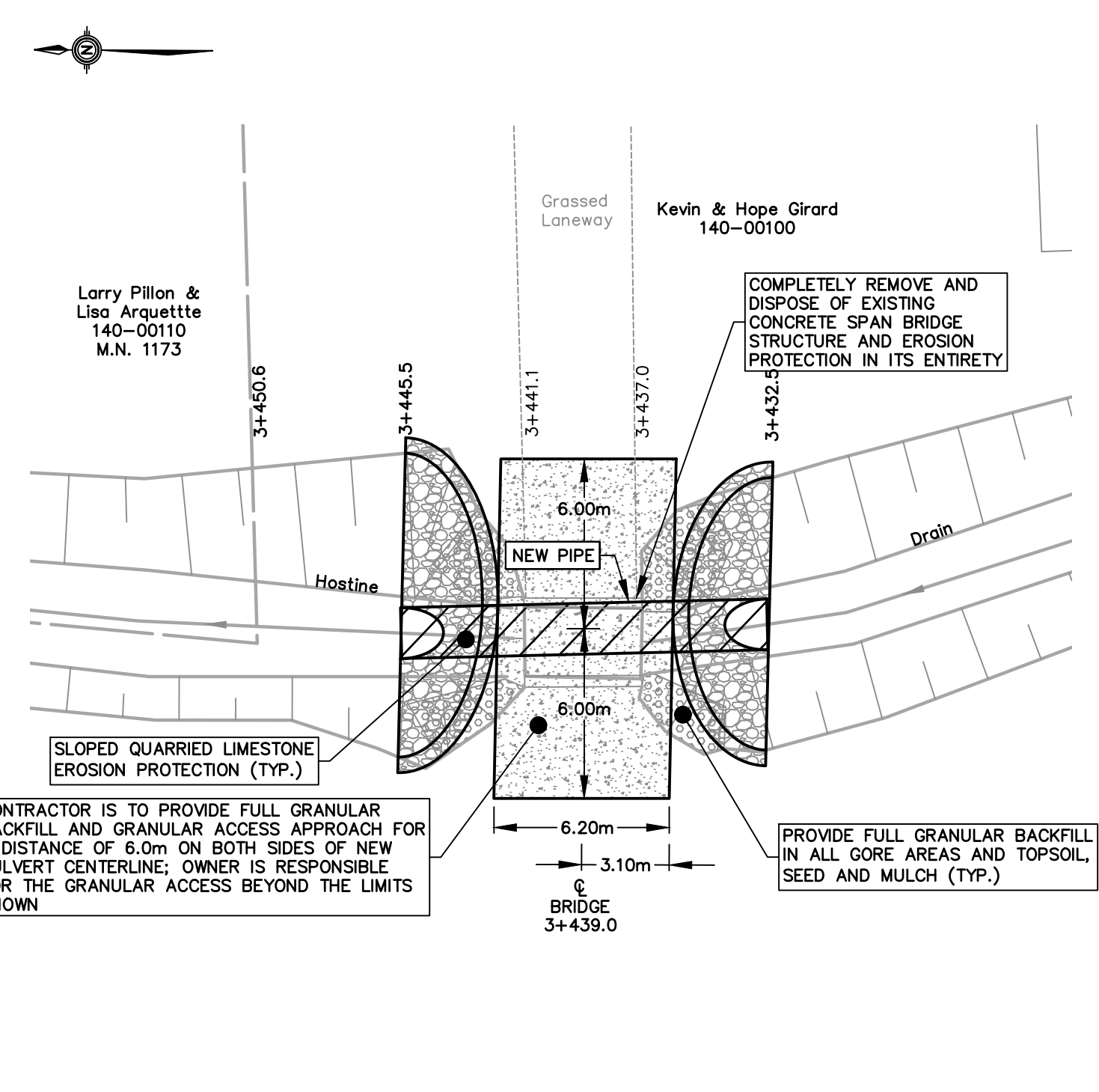
APPENDIX "B"

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KEY PLAN
Scale = 1:14,000



BRIDGE PLAN
Scale = 1:200

BENCHMARK:
TOP OF NAIL SET IN WEST FACE OF EXISTING HYDRO POLE LOCATED ON WEST SIDE OF LAKESHORE ROAD 115, APPROXIMATELY 40m SOUTH OF THE SUBJECT DRIVEWAY ACCESS.
ELEV. = 184.748m

PIPE SIZE:	PIPE LENGTH:	PIPE GAUGE:	CORRUGATIONS:	TYPE OF PIPE:
1850mm SPAN X 1400mm RISE	13.0m (42.65 FT.)	2.8mm (12 GA.)	190mm x 19mm (7.5" x 0.75")	ALUMINIZED STEEL TYPE II ULTRA FLO PIPE ARCH

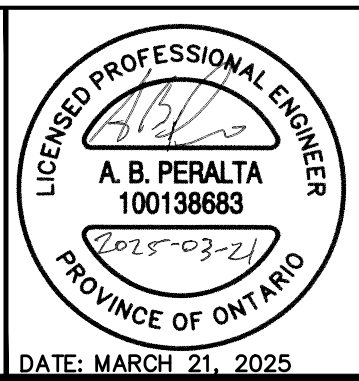
PIPE & DRIVEWAY ELEVATIONS:

UPSTREAM INV. (S) =	181.997m
DOWNSTREAM INV. (N) =	181.987m
DESIGN GRADE =	0.08%
☉ OF DRIVEWAY AT 6.0m EAST OF BRIDGE CENTRELINE =	184.058m
☉ OF DRIVEWAY AT BRIDGE CENTRELINE =	183.920m
☉ OF DRIVEWAY 6.0 WEST OF BRIDGE CENTRELINE =	183.779m
DRIVEWAY CROSSFALL FROM CENTRELINE TO TOP OUT END OF END WALL =	1.50%

BRIDGE OVER THE HOSTINE DRAIN
(for Kevin & Hope Girard (140-00100), Part Lot 17, Concession 2)

IN THE
MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE
(Former Township of Maidstone)

IN THE
COUNTY OF ESSEX • ONTARIO



Peralta Engineering
N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
Consulting Engineers

45 Division Street North
Kingsville, ON
N9Y 1E1 Canada
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F: 519-733-6588

FILE No.: D24-112	DRAWN BY: D.N.P. DESIGNED BY: H.E.W. CHECKED BY: A.B.P.	SHEET No.: 1 OF 1
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------

DATE: MARCH 21, 2025



ENGINEER'S REPORT
(Drainage Act, RSO 1990, c. D.17)

PROJECT | **Webbwood Drain**
Analysis for Town & Country Communities Ltd.
and Updated Maintenance Schedules
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D22-094

March 19, 2025

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
45 Division Street North
Kingsville, ON N9Y 1E1
519-733-6587
peraltaengineering.com

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MUNICIPAL DRAINS AND THE DRAINAGE ACT

The "Drainage Act" is one of the oldest pieces of legislation in Ontario, passed in 1859. It provides a democratic procedure for the construction, improvement and maintenance of drainage works. A procedure whereby the Municipality may assist in providing a legal drainage outlet for surface and subsurface waters not attainable under common law. Accordingly, provides much-needed assistance to facilitate the problems of obtaining a legal drainage outlet, engineering and cost distribution.

The Drainage Act provides a legal procedure by which an "area requiring drainage" may receive an outlet drain constructed to dispose of excess stormwater runoff to a sufficient outlet. This drainage infrastructure is otherwise known as a "Municipal Drain". Municipal Drains are identified by Municipal By-Law that adopts an Engineer's Report. The drainage engineer has the obligation to prepare an unbiased Engineer's Report based on information presented in written form, orally, and from visual inspection; in accordance with currently accepted design criteria. These reports form the legal basis for construction and management of the Municipal Drain. As such, an Engineer's Report shall contain specific details such as plans, profiles, and specifications that define the location, size and depth of the drainage infrastructure, together with establishing how costs are shared amongst all stakeholders.

Through the democratic procedure, the Engineer's Report is presented to all Stakeholders in front of Municipal Council (or a Drainage Board appointed by Council) for consideration. The Drainage Act provides an appeal process to address various aspects of Municipal Drains. These appeal bodies are the Court of Revision, the Ontario Drainage Tribunal and the Drainage Referee.

For additional information, Fact Sheets, and reference materials regarding the Drainage Act and Municipal Drains, please visit: <https://www.ontario.ca/page/agricultural-drainage>

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Introduction.....	2
II.	Background	2
III.	Watershed Characteristics and Drainage History.....	5
IV.	Preliminary Examination and On-Site Meeting.....	6
V.	Investigations, Design Considerations, and Hydraulic Analysis	8
VI.	Findings and Recommendations	9
VII.	Estimate of Cost.....	12
VIII.	Drawings.....	12
IX.	Construction Schedule of Assessment Details	12
X.	Future Maintenance.....	13
XI.	Special Considerations.....	15

APPENDICES

Appendix “A” – Environmental Considerations

Appendix “B” – Design Drawings

Appendix “C” – Future Maintenance Schedules of Assessment

Appendix C-1 – Entire Drain

Appendix C-2 – Downstream Section (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)

Appendix C-3 – Upstream Section (Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5)

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PROJECT | **Webbwood Drain
Analysis for Town & Country Communities Ltd.
and Updated Maintenance Schedules**
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)
Municipality of Lakeshore, County of Essex
Project No. D22-094

March 19, 2025

Mayor and Municipal Council

Corporation of the Municipality of Lakeshore
419 Notre Dame Street, P.O. Box 580
Belle River, Ontario N0R 1A0

I. INTRODUCTION

In accordance with the instructions received by email on August 30, 2022, from the Municipality of Lakeshore's Drainage Department, we have completed the necessary examinations, investigations, etc. and have prepared the following report that provides for the necessary evaluation to ensure a sufficient outlet for the proposed discharge from lands currently owned by Town & Country Communities Ltd. (210-03400). The overall project will encompass a review of the existing drainage system to evaluate additional flows created by the proposed high-level sewage treatment system and its impacts on the Webbwood Drain. Further to this evaluation, the increased flows permitted to the Municipal Drain shall require updated Maintenance Schedules of Assessment for the Webbwood Drain for future maintenance purposes. These investigations were initiated by a resolution passed by Council for our firm to investigate whether improvements are required towards providing a sufficient outlet for the Webbwood Drain. All of which are in accordance with the provisions of the Drainage Act. A plan showing the alignment of the Webbwood Drain, together with identifying all lands affected within the watershed of the drain are included herein as part of this report.

Our appointment and the works relative to the Municipal Drain improvements proposed under this report are being prepared in accordance with Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended in 2021". We have performed all of the necessary surveys, investigations, etc., for the proposed improvements to the Webbwood Drain, and we report thereon as follows.

II. BACKGROUND

Prior to our official appointment to address the necessary evaluations for the Webbwood Drain, the Municipality was approached by representatives of the CAP RIET Limited Partnership (210-03400), otherwise known as Town and Country Mobile Home Park to assist with access sewage servicing options. The subject property is currently serviced by a private on-site lagoon and leaching bed, approved by the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and through an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA). In recent years, it has been discovered that the existing treatment system no longer complies with the

conditions of the current ECA and the MECP has notified the Owner that the current system shall be discontinued. Through the Owner's evaluation, they found that the existing system is beyond repair and an alternative solution is required. As such, the sewage generated onsite shall be safely collected and disposed of until remedial actions have been completed. Based on these circumstances, the Owner had retained GM Blueplan to assess sewage servicing options for the property.

Through consultation with the Municipality, GM Blueplan inquired about the potential to discharge to municipal sanitary sewers. However, the Municipality identified that municipal sewer services in this area are currently unavailable and would not be available for five (5) to ten (10) years. Based on this information and through consultation with the MECP, the MECP strongly recommended that they implement a high-level treatment for dry-ditch criteria where the final treated effluent be discharged to a Municipal Drain. Although Municipal Drains are intended to collect and convey rainfall runoff and excess groundwater, all effluent meeting the MECP's dry-ditch criteria are considered suitable for direct discharge to the environment.

Through discussion with the Municipality, it was determined that the subject property contributes to two (2) Municipal Drains located on the north and south limits, where the affected lands have direct access to both drainage systems. The northern portion of the subject property contributes to the Town & Country Branch of the Pike Creek Drain and the southern portion contributes to the Webbwood Drain. Based on initial discussions, the Owner's representatives inquired about having a direct discharge to the Town & Country Branch of the Pike Creek Drain, to the north.

Scoping Meeting and Project Direction

With extensive knowledge and understanding of the Municipal Drains in the area, our office was asked to participate in a Scoping Meeting to discuss and review options to discharge effluent having dry-ditch criteria to the associated Municipal Drains. The Scoping Meeting was scheduled for July 29, 2022, where participants from GM Blueplan, CAP REIT, the Municipality of Lakeshore, and N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. were in attendance.

Upon introduction of all participants, we generally explained that a Municipal Drain is a communally accepted and owned drainage infrastructure that has been created through the provisions of the Drainage Act of Ontario. This Act provides for a democratic procedure for the construction, improvement, and maintenance of the drainage works. A Municipal Drain is adopted, administered, and maintained through Municipal By-Law. Therefore, once adopted as a Municipal Drain, the By-Law provides the Municipality with the authority to enter private lands, as the caretaker of the communal infrastructure. The Municipality's role is to ensure the drain is kept up and maintained on the watershed's behalf. With Municipal Drains on both sides of the subject property, we should be cognizant of any impacts to adjacent and downstream lands. With that in mind, the available drainage outlets were discussed. As part of the Drainage Act process, a public consultation process is included to ensure transparency with all affected stakeholders of the receiving Municipal Drain.

As it relates to the Town and Country Branch of the Pike Creek Drain, located on the south side of the subject property, it is currently an open drain configuration extending along the length of the property and crosses East Pike Creek Road as a covered drainage system with a direct connection to the Pike Creek. This drain resides in close proximity to existing residential properties and mobile trailers. This drainage system

was recently constructed (2012) having a design standard meeting the 100-year storm design. Due to its open drain configuration and proximity to residential lands, this Municipal Drain has been subject to various complaints related to temporary flooding, accumulation of debris, and general maintenance concerns.

As it relates to the Webbwood Drain, located on the north side of the subject property, it is currently an enclosed drainage system through the adjacent industrial lands for the majority of its length. This drainage system outlets to the Pike Creek along the north side of County Road 22. This Municipal Drain also encompasses some environmental features (environmental compensation area) at its outlet. This overall system was recently improved (2008 and 2015) having a design standard meeting the 100-year storm design. As a recently improved covered drainage system, having environmental features at the downstream portion of the drain, this Municipal Drain is subject to less maintenance and would have fewer social impacts associated with treated effluent within the system.

Regardless of the preferred connection, it was determined that a hydraulic review shall be conducted to ensure that no impacts are created on the receiving drainage system. These impacts include a tolerable increase in the hydraulic grade line created by the increased flows, together with ensuring minimal social impacts on the affected landowners. Should there be any impacts to the hydraulics, the necessary improvements shall be implemented to ensure that the drainage system maintains a similar level of service compared to what currently exists. All of which shall be to the satisfaction of the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) and the Municipality of Lakeshore. Furthermore, the Municipality had confirmed that the proposed sewage connection and the development of the property would require a Site Plan Agreement (SPA) to form part of the Municipal approval process to ensure that the development of these lands complies with municipal by-laws and other relevant policies.

With the potential increase in the subject property's discharge and use of the Municipal Drain, it became apparent that the governing municipal drainage By-Law in which future costs of maintenance would no longer represent an appropriate distribution of these costs. Therefore, it was determined that updates to the parcel's contributions to the system shall be quantified and fairly assessed for future repair and maintenance to the drain. As such, a subsequent connection report (Section 65) or an updated maintenance schedule of assessment report (Section 76) would be required to fairly assess future maintenance costs for any future maintenance on the drainage system. However, should any improvements be required to the receiving drainage system, an improvements report (Section 78) may be required to address such drainage improvements. In order to capture the worst-case scenario, it was determined that an improvement report (Section 78) be requested for the receiving drainage system and updated maintenance schedules form part of the Report.

Based on the information and details discussed at the Scoping Meeting, the Owner's representatives identified that the Webbwood Drain may be the more appropriate drainage system to investigate the potential outlet for the sewage discharge into a Municipal Drain. Based on this information and further correspondence, the Municipality received a formal request for improvements submitted by CAP RIET Limited Partnership (210-03400), to initiate a Section 78 Engineer's Report for the potential improvements to the Webbwood Drain. It shall be noted that since the submission of the request for improvements, the ownership transferred to Town & Country Communities Ltd., where all Municipal conditions and agreements have been signed with this entity.

Prior to our appointment to this project, we understand that the Municipality of Lakeshore provided the ERCA with a notice advising of the proposed drainage works, as required under Section 78(2) of the Drainage Act. Based on their comments, we engaged in further correspondence with the ERCA, regarding specific requirements for the approval of the proposed works.

III. WATERSHED CHARACTERISTICS AND DRAINAGE HISTORY

Watershed Characteristics

The Webbwood Drain is an existing Municipal drainage system which provides drainage for the lands primarily located in Part of Lot 4, in the East Pike Creek Concession, all in the former Geographic Township of Maidstone. The Webbwood Drain commences at its outlet in the Pike Creek Drain as an open drain along the north side of County Road 22. Immediately upstream of its outlet into the Pike Creek Drain, a compensation area for fish and fish habitat was incorporated as part of the Webbwood Drain. The covered portion of the existing Webbwood Drain extends from the north side of County Road 22 southerly across said County Road, and then easterly along the south side of County Road 22 to the east limit of East Pike Creek Road. The Webbwood Drain then continues southerly as a covered drainage system along the east side of East Pike Creek Road to the property limit between the Croft Drive Industrial Subdivision and the Town and Country Mobile Home Park. From this point, the drain extends upstream, as a recently enclosed drainage system (formerly an open drain), within the Industrial Subdivision lands and along the south property limit. The drain continues as an enclosure to its upper end at the easterly right-of-way limit of the Un-Opened road allowance, east of Prospect Drive.

The Webbwood Drain is an irregularly shaped watershed which encompasses approximately 31.72 hectares (78.37 acres) of land, all of which reside within the Municipality of Lakeshore. The Webbwood Drain forms part of the overall Pike Creek watershed. The vast majority of the lands within the Webbwood Drain's watershed area consist of industrial and residential lands. The lands within the watershed have a relatively flat terrain with mild topographic relief.

Drainage History

From our review of the Municipality of Lakeshore's drainage records, we found various Engineer's Reports prepared through the provisions of the Drainage Act for the Webbwood Drain. Based on this information, we have utilized the following relevant Engineer's Report as a reference for carrying out this project:

Webbwood Drain

- a) **December 8, 1976**, Engineer's Report for the "Webbwood Drain", prepared by William J. Settington, P.Eng., was carried out through the Township of Maidstone By-Law No. 2884. This report provided for the establishment of the entire length of the existing open drain, at that time, as a Municipal Drain, through the provisions of the Drainage Act. The original alignment of the Webbwood Drain was an open drain in its entirety and commenced from its outlet into the Pike Creek Drain, along the south side of the former Highway No. 2 (County Road 22) and extended easterly and upstream to the east side of the East Pike Creek Road and continued along its current course. The works conducted under this report comprised drain excavation, access bridge replacements and general improvements along the entire length of the Webbwood Drain.

- b) **May 15, 1978**, Engineer's Report for the "Supplementary Report - Webbwood Drain", prepared by William J. Settington, P.Eng., was carried out through the Township of Maidstone By-Law No. 2994. This report provided for changes to the drainage system to allow the Ministry of Transportation of Ontario (MTO) to cover part of the outlet portion of the drain along the south side of the former Highway No. 2, now County Road 22.
- c) **April 22, 2008**, Engineer's Report for the "Webbwood Drain Enclosure and Diversion (for County of Essex)", prepared by Gerard Rood, P.Eng., was carried out through the Town of Lakeshore By-Law No. 66-2008. This report provided for the diversion and enclosure of the outlet portion of the drain to accommodate the improvements to County Road 22. These improvements comprised approximately 182.0 metres of drain enclosure from the north side of County Road 22 to the north limit of the existing Croft Drive entrance culvert. The works also included the provision of a Fish Compensation Area with a low-flow channel.
- d) **December 23, 2015**, Engineer's Report for the "Webbwood Drain Improvements", prepared by Antonio B. Peralta, P.Eng., carried out through the Town of Lakeshore By-Law No. 12-2016. This report provided for the enclosure and improvements of the remaining portion of the open drain, from the north limit of the existing Croft Drive entrance culvert to its top end at the easterly right-of-way limit of the Un-Opened road allowance, east of Prospect Drive. These improvements within private lands, comprised of approximately 1,079.2 metres of drain enclosure, to replace the remaining portion of open drain.

From our detailed research of the above Engineer's Reports, we have determined that the Webbwood Drain has been designated as a Municipal Drain through the provisions of the Drainage Act. The entire length of this Municipal Drain has been defined and governed by the 2008 and 2015 Engineer's Reports and By-Laws and extends from Station 0+000.0 to approximately Station 1+318.5. As it relates to the area of land contributing to this drainage system, the combination of the 2008 and 2015 reports would encompass the entire watershed boundary limits contributing flows to the Webbwood Drain from the upstream lands. As such, this report was utilized as a starting point in establishing the area of land contributing to the overall watershed and establishing the distribution of all future maintenance costs.

IV. PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION AND ON-SITE MEETING

Further to the Scoping Meeting, our appointment and after reviewing all of the drainage information provided by the Municipality of Lakeshore, we arranged for an On-Site Meeting to be scheduled for September 28, 2022. The following people were in attendance at this meeting:

Name	Affiliation
Scott Pickering	Representative of 360 Croft Drive
Josette Eugeni	Representative of James Sylvestre Developments
Jill Fiorito	Lakeshore (Former) Drainage Superintendent
Tony Peralta, P.Eng.	N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.

The following information was discussed:

1. Upon introductions, it was generally discussed that Town and Country Mobile Park had submitted a request for improvements to the Municipality of Lakeshore for the Webbwood Drain. It was further outlined that the subject property is investigating an MECP-approved high-level sewage treatment system that requires a discharge connection to the Webbwood Drain. These investigations were initiated due to the failure of the current system and its need for a suitable replacement. Unfortunately, the subject property is without a connection to Municipal sanitary sewers and requires an alternative solution.
2. It was further discussed that although Municipal Drains are intended to collect and discharge rainfall runoff to a sufficient outlet, the discharge from the proposed sewage system meets the MECP standards for dry-ditch criteria suitable for direct discharge to the environment. It was confirmed that this system shall comply with an ECA that will be enforced by the MECP and further approved by the local conservation authority and the Municipality.
3. Mr. Peralta further explained that a Municipal Drain is a communally accepted and owned drainage infrastructure that has been created through the provisions of the Drainage Act of Ontario. This Act provides for a democratic procedure for the construction, improvement, and maintenance of the drainage works. A Municipal Drain is adopted, administered, and maintained through Municipal By-Law. Therefore, once adopted as a Municipal Drain, the By-Law provides the Municipality with the authority to enter private lands, as the caretaker of the communal infrastructure. The Municipality's role is to ensure the drain is kept up and maintained on the watershed's behalf.
4. Mr. Peralta further explained the purpose of the "On-Site Meeting". He explained that this meeting is a mandatory requirement of the Drainage Act and is intended to be the initial step in the process to provide a general introduction to the project and to help establish a general scope of work based on the submitted request and subsequent discussions of this meeting.
5. Mr. Peralta confirmed that the subject property forms part of the Webbwood Drain watershed with direct connections to the enclosed system. The Webbwood Drain was recently improved through the 2008 and 2015 Engineer's Reports and By-Laws. Based on these past improvements, the system has been designed to meet the 100-year storm event design criteria. However, with the implementation of the treatment system, additional discharge from the property may impact the current functionality and available capacity of the system. As such, an evaluation shall be conducted to confirm that the current capacities shall be reviewed to ensure little to no impact on the Municipal Drain's capacity. Should the evaluation confirm an increase in the drain's hydraulic capacity, drain improvements may be required to ensure that the system endures a similar level of service as the existing system.
6. Should the additional flows be accepted, the subject property will contribute additional flows compared to what was previously accounted for. Therefore, the change in contribution to the system shall impact cost sharing of future maintenance on the drain. Seeing that the overall governing Schedule of Assessment appears to be outdated, the Municipality requested that Updated Maintenance Schedules of Assessment form part of this project.

7. Mr. Peralta advised that the Webbwood Drain is under the jurisdiction of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA), and the Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR). Should drainage improvements be required, further consultation with these agencies shall be initiated.
8. Mr. Peralta further explained that through the provisions of the Drainage Act, landowners who contribute to and/or benefit from the drainage works are assessed their fair share of the project costs. However, based on the intended scope of this project being specific to facilitating the development of the subject property, it is anticipated that any cost associated with this project will likely be borne by the benefitting Owner. However, the cost of any future maintenance to maintain the improved system shall be levied to all affected owners based on the added benefits to the overall system and the contribution of runoff from each property.
9. Mr. Peralta explained the overall drainage report, future maintenance, and potential appeal processes, together with reviewing grant eligibility with the landowners.
10. Mr. Peralta opened up discussions with the landowners and requested that they provide their comments and concerns regarding the Webbwood Drain, as it relates to this overall project. He further explained that the information shared at this meeting will help establish the overall scope and direction of this project. The landowners present were understanding of the situation and felt that so long as there was no impact on the overall drainage system, they did not see any concerns at this time.
11. At the conclusion of the discussions, we advised that we would remain in close consultation with the representatives of the Town and Country Mobile Park and any affected environmental stakeholders towards establishing the next steps in this process.

On this note, the On-Site Meeting had concluded.

V. INVESTIGATIONS, DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS, AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Further to the regulatory requirements outlined by the ERCA's initial comments, the proposed works should maintain the existing capacity and evaluate the effects of the increased discharge. As such, the ERCA confirmed that the increase in the property's discharge shall not create any negative impacts on the drainage system and adjacent lands. With that in mind, the improvements to the Webbwood Drain from the 2008 and 2015 Engineer's Reports and By-Laws were designed to maintain the 1:100-year design flows within the system.

"A Guide for Engineers Working Under the Drainage Act in Ontario" - OMAFRA Publication 852 (2018), is the current reference documentation used by Engineers carrying out work on Municipal Drains through provisions of the Drainage Act. Based on this document, the 2-year return period storm design (50% chance of occurring each year) is the recommended design standard for the minor flow path (channel) applied to Municipal Drains within rural Ontario, specific to open drain channels and low-hazard agricultural access crossings. The exception is for residential, industrial, and commercial properties where flooding could create significant damage to the surrounding properties, a higher 5-year (20% chance of occurring each

year) to 10-year (10% chance of occurring each year) return period storm design could be utilized. Considering the lands adjacent to the Webbwood Drain are predominately residential and industrial land-use, a higher 5 to 10-year return period storm design shall be utilized for the evaluation of the minor flow path for the open drain. The major flow path (overland) conveys the less frequent, more extreme, storm events. The 1:100-year return period (1% chance of occurring each year) is the regional storm event that has been confirmed by the ERCA as their major flow path design standard. Based on our consultation and review of this project, it has been identified that the ERCA regulates the 1:100 return period event. Therefore, this return period shall be considered as part of the analysis and design considerations.

Based on the information gathered through the Scoping Meeting and the On-Site Meeting, we requested additional information to help assist with the necessary evaluations of the Webbwood Drain. Based on the initial discussion with GM Blueplan, the rated capacity of the proposed sewage treatment facility produces a maximum of 165,000 litres per day (114.6 litres per minute) of direct discharge to the Webbwood Drain. Utilizing the maximum release rate, our office analyzed the capacity of the existing Webbwood Drain relative to the 1:100-year water surface elevation within the system. This evaluation measured the existing conditions versus the proposed conditions to verify the potential impact on the upstream and downstream lands. Based on the worst-case scenario, when the proposed treatment system is discharging during the 1:100-year storm event, we found that the added flows will provide approximately one (1) centimetre increase in water surface elevation. Further to our evaluation, we find that this increase in water surface elevation will remain within the design parameters of the overall system. In order to achieve these figures and minimize the effect on the overall system, the proposed treatment system shall discharge at a specific location within the Webbwood Drain. As a result and through consultation with the ERCA, our evaluation concludes that the impacts of treatment system discharge will not require any physical improvement to the Webbwood Drain. Through email correspondence, they confirmed that our proposal, as presented, is something that the ERCA can support.

As noted previously, the existing sewage system had failed and interim measures were required to maintain day-to-day operations. Although daily hauling of effluent was attainable, it was not feasible as an interim solution. Therefore, while a permanent solution was being derived, our office was asked to analyze the impacts of a temporary modular treatment system. Therefore, our office was asked to conduct additional analysis to evaluate the effects of the temporary treatment system on the Webbwood Drain. As a result, the Owners retained Clearford for the implementation of a temporary treatment system. Through meetings and correspondence, it was determined that an MECP-approved temporary treatment system would produce 500 to 600 litres per minute (720,000 to 864,000 litres per day) of effluent discharge. Through our analysis, it was determined that these flows would create a significant increase in water surface elevation during the 1:100-year storm event and would not meet the requirement previously established. However, the system will have the ability to be operated intermittently (daytime operation only) and only during dry periods. Through various correspondence and discussions with the ERCA, we established specific provisions for operating the temporary system and obtained their approval for the interim operating conditions.

VI. FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the detailed investigations, discussions and reviews with Owner's Representatives, Municipal Staff, and regulatory authorities, together with information derived from the project meeting, we have established

the general requirements to adequately address the high-level sewage treatment facility discharge to the Webbwood Drain. Our findings and recommendations are outlined in the following paragraphs.

ERCA, DFO and MNR/MECP Considerations

During the course of our investigations, this drainage project was discussed and reviewed in detail with Ashley Gyori and Summer Locknick, of the ERCA, to address the regulatory requirements, concerns, and comments related to this Municipal Drain. The Webbwood Drain is located within the regulated area and is under the jurisdiction of the ERCA. Therefore, an ERCA Permit is required for the necessary review and approvals associated with the Webbwood Drain. Further to the various meetings and upon their request, a detailed hydraulic analysis and a design proposal were submitted to the ERCA for their review and consideration. Based on the submissions, the ERCA provided us with their comments and concerns through email correspondence. A copy of the ERCA response is included in **Appendix "A"**.

With the results of the project not requiring any physical work to the Webbwood Drain, no further environmental investigations were required. However, an amended ECA was required for the implementation of the new sewage treatment system administered through the MECP.

Webbwood Drain Open Drain General Improvements

From our investigations, examinations, calculations, discussions, and determinations with the affected parties, the following findings were noted and recommendations regarding the general improvements required to the Webbwood Drain are provided as follows:

General Improvements:

1. Parcel 210-03400, currently owned by Town & Country Communities Ltd. located within Lot 4, East Pike Creek Concession (EPC), is an existing residential mobile park. The subject property includes an existing on-site lagoon and leaching bed to address sewage for the associated mobile park, through an existing ECA administered through the MECP. The existing sewage system has reached the end of its service life and requires replacement. With no available connection to municipal sewers, the Owners are seeking to implement a high-level treatment facility for dry-ditch criteria that will outlet into a local Municipal Drain, per the recommendations of the MECP. This new sewage treatment facility would require an amended ECA through the MECP. In addition to the necessary approvals from the governing authorities, the proposed improvements/development of the property will need to proceed through a Site Plan Agreement (SPA) through the Municipality of Lakeshore.
2. The subject property has direct access to two (2) Municipal Drains located on both sides of the property. Upon review and consideration of both options, it was established that the most appropriate outlet would be the Webbwood Drain located along the south side of the property. The majority of the length of the Webbwood Drain consists of a covered drainage system that was entirely updated and improved partially in 2008 and the remaining portion in 2015. In order to meet the regulatory requirements at that time, the overall system was designed to meet the regional design standard of a 1:100-year return period (1% chance of occurring each year).
3. As outlined within the initial correspondence with the ERCA, consideration must be given to ensure that the increased flows directed to the Webbwood Drain shall not create any negative impacts on the

drainage system and adjacent lands. The proposed high-level treatment facility is rated to discharge suitable effluent to the environment having 165,000 L/day (114.6 litres per minute). In order to ensure that no adverse effects are created by the improvements to the subject property, a hydraulic analysis was conducted for this project to analyze the existing parameters and proposed requirements. Through this analysis, it was confirmed that the increase in discharge from the subject property during the 1:100-year storm event would result in an approximately one (1) centimetre increase in water surface elevation. Further to our evaluation, we find that this increase in water surface elevation will remain within the design parameters of the overall system and create little to no impact on the overall system. In order to ensure minimal impacts on the overall system, the analysis confirmed that the proposed treatment system shall discharge into CBMH-28 at Station 1+186.4 or DICB-29 at Station 1+187.4. Should the discharge of the proposed treatment system discharge at the specified locations, the proposed treatment system discharge will not require any physical improvement to the Webbwood Drain.

4. Although no physical improvements are required to accept the additional flows into the Webbwood Drain, the added flows alter the property's overall contributions to the Municipal Drain. As such, these contributions are not properly reflected in the existing Schedule of Assessment contained within the governing By-Laws. Therefore, it is necessary to prepare a new Maintenance Schedule of Assessment to properly account for all of the lands and roads affected by the entire length of the Webbwood Drain, through Section 76 of the Drainage Act.

In summary, our evaluation confirmed that the additional discharge from the proposed sewage treatment system within the residential mobile park owned by Town & Country Communities Ltd. (210-03400) will not create any adverse impacts on the Webbwood Drain, so long as the specified provisions are adhered to. As such, we recommend that no physical works are required to facilitate the additional flows. However, we recommend that Updated Maintenance Schedules of Assessment be created to reflect the added discharge contributions to the Webbwood Drain by the subject property. All works shall be completed in accordance with this Report, the attached Specifications, and the accompanying Drawings and that all of the works associated with same shall be carried out in accordance with Section 76 and Section 78 of the "Drainage Act, RSO 1990, Chapter D.17, as amended 2021".

VII. ESTIMATE OF COST

Our estimate of the total cost of this work, including all incidental expenses, is the sum of **THIRTY TWO THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY FOUR DOLLARS (\$32,854.00)** made up as follows:

CONSTRUCTION	
With confirmation that the Webbwood Drain can safely accept the additional flow with little to no impacts, no physical construction improvements are required or implemented.	

INCIDENTALS	
Report, Estimates and Specifications	\$ 7,000.00
Survey, Assistance, Expenses and Drawings	\$ 3,000.00
Conduct Hydraulic Analysis and Modelling	\$ 15,000.00
Updated Maintenance Schedule	\$ 5,000.00
Duplicating Report and Drawings	\$ 1,500.00
Net HST on the above items (1.76%)	\$ 554.00
Estimate Cost for ERCA Permit	\$ 800.00
TOTAL FOR INCIDENTALS =	\$ 32,854.00
TOTAL FOR CONSTRUCTION (brought forward) =	\$ 0.00
TOTAL ESTIMATE =	\$ 32,854.00

VIII. DRAWINGS

As part of this report, we have provided a plan that illustrates the Webbwood Drain watershed and sub-watershed areas, as well as a listing of the affected landowners. This drawing shall be used to accompany the maintenance schedules of assessment for the Webbwood Drain. The drawing is attached to the back of this report and is labelled herein as **Appendix "B"**.

IX. CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT DETAILS

We would recommend that all of the costs associated with the necessary evaluation and review of the Webbwood Drain, be assessed in accordance with the attached **Construction Schedule of Assessment**.

In summary, all analysis, review, and updated Maintenance Schedules associated with this project, were required to facilitate the needs of the subject property owned by Town & Country Communities Ltd. (210-03400) in Part of Lot 4, in the East Pike Creek Concession, in the Geographic Township of Maidstone.

It shall be noted that the attached Construction Schedule of Assessment is to be utilized for the distribution of costs related to the works being provided for under this report and this Construction Schedule of Assessment shall not be utilized for the sharing of any future maintenance works conducted to same.

X. FUTURE MAINTENANCE

After the completion of all of the works associated with this Engineer's Report, we would recommend that the Webbwood Drain be kept up and maintained in the future through the Municipality of Lakeshore.

Future Repair and Replacement - Webbwood Drain

Based on the previous improvements conducted on the various portions of the Webbwood Drain, past By-Laws have established future maintenance provisions related to the repair and replacement of the associated sections of the Municipal Drain. The following is a summary of these provisions previously established:

From Station 0+000.0 to Station 0+240.9 – This portion of the Webbwood Drain was improved as part of the April 22, 2008 Engineer's Report. These works were specifically required for the County Road 22 improvements. As such, when repair or replacement of this portion of the Municipal Drain is required, it shall adhere to the details and parameters outlined within the associated 2008 Report.

From Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5 – This portion of the Webbwood Drain was improved as part of the December 23, 2015 Engineer's Report. These works were specifically related to the enclosure of the open portion of the Webbwood Drain. As such, when repair or replacement of this portion of the Municipal Drain is required, it shall adhere to the details and parameters outlined within the associated 2015 Report.

Future Flushing and Cleaning

All lands and roads within the Webbwood Drain watershed area contributing their flows through this enclosure shall be responsible to pay their fair share of any future flushing and cleaning of the enclosure pipe, as well as any future repairs or maintenance to any rip rap erosion protection. All of which is located between Station 0+058.9 and Station 1+318.5.

Entire Length (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9) - When future flushing and cleaning works are performed over the entire length of the enclosed portion of the Webbwood Drain, we recommend that the cost for these works of future maintenance shall be shared by the abutting landowners and upstream affected lands and roads, following the same proportions established within the **Future Maintenance Schedule of Assessment – Entire Length (Station 0+058.9 to Station 1+318.5)** included within **Appendix "C"**. This Schedule of Assessment has been developed based on an assumed cost of **\$20,000.00** and the future maintenance costs shall be levied pro-rata to the affected lands and roads that are adjacent to and situated upstream of this section of drain for which future maintenance works have been carried out. Therefore, when **\$20,000.00** worth of future maintenance work is expended on the entire length of the drain, the assessment to each of the individual affected property owners and roads shall be levied per the noted Maintenance Schedule of Assessment. It should be clearly understood that the amounts shown within this Schedule are only for prorating future maintenance costs for the drain and do not form part of the current cost for the work.

Downstream Section (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9) - When future flushing and cleaning works are performed over the downstream section of the enclosed portion of the Webbwood Drain, we recommend that the cost for these works of future maintenance shall be shared by the abutting landowners and upstream affected lands and roads, following the same proportions established within the **Future Maintenance Schedule of Assessment – Downstream Section (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)** included within **Appendix "C"**. This Schedule of Assessment has been developed based on an assumed cost of **\$10,000.00** and the future maintenance costs shall be levied pro-rata to the affected lands and roads that are adjacent to and situated upstream of this section of drain for which future maintenance works have been carried out. Therefore, when **\$10,000.00** worth of future maintenance work is expended on this section of the drain, the assessment to each of the individual affected property owners and roads shall be levied per the noted Maintenance Schedule of Assessment. It should be clearly understood that the amounts shown within this Schedule are only for prorating future maintenance costs for the drain and do not form part of the current cost for the work.

Upstream Section (Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5) - When future flushing and cleaning works are performed over the upstream section of the enclosed portion of the Webbwood Drain, we recommend that the cost for these works of future maintenance shall be shared by the abutting landowners and upstream affected lands and roads, following the same proportions established within the **Future Maintenance Schedule of Assessment – Upstream Section (Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5)** included within **Appendix "C"**. This Schedule of Assessment has been developed based on an assumed cost of **\$10,000.00** and the future maintenance costs shall be levied pro-rata to the affected lands and roads that are adjacent to and situated upstream of this section of drain for which future maintenance works have been carried out. Therefore, when **\$10,000.00** worth of future maintenance work is expended on this section of the drain, the assessment to each of the individual affected property owners and roads shall be levied per the noted Maintenance Schedule of Assessment. It should be clearly understood that the amounts shown within this Schedule are only for prorating future maintenance costs for the drain and do not form part of the current cost for the work.

The attached Future Maintenance Schedules of Assessment for the Webbwood Drain are to be utilized only for the flushing of sediment material within any existing enclosed portions of the drain. If spot maintenance is performed within the specified reach of the drain, it is recommended that only those lands adjacent and upstream of the maintenance site be assessed for any future costs. It shall be noted that these schedules shall not be utilized for any other maintenance and repair/replacement works being conducted within the system. These provisions have previously been established in the preceding heading.

Webbwood Drain - Working Corridors and Access Routes

Access routes and working corridors have been established in previous By-Laws to help facilitate the necessary drainage improvements and future maintenance of the Webbwood Drain. The lands in which these working corridors and access routes have been established have currently or previously been compensated for and shall remain in perpetuity for initial construction and future maintenance works on the Webbwood Drain. Therefore, when construction and/or future maintenance works are being conducted, the Contractor shall be expected to keep all future equipment and forces within the established working corridors for any future maintenance performed on the Webbwood Drain.

Future Maintenance Summary

All of the above provisions for the future maintenance of the Webbwood Drain shall remain as aforesaid until otherwise varied and/or determined under the provisions of the "Drainage Act, RSO. 1990, Chapter, D.17, as amended 2021", or subsequent amendments made thereto.

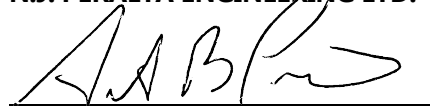
XI. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Stormwater Management Provisions

It shall be noted that some developments within the Webbwood Drain watershed convey their runoff through existing Stormwater Management (SWM) facilities. SWM facilities are utilized to control stormwater discharge from a site with increased runoff caused by development and further restrict flows to a pre-development flow rate (or less). Although SWM is intended to control the peak discharge into the receiving drainage system, the rainfall on developed sites with increased impermeable conditions creates an additional volume of runoff that is stored within SWM facilities (ponds, underground chambers, etc.). The increased total volume of water is discharged from the SWM facilities over an extended period, to empty the pond after a rain event. As a result, SWM facilities generally contribute a higher total volume of water that travels through the receiving drains. Also, with the delayed release of runoff created by SWM facilities, these facilities discharge flows over an extended period of time, creating extended saturation and higher direct erosion throughout the drain bottom. These extended flows and added volume tend to destabilize the drain banks, as the receiving drains are wetter for longer periods. The effects of SWM are considered an injuring liability to the receiving drains, which will generally reduce the service life of the open drain and result in more periodic drain maintenance. Thus, creating increased maintenance costs. Pursuant to Section 23 of the Drainage Act we have taken into account the increased volume of artificial runoff discharging from the SWM systems and have factored this provision into the outlet assessment for the lands being served by the SWM systems within our new Schedules of Assessment for the Webbwood Drain.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

N.J. PERALTA ENGINEERING LTD.



Antonio B. Peralta, P.Eng.

ABP/kk



APPENDIX "A"

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Kiara Kirkland

From: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Sent: June 27, 2023 9:26 AM
To: Matthew Shiha
Cc: Jill Fiorito; Jenny Mailman; Graham Hines; Leo Lau; Karen Dam; Wayne Ormshaw; Sydnee Rivest; Grant Parkinson - GM BluePlan; Maggie Grierson - GM BluePlan; Tony Peralta; Anne-Marie Moniz
Subject: RE: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions
Attachments: Application-for-Permit-General_Fillable.pdf; Landowner-Authorization-Form-fillable-form.pdf; ERCA Fee Schedule 2023 - Final (for circulation).pdf

Good morning Matthew,

Thank you for providing the details below and the previously attached information. We apologize for our delay in response as we are experiencing extremely high volumes of incoming applications and inquiries. Given the submitted information and our additional discussion related to the potential increase in HGL under the typical interim operating conditions, I can confirm that the interim proposal appears to be a reasonable solution that our office can support.

As these works will alter the flows in the Webbwood Drain, an ERCA Alterations to Watercourse approval under Section 28 of the *Conservation Authorities Act* will be required. This approval will be for the interim condition only and an additional approval will be required for the permanent solution. Please see attached for the Application for Permit form, to be signed and completed by the Town and Country Trailer Park. This form can also be completed by a designated agent on behalf of the Town and Country Trailer Park; however, a Landowner Authorization Form (or equivalent) is required to be signed by the Town and Country Trailer Park to provide their permission for the agent to act on their behalf in obtaining the ERCA approval. The fee for the review of this submission is \$800.00, in accordance with Item 7 in the attached Fee Schedule. Payment can be made by credit card over the phone by contacting Ms. Lisa Limarzi, *Administrative Associate*, at **519-560-7207** or payment can be made in person at the ERCA office Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursdays from 8:30a.m. – 4:00p.m.

Once the *Drainage Act* process has been completed and the permanent solution is ready to be implemented, a revised ERCA approval and subsequent fee will be required. As this revised approval will be for the permanent condition under the municipal *Drainage Act*, the Application for Permit form will need to be completed and signed by the municipality.

Please let me know if you have any questions or would like to discuss further.

Kind regards,



ASHLEY GYORI
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 • Essex, Ontario • N8M 1Y6
agyori@erca.org • essexregionconservation.ca

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****NOTE: I WILL BE TAKING AN EXTENDED LEAVE FROM JULY 2023 – JULY 2024****

The ERCA Office is now open to the public **Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays** to provide “counter service”; however, services continue to be delivered online and through email. Please consult ERCA’s website for more information and direction regarding online services (i.e. permitting, cottage bookings, seasonal passes etc.).

From: Matthew Shiha <matthew@peraltaengineering.com>
Sent: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 4:21 PM
To: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>; Jenny Mailman <J.Mailman@capreit.net>; Graham Hines <G.Hines@capreit.net>; Leo Lau <l.lau@capreit.net>; Karen Dam <k.dam@capreit.net>; Wayne Ormshaw <wormshaw@lakeshore.ca>; Sydnee Rivest <srivest@lakeshore.ca>; Grant Parkinson - GM BluePlan <Grant.Parkinson@gmblueplan.ca>; Maggie Grierson - GM BluePlan <Maggie.Grierson@gmblueplan.ca>; Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>; Anne-Marie Moniz <amoniz@lakeshore.ca>
Subject: RE: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions

Good Afternoon Ashley,

Further to our telephone conversation of May 10, 2023, we have been in contact with the Consultants coordinating the options for temporary discharge measures for the Town and Country Trailer Park Lagoon. As such, please find below our proposal outlining our request to accommodate temporary increased flows within the Webbwood Drain, for your consideration:

In our discussion with the Owners and Consultants, it has come to our attention that the current lagoon is at a critical point and at risk for failure, leading to a breach and contamination of the surrounding area and subsurface bed. Currently, the efforts to drawdown the lagoon consist of trucking the material out of the lagoon which is costly and restricted to handling day to day increases. Hence, the need for a temporary system is evident and would be in operation until the drawdown of the lagoon is to a safe and sufficient level before implementing the permanent system (supported by your office in the previous email below).

As already confirmed, the permanent system is expected to have a flow rate of 113.4 L/min and would not adversely affect the current level of service, beyond 1cm for the 1:100 year storm. The temporary system is anticipated to release a maximum of 600 L/min intermittently and could affect the level of service during a storm event. Therefore, we would like to provide supplemental information for your consideration to mitigate these possible adverse effects.

- It is the intention for these temporary units to be operated intermittently (through daytime operation only) as well as only during dry periods (available ramp down and cessation leading up to and during rain events).
- The units come with ECAs and provide for full time monitoring.
- It is the operator’s responsibility for monitoring the units and they would be liable for their proper and safe operation. The Municipality and ERCA would hold no liability for the operation or management of the work.
- The MECP supports the use of the temporary units and has provided quality standards for the effluent and requires weekly reports on discharge flowrate, effluent quality, and other effluent parameters.

In addition to the above, please find attached the following documents:

1. Report outlining the background and proposed treatment plan.

2. Technical memorandum addressing monitoring and management plan, contingency plans, and risk mitigation table for the proposed temporary units.
3. ECA documents (amended and original).
4. Correspondence between the Consultants and MECP.

We hope that you find the above measures and mitigations to your satisfaction which would allow the approval of this temporary measure to increase flows. Should you require any other supporting information in this matter or would like to discuss this further, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Regards,



Matthew Shiha, E.I.T.

matthew@peraltaengineering.com | 519-733-6587 x 145

N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. - Consulting Engineers

45 Division St. N., Kingsville ON N9Y 1E1

peraltaengineering.com

IMPORTANT: We have temporarily relocated to Unit 1-38 Erie Street North, Leamington ON N8H 2Z3 during the construction of the new office building at our Kingsville location.

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From: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>

Sent: Friday, November 4, 2022 8:34 AM

To: Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>

Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>; Lauren Colenutt <lcolenutt@lakeshore.ca>; Jenny Mailman <J.Mailman@capreit.net>; Graham Hines <G.Hines@capreit.net>; Leo Lau <l.lau@capreit.net>; Karen Dam <k.dam@capreit.net>; Kyle Emery <kemery@lakeshore.ca>; Wayne Ormshaw <wormshaw@lakeshore.ca>; Sydnee Rivest <srivest@lakeshore.ca>; Grant Parkinson - GM BluePlan <Grant.Parkinson@gmblueplan.ca>; Maggie Grierson - GM BluePlan <Maggie.Grierson@gmblueplan.ca>

Subject: RE: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions

Good morning Tony,

Thank you for your email below. We've had an opportunity to review the information provided and we can confirm this proposal, as presented, is something that this office can support.

For this project to proceed, we will require a final stamped/sealed engineer's report and drawings so that we can undertake a full review and a completed Application for Permit form signed by the municipality.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards,



ASHLEY GYORI
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 • Essex, Ontario • N8M 1Y6
agyori@erca.org • essexregionconservation.ca

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From: Tony Peralta <tony@peraltaengineering.com>
Sent: October 24, 2022 2:50 PM
To: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>; Lauren Colenutt <lcolenutt@lakeshore.ca>; Jenny Mailman <J.Mailman@capreit.net>; Graham Hines <G.Hines@capreit.net>; Leo Lau <l.lau@capreit.net>; Karen Dam <k.dam@capreit.net>; Kyle Emery <kemery@lakeshore.ca>; Wayne Ormshaw <wormshaw@lakeshore.ca>; Sydnee Rivest <srivest@lakeshore.ca>; Grant Parkinson - GM BluePlan <Grant.Parkinson@gmblueplan.ca>; Maggie Grierson - GM BluePlan <Maggie.Grierson@gmblueplan.ca>
Subject: RE: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions

Good afternoon Ashley;

Further to the correspondence outlined below, our office has evaluated the additional flows created from the external tertiary system into the Webbwood Drain and we wish to provide you with the following details:

GM Blue Plan has been retained by the proponent, Town and Country Mobile Park, to implement a new tertiary sewage system that will be required to discharge to a sufficient outlet. The implementation of this tertiary system is being facilitated through the Municipality of Lakeshore, with consultation with the MECP. Through our review and discussion with GM Blue Plan, the proposed tertiary sewage system is intended to discharge treated water at a maximum release rate of 163,282L/day (113.4 L/min).

Through an Engineer’s Report prepared by myself in 2015, the Webbwood Drain improvements incorporated the enclosure of the remaining open drain portion within the system to address the ongoing erosion issues. As part of the requirements set out for this project, our design and analysis of this enclosure accounted for flow up to the 1:100-year storm event.

Utilizing the maximum release rates provided by GM Blue Plan, we have analyzed the capacities of the existing Webbwood Drain to ensure that there are no adverse impacts to the upstream and downstream lands, as a result of the added flows. As such, our analysis confirmed the following:

- In the event that the tertiary system is discharging during the 1:5-year storm event, it will have minimal effects on the system (less than 0.5cm increase in water surface elevation).
- In a worst-case scenario when the tertiary system is discharging during a 1:100-year storm event, we found that the added flows will provide an increase of water surface elevation of approximately 1cm within the system. The 1cm increase in water surface elevation should remain contained within the design parameters of the system.

- In order to achieve these figures and to minimize the effects on this Municipal Drain, the tertiary system discharge shall be connected to the Webbwood Drain at CBMH28 at Station 1+186.4, or DICB29 at Station 1+187.4 as identified within the 2015 Engineer's Report.

We trust that this information is satisfactory for your review. However, if you require any additional information, please feel free to contact us.

We look forward to your response.

Regards,



Tony Peralta, P.Eng.
tony@peraltaengineering.com | 519-733-6587 x 122
N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd. - Consulting Engineers
45 Division St. N., Kingsville ON N9Y 1E1
peraltaengineering.com

IMPORTANT: We have temporarily relocated to Unit 1-38 Erie Street North, Leamington ON N8H 2Z3 during the construction of the new office building at our Kingsville location.

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From: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Sent: Tuesday, August 30, 2022 10:45 AM
To: Kyle Emery <kemery@lakeshore.ca>
Cc: Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>; Lauren Colenutt <lcolenutt@lakeshore.ca>
Subject: RE: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good morning Kyle,

Thank you for the attached notice and additional information. I've had an opportunity to review the information provided, as well as the general history of this municipal drain, and have the following information to provide.

A review of our floodplain mapping for the Webbwood Drain indicates that this drain is located within an area that is under the jurisdiction of the Essex Region Conservation Authority (ERCA) (Section 28 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*). Prior to undertaking works, a permit is required from this office.

As per your email below, it is our understanding that the proposed drainage works are to investigate the use of a tertiary system to increase the discharge to the Webbwood Drain. Please note that any comments from our office are related to the proposed increased flows outletting to the municipal drain only. Our office will not be providing comments related to the use of municipal drains for sanitary purposes. It is typically the municipal building department that reviews and approves if a septic system is in compliance with Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code, Private Sewage Systems. Approval from the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) may also be required. While sanitary servicing does not fall under the jurisdiction of the Conservation Authority, the proposed placement and grading of fill activities related to the installation of a

new septic system may require an approval from our office under Section 28 of the *Conservation Authorities Act*.

The engineering report will need to take into consideration the existing capacity of the drain and the effects of the increased discharge. Any proposed works cannot result in adverse impacts to the lands both upstream or downstream. We cannot be more specific in this regard without an actual proposal to review.

Prior to the engineer moving forward with the final report, we kindly request that they provide this office with the opportunity to review the report so that any additional or outstanding ERCA comments can be addressed prior to the meeting of consideration.

It should be noted that ERCA does not review proposals on behalf of other agencies (i.e. Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO), Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP), Ministry of Northern Development, Mines, Natural Resources and Forestry (MNDMNR), etc.). It is the responsibility of the proponent to obtain all municipal, provincial and federal authorizations and to ensure that all applicable legislation has been adhered to.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Kind regards,



ASHLEY GYORI
Regulations Analyst
Essex Region Conservation Authority
360 Fairview Avenue West, Suite 311 • Essex, Ontario • N8M 1Y6
agyori@erca.org • essexregionconservation.ca

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From: Kyle Emery <kemery@lakeshore.ca>
Sent: Friday, August 19, 2022 9:57 AM
To: Ashley Gyori <AGyori@erca.org>
Cc: Dan Jenner <DJenner@erca.org>; Jill Fiorito <jfiorito@lakeshore.ca>; Lauren Colenutt <lcolenutt@lakeshore.ca>
Subject: Request for Improvement - Webbwood Drain - Re-evaluate Outlet Contributions

Good morning Ashley,

Please see the attached Request for Improvement on the above drain in the former township of Maidstone. The Town & Country Mobile Home Park has experienced some capacity concerns with their sewage lagoons. The intent is to investigate the use of a Tertiary Septic System and increase their discharge into the Webbwood Drain.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact me.

Cheers

Kyle Emery

Assistant Drainage Superintendent

Municipality of Lakeshore | Operations - Drainage

419 Notre Dame Street, Belle River, ON, NOR 1A0

T: 519-728-2488 x627

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APPENDIX "B"

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WATERSHED PLAN

OF THE

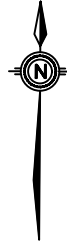
WEBBWOOD DRAIN

IN THE

MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE
(Geographic Township of Maidstone)

IN THE

COUNTY OF ESSEX • ONTARIO



MUNICIPALITY OF LAKESHORE

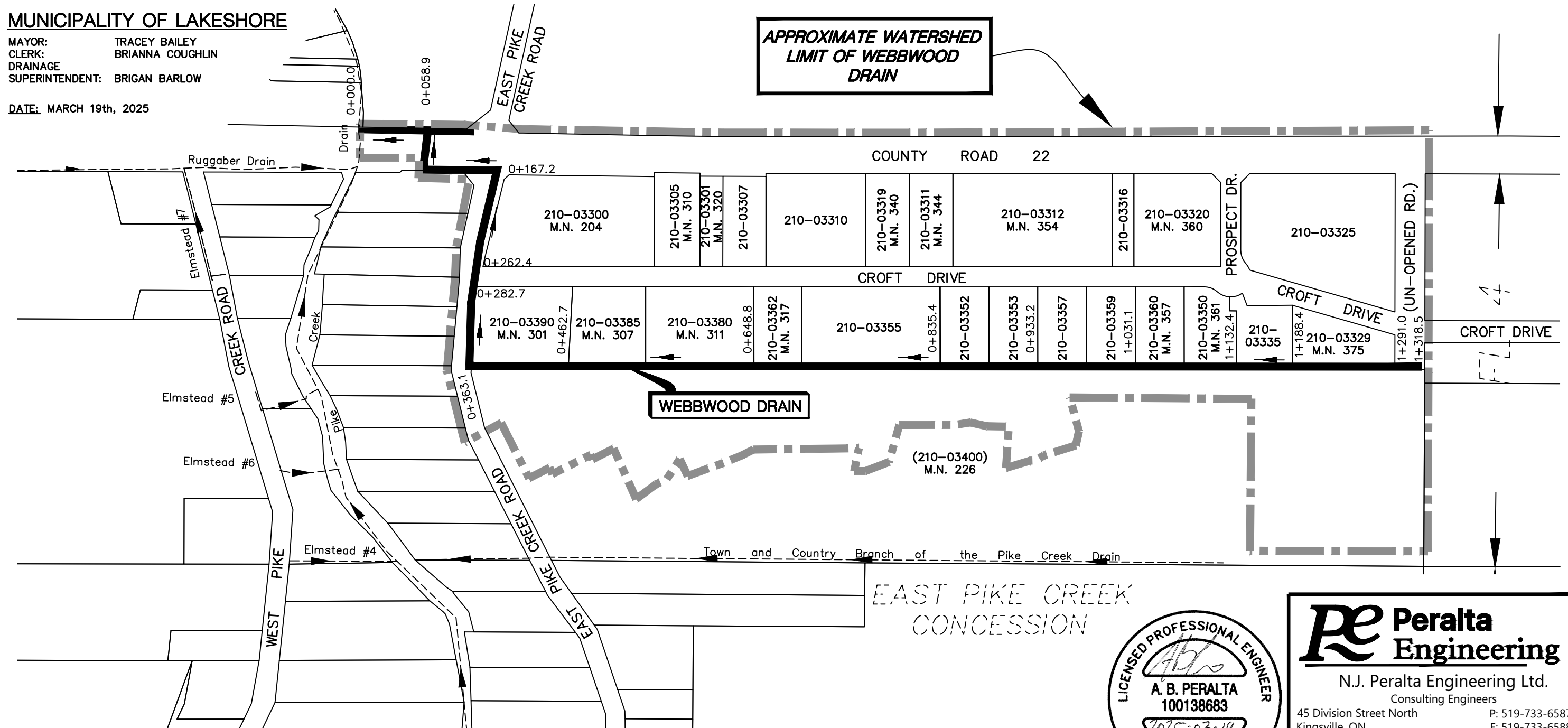
MAYOR: TRACEY BAILEY
CLERK: BRIANNA COUGHLIN
DRAINAGE SUPERINTENDENT: BRIGAN BARLOW

DATE: MARCH 19th, 2025

ROLL INFORMATION

210-03300 Heligear Canada Acquisition Corporation
210-03301 EcoDevelopments Windsor Inc.
210-03305 EcoDevelopments Inc.
210-03307 Ostar Holdings Inc.
210-03310 James Sylvestre Developments Ltd.
210-03311 Nadwell Land Developments Ltd.
210-03312 On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.
210-03316 1670313 Ontario Ltd.
210-03319 Deco Investments Inc.
210-03320 1670313 Ontario Ltd.
210-03325 James Sylvestre Developments
210-03329 Lakeshore Business Centre Ltd.
210-03335 Town of Lakeshore

210-03350 MDK Industries
210-03352 On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.
210-03353 On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.
210-03355 1000264038 Ontario Inc
210-03357 On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.
210-03359 Eissa Holdings Inc
210-03360 Mrkalj Holding Corp. Trustee
210-03362 James Dorner
210-03380 James Sylvestre Developments
210-03385 307 Croft Drive ULC
210-03390 EcoDevelopments - 2015 Inc
210-03400 Town & Country Communities Ltd.



WATERSHED PLAN

Scale = 1:4,000



Peralta Engineering
N.J. Peralta Engineering Ltd.
Consulting Engineers
45 Division Street North Kingsville, ON N9Y 1E1 Canada
P: 519-733-6587
F: 519-733-6588
peraltaengineering.com

FILE No.: D22-094	DRAWN BY: D.N.P. DESIGNED BY: A.B.P. CHECKED BY: A.B.P.	SHEET No.: 1 OF 1
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APPENDIX "C"

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APPENDIX C-1

Future Maintenance Schedule
Entire Drain
(Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)

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FUTURE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT

For Flushing and Cleaning Only

Entire Drain (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)

3. MUNICIPAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
East Pike Creek Road			1.80	0.728	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 526.00	\$ 425.00	\$ 951.00	
Croft Drive			5.00	2.023	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 487.00	\$ 1,220.00	\$ 1,707.00	
Prospect Drive			0.49	0.198	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 48.00	\$ 120.00	\$ 168.00	
Un-Opened Road			1.28	0.518	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 125.00	\$ 312.00	\$ 437.00	
County Road 22			10.38	4.201	County of Essex	\$ 3,031.00	\$ 2,740.00	\$ 5,771.00	
Total on Municipal Lands.....							\$ 4,217.00	\$ 4,817.00	\$ 9,034.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03300	EPC	4	3.65	1.477	Heligear Canada Acquisition Corporation	\$ 355.00	\$ 148.00	\$ 503.00	
210-03301	EPC	4	0.51	0.206	EcoDevelopments Windsor Inc.	\$ 50.00	\$ 21.00	\$ 71.00	
210-03305	EPC	4	1.06	0.429	EcoDevelopments Inc.	\$ 103.00	\$ 43.00	\$ 146.00	
210-03307	EPC	4	0.97	0.393	Ostar Holdings Inc.	\$ 94.00	\$ 39.00	\$ 133.00	
210-03311	EPC	4	1.00	0.405	Nadwell Land Developments Ltd.	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00	
210-03312	EPC	4	3.70	1.497	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 360.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 510.00	
210-03316	EPC	4	0.49	0.198	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ 48.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 68.00	
210-03319	EPC	4	1.00	0.405	Deco Investments Inc.	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00	
210-03320	EPC	4	2.00	0.809	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ 195.00	\$ 81.00	\$ 276.00	
210-03329	EPC	4	1.26	0.510	Lakeshore Business Centre Ltd.	\$ 123.00	\$ 51.00	\$ 174.00	

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS: Continued

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03335	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	Town of Lakeshore	\$ 91.00	\$ 38.00	\$ 129.00
210-03350	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	MDK Industries	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03352	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 91.00	\$ 38.00	\$ 129.00
210-03353	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03355	EPC	4	2.82	2.82	1.141	1000264038 Ontario Inc	\$ 275.00	\$ 115.00	\$ 390.00
210-03357	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03359	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Eissa Holdings Inc.	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03360	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Mirkalij Holding Corp. Trustee	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03362	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	James Dorner	\$ 97.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 138.00
210-03380	EPC	4	2.23	2.23	0.902	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ 217.00	\$ 91.00	\$ 308.00
210-03385	EPC	4	1.54	1.54	0.623	307 Croft Drive ULC	\$ 150.00	\$ 63.00	\$ 213.00
210-03390	EPC	4	1.99	1.99	0.805	EcoDevelopments - 2015 Inc.	\$ 194.00	\$ 81.00	\$ 275.00
210-03400	EPC	4	44.49	20.59	8.333	Town & Country Communities Ltd.	\$ 2,004.00	\$ 3,601.00	\$ 5,605.00
Total on Privately Owned - Non-Agricultural Lands.....							\$ 5,126.00	\$ 4,908.00	\$ 10,034.00

5. PRIVATELY OWNED - AGRICULTURAL LANDS (grantable):

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03310	EPC	4	2.33	2.33	0.943	James Sylvestre Developments Ltd.	\$ 227.00	\$ 95.00	\$ 322.00
210-03325	EPC	4	4.42	4.42	1.789	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ 430.00	\$ 180.00	\$ 610.00
Total on Privately Owned - Agricultural Lands (grantable).....							\$ 657.00	\$ 275.00	\$ 932.00
TOTAL ASSESSMENT			78.37	31.716			\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 20,000.00

1 Hectare = 2.471 Acres

APPENDIX C-2

Future Maintenance Schedule Downstream Section (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)

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FUTURE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT

For Flushing and Cleaning Only

Downstream Section (Station 0+058.9 to Station 0+240.9)

3. MUNICIPAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
East Pike Creek Road				1.80	0.728	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 632.00	\$ 170.00	\$ 802.00
Croft Drive			5.00	2.023		Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 175.00	\$ 488.00	\$ 663.00
Prospect Drive			0.49	0.198		Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 48.00	\$ 48.00
Un-Opened Road			1.28	0.518		Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 125.00	\$ 125.00
County Road 22			10.38	4.201		County of Essex	\$ 3,642.00	\$ 1,101.00	\$ 4,743.00
Total on Municipal Lands.....							\$ 4,449.00	\$ 1,932.00	\$ 6,381.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03300	EPC	4	3.65	3.65	1.477	Heligear Canada Acquisition Corporation	\$ 427.00	\$ 59.00	\$ 486.00
210-03301	EPC	4	0.51	0.51	0.206	EcoDevelopments Windsor Inc.	\$ 60.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 68.00
210-03305	EPC	4	1.06	1.06	0.429	EcoDevelopments Inc.	\$ 124.00	\$ 17.00	\$ 141.00
210-03307	EPC	4	0.97	0.97	0.393	Ostar Holdings Inc.	\$ 113.00	\$ 16.00	\$ 129.00
210-03311	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Nadwell Land Developments Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03312	EPC	4	3.70	3.70	1.497	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 60.00	\$ 60.00
210-03316	EPC	4	0.49	0.49	0.198	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 8.00	\$ 8.00
210-03319	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Deco Investments Inc.	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03320	EPC	4	2.00	2.00	0.809	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 33.00	\$ 33.00
210-03329	EPC	4	1.26	1.26	0.510	Lakeshore Business Centre Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 20.00	\$ 20.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS: Continued

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03335	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	Town of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
210-03350	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	MDK Industries	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03352	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
210-03353	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03355	EPC	4	2.82	2.82	1.141	1000264038 Ontario Inc	\$ 82.00	\$ 46.00	\$ 128.00
210-03357	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03359	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Eissa Holdings Inc.	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03360	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Mrkajj Holding Corp. Trustee	\$ -	\$ 16.00	\$ 16.00
210-03362	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	James Dorner	\$ 105.00	\$ 16.00	\$ 121.00
210-03380	EPC	4	2.23	2.23	0.902	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ 235.00	\$ 36.00	\$ 271.00
210-03385	EPC	4	1.54	1.54	0.623	307 Croft Drive ULC	\$ 162.00	\$ 25.00	\$ 187.00
210-03390	EPC	4	1.99	1.99	0.805	EcoDevelopments - 2015 Inc.	\$ 175.00	\$ 32.00	\$ 207.00
210-03400	EPC	4	44.49	20.59	8.333	Town & Country Communities Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 1,440.00	\$ 1,440.00
Total on Privately Owned - Non-Agricultural Lands.....							\$ 1,483.00	\$ 1,958.00	\$ 3,441.00

5. PRIVATELY OWNED - AGRICULTURAL LANDS (grantable):

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03310	EPC	4	2.33	2.33	0.943	James Sylvestre Developments Ltd.	\$ 68.00	\$ 38.00	\$ 106.00
210-03325	EPC	4	4.42	4.42	1.789	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ -	\$ 72.00	\$ 72.00
Total on Privately Owned - Agricultural Lands (grantable).....							\$ 68.00	\$ 110.00	\$ 178.00
TOTAL ASSESSMENT			78.37	31.716			\$ 6,000.00	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 10,000.00

1 Hectare = 2.471 Acres

APPENDIX C-3

Future Maintenance Schedule Upstream Section (Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5)

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FUTURE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT

For Flushing and Cleaning Only

Upstream Section (Station 0+240.9 to Station 1+318.5)

3. MUNICIPAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
East Pike Creek Road			0.49	0.49	0.198	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 1,625.00	\$ 26.00	\$ 1,651.00
Croft Drive			3.59	3.59	1.453	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 187.00	\$ 187.00
Prospect Drive			0.49	0.49	0.198	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ -	\$ 25.00	\$ 25.00
Un-Opened Road			1.28	1.28	0.518	Municipality of Lakeshore	\$ 236.00	\$ 67.00	\$ 303.00
Total on Municipal Lands.....							\$ 1,861.00	\$ 305.00	\$ 2,166.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS:

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03311	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Nadwell Land Developments Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
210-03312	EPC	4	3.70	3.70	1.497	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 110.00	\$ 110.00
210-03316	EPC	4	0.49	0.49	0.198	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 15.00	\$ 15.00
210-03319	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Deco Investments Inc.	\$ -	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
210-03320	EPC	4	2.00	2.00	0.809	1670313 Ontario Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 59.00	\$ 59.00
210-03329	EPC	4	1.26	1.26	0.510	Lakeshore Business Centre Ltd.	\$ 282.00	\$ 41.00	\$ 323.00
210-03335	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	Town of Lakeshore	\$ 180.00	\$ 29.00	\$ 209.00
210-03350	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	MDK Industries	\$ 168.00	\$ 31.00	\$ 199.00
210-03352	EPC	4	0.93	0.93	0.376	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 169.00	\$ 29.00	\$ 198.00
210-03353	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 169.00	\$ 31.00	\$ 200.00

4. PRIVATELY OWNED - NON-AGRICULTURAL LANDS: *Continued*

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03355	EPC	4	2.82	2.01	0.813	1000264038 Ontario Inc	\$ 521.00	\$ 62.00	\$ 583.00
210-03357	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	On the Green Indoor Golf Ltd.	\$ 169.00	\$ 31.00	\$ 200.00
210-03359	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Eissa Holdings Inc.	\$ 175.00	\$ 31.00	\$ 206.00
210-03360	EPC	4	1.00	1.00	0.405	Mirkaj Holding Corp. Trustee	\$ 157.00	\$ 31.00	\$ 188.00
210-03362	EPC	4	1.00	0.05	0.020	James Dorner	\$ 187.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 190.00
210-03380	EPC	4	2.23	0.12	0.049	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ 385.00	\$ 7.00	\$ 392.00
210-03385	EPC	4	1.54	0.09	0.036	307 Croft Drive ULC	\$ 275.00	\$ 5.00	\$ 280.00
210-03390	EPC	4	1.99	0.57	0.231	EcoDevelopments - 2015 Inc.	\$ 344.00	\$ 8.00	\$ 352.00
210-03400	EPC	4	44.49	20.59	8.333	Town & Country Communities Ltd.	\$ 1,958.00	\$ 1,944.00	\$ 3,902.00
Total on Privately Owned - Non-Agricultural Lands.....							\$ 5,139.00	\$ 2,527.00	\$ 7,666.00

5. PRIVATELY OWNED - AGRICULTURAL LANDS (grantable):

Tax Roll Number	Con. or Plan Number	Lot or Part of Lot	Acres Owned	Acres Affected	Hectares Affected	Owner's Name	Value of Benefit	Value of Outlet	TOTAL VALUE
210-03310	EPC	4	2.33	1.26	0.510	James Sylvestre Developments Ltd.	\$ -	\$ 37.00	\$ 37.00
210-03325	EPC	4	4.42	4.42	1.789	James Sylvestre Developments	\$ -	\$ 131.00	\$ 131.00
Total on Privately Owned - Agricultural Lands (grantable).....							\$ -	\$ 168.00	\$ 168.00
TOTAL ASSESSMENT							\$ 7,000.00	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 10,000.00

1 Hectaire = 2.471 Acres